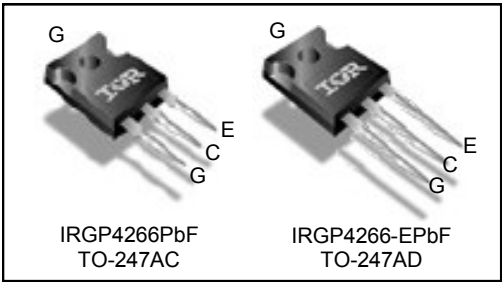
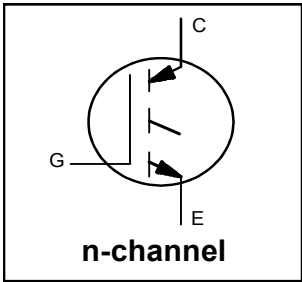


Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor

$V_{CES} = 650V$
$I_C = 90A, T_C = 100^\circ C$
$t_{SC} \geq 5.5\mu s, T_{J(max)} = 175^\circ C$
$V_{CE(ON)} \text{ typ.} = 1.7V @ I_C = 75A$



G	C	E
Gate	Collector	Emitter

Applications

- Industrial Motor Drive
- Inverters
- UPS
- Welding

Features	→	Benefits
Low $V_{CE(ON)}$ and switching Losses		High efficiency in a wide range of applications and switching frequencies
Square RBSOA and Maximum Junction Temperature 175°C		Improved reliability due to rugged hard switching performance and higher power capability
Positive $V_{CE(ON)}$ Temperature Coefficient		Excellent current sharing in parallel operation
5.5µs short circuit SOA		Enables short circuit protection scheme
Lead-Free, RoHS compliant		Environmentally friendly

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRGP4266PbF	TO-247AC	Tube	25	IRGP4266PbF
IRGP4266-EPbF	TO-247AD	Tube	25	IRGP4266-EPbF

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	650	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	140	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	90	
I_{CM}	Pulse Collector Current, $V_{GE}=20V$	300	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current, $V_{GE}=20V$ ①	300	
V_{GE}	Continuous Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	±20	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	450	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	230	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-40 to +175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.		
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf·in (1.1 N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case ②	—	—	0.33	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	40	—	

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V _{(BR)CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	650	—	—	V	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 100μA ③
ΔV _{(BR)CES} /ΔT _J	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	570	—	mV/°C	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 1.0mA (25°C-175°C)
V _{CE(on)}	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.7	2.1	V	I _C = 75A, V _{GE} = 15V, T _J = 25°C
		—	2.1	—		I _C = 75A, V _{GE} = 15V, T _J = 175°C
V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	5.5	—	7.7	V	V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 2.1mA
ΔV _{GE(th)} /ΔT _J	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-22	—	mV/°C	V _{CE} =V _{GE} , I _C = 2.1mA (25°C - 175°C)
g _{fe}	Forward Transconductance	—	43	—	S	V _{CE} = 50V, I _C = 75A, PW = 20μs
I _{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	1.0	25	μA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 650V
		—	1.1	—	mA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 650V, T _J = 175°C
I _{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	V _{GE} = ±20V

Switching Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.④	Units	Conditions
Q _g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	140	210	nC	I _C = 75A V _{GE} = 15V V _{CC} = 400V
Q _{ge}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	40	60		
Q _{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	60	90		
E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	3.2	4.2	mJ	I _C = 75A, V _{CC} = 400V, V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 10Ω, L = 200μH, T _J = 25°C Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery ⑤⑥
E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1.7	2.6		
E _{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	4.9	6.8		
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On delay time	—	80	95	ns	Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery ⑤⑥
t _r	Rise time	—	85	105		
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off delay time	—	200	220		
t _f	Fall time	—	40	55		
E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	4.6	—		
E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	2.4	—	mJ	I _C = 75A, V _{CC} = 400V, V _{GE} =15V R _G =10Ω, L=200μH, T _J = 175°C Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery ⑤⑥
E _{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	7.0	—		
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On delay time	—	60	—		
t _r	Rise time	—	95	—	ns	Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery ⑤⑥
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off delay time	—	205	—		
t _f	Fall time	—	60	—		
C _{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	4300	—	pF	V _{GE} = 0V V _{CC} = 30V f = 1.0Mhz
C _{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	230	—		
C _{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	120	—		
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				T _J = 175°C, I _C = 300A V _{CC} = 520V, V _p ≤ 650V R _g = 50Ω, V _{GE} = +20V to 0V
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	5.5	—	—	μs	T _J = 150°C, V _{CC} = 400V, V _p ≤ 600V R _g = 50Ω, V _{GE} = +15V to 0V

Notes:

- ① V_{CC} = 80% (V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, L = 50μH, R_G = 50Ω.
- ② R_θ is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C.
- ③ Refer to AN-1086 for guidelines for measuring V_{(BR)CES} safely.
- ④ Maximum limits are based on statistical sample size characterization.
- ⑤ Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ⑥ Values influenced by parasitic L and C in measurement.

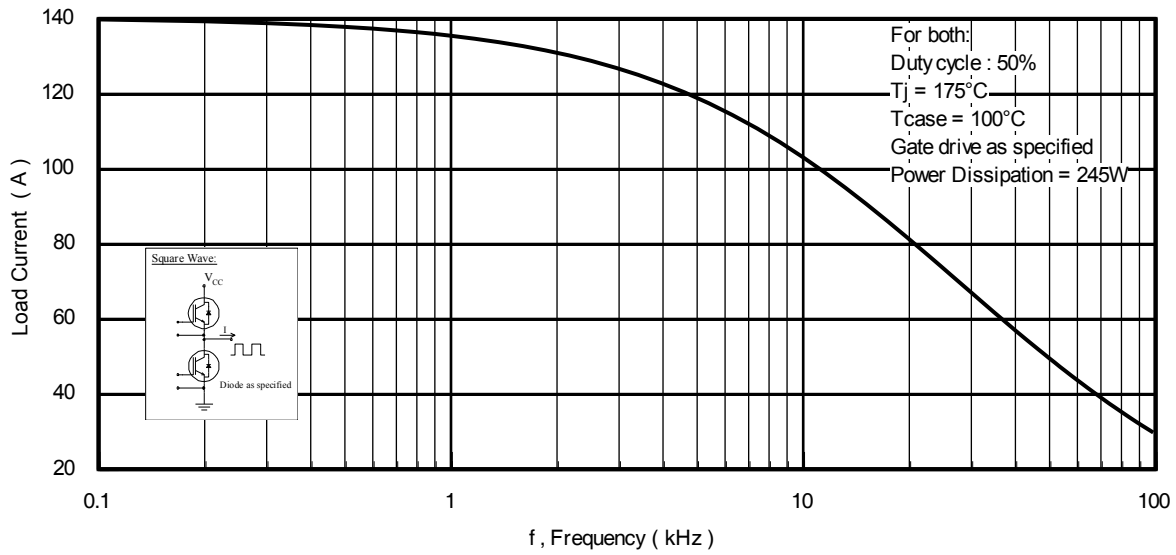


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

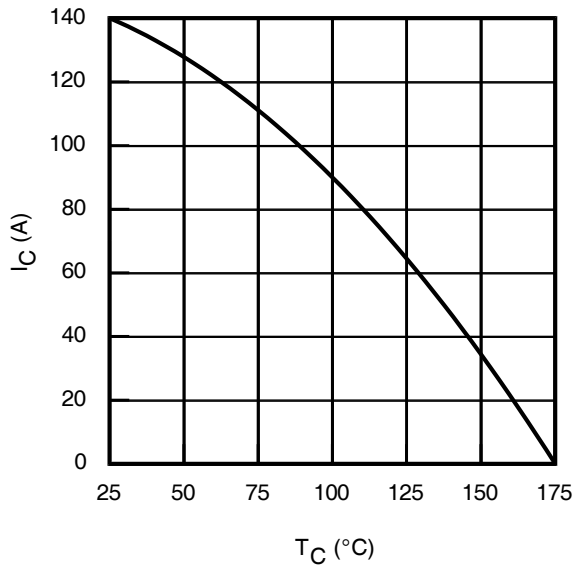


Fig. 2 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

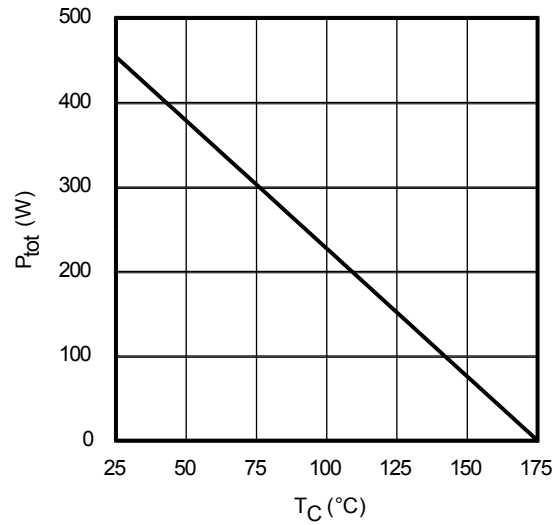


Fig. 3 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature

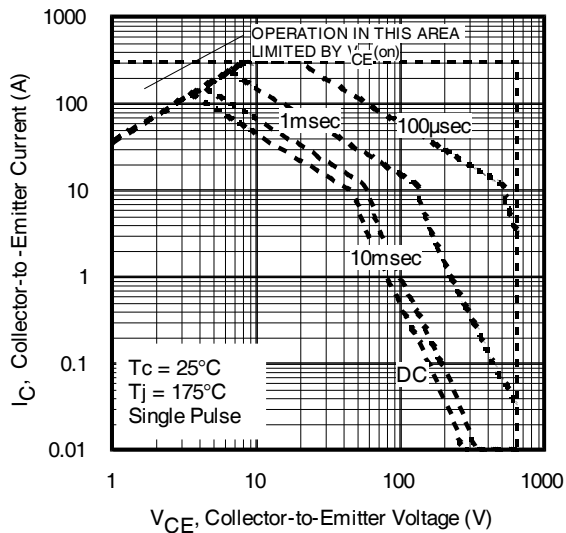


Fig. 4 - Forward SOA

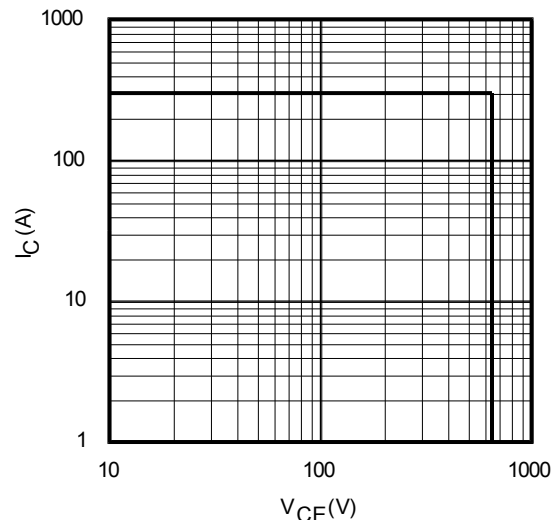


Fig. 5 - Reverse Bias SOA
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$

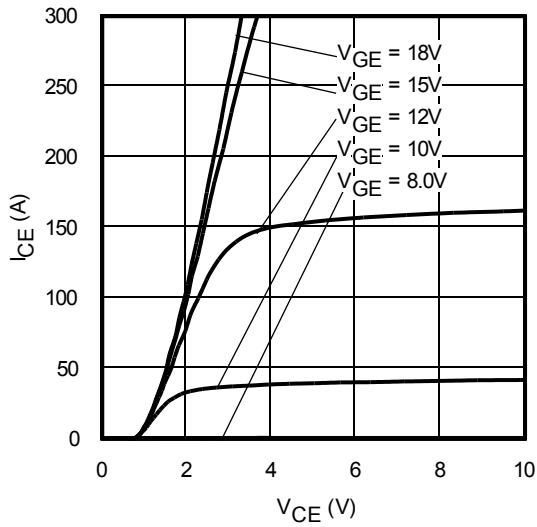


Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$

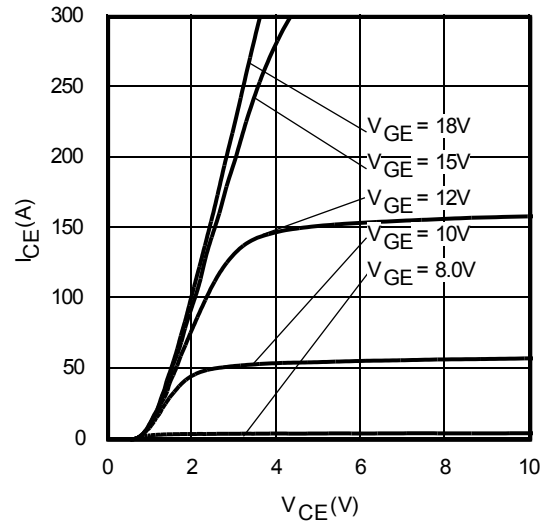


Fig. 7 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$

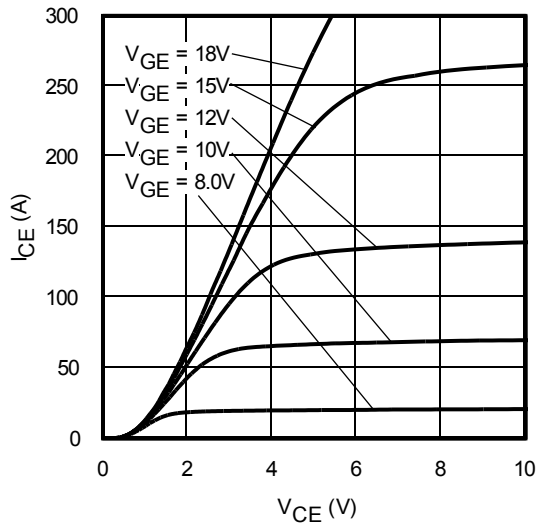


Fig. 8 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$

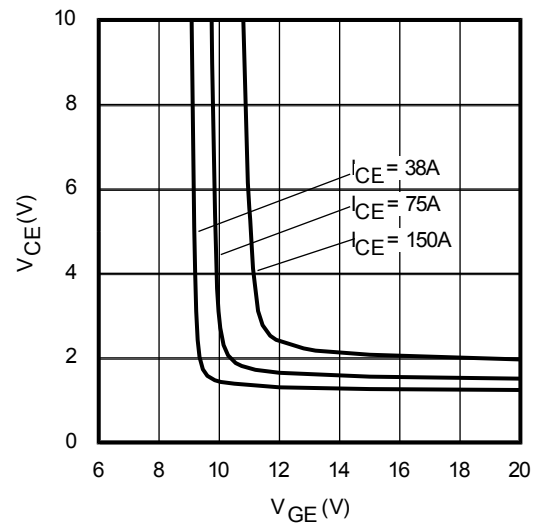


Fig. 9 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$

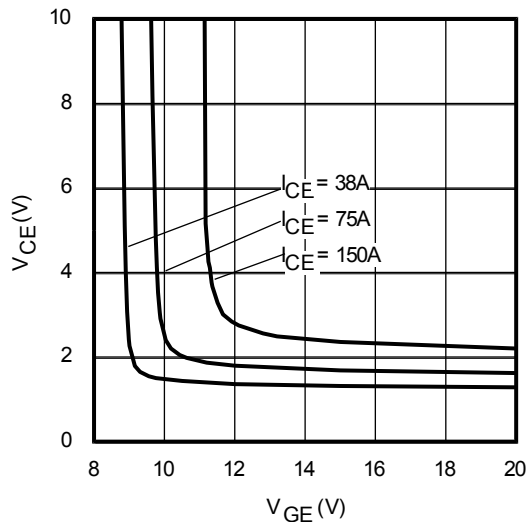


Fig. 10 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

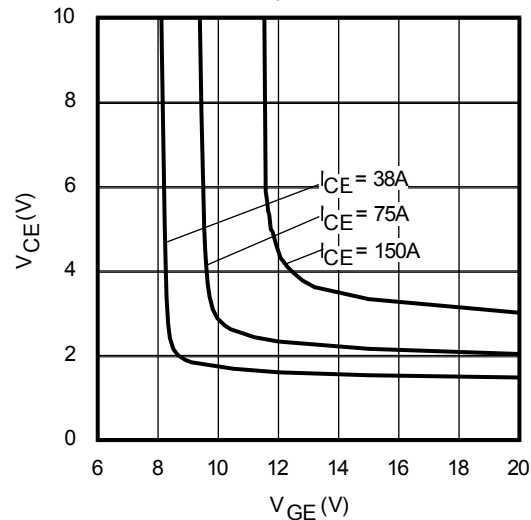


Fig. 11 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

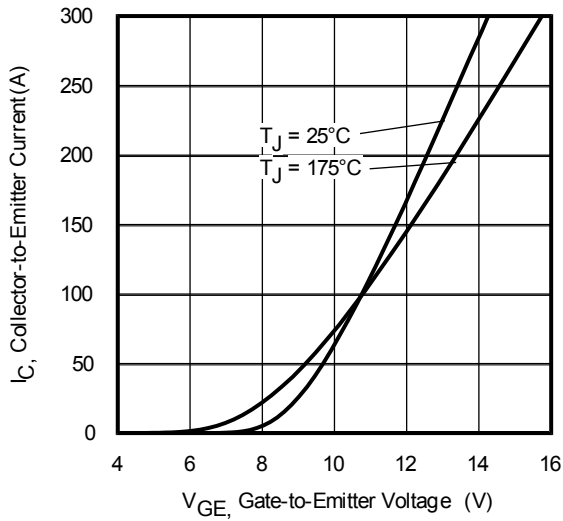


Fig. 12 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50V$; $t_p = 20\mu s$

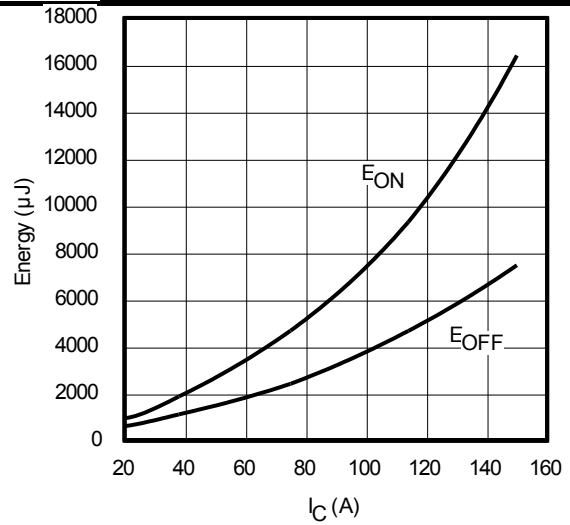


Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 175^\circ C$; $L = 200\mu H$; $V_{CE} = 400V$, $R_G = 10\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15V$

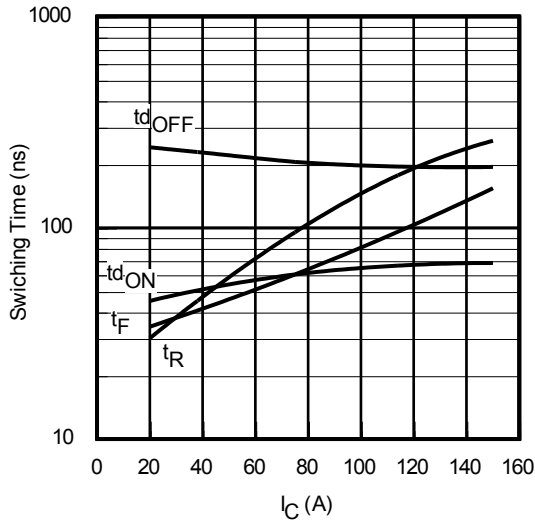


Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 175^\circ C$; $L = 200\mu H$; $V_{CE} = 400V$, $R_G = 10\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15V$

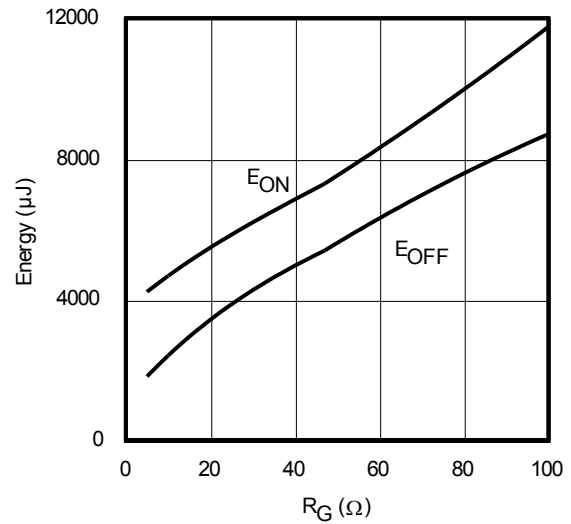


Fig. 15 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 175^\circ C$; $L = 200\mu H$; $V_{CE} = 400V$, $I_{CE} = 75A$; $V_{GE} = 15V$

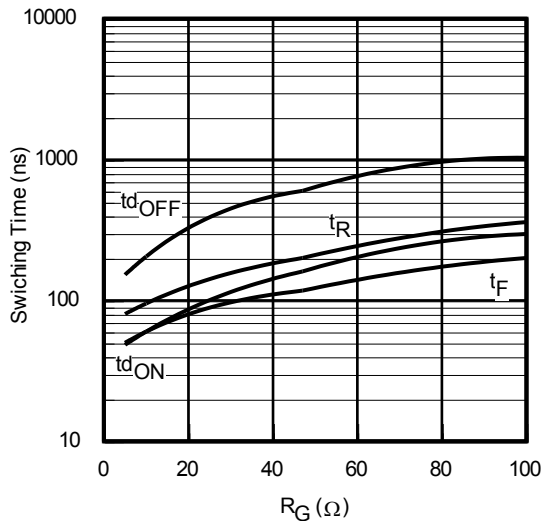


Fig. 16 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 175^\circ C$; $L = 200\mu H$; $V_{CE} = 400V$, $I_{CE} = 75A$; $V_{GE} = 15V$

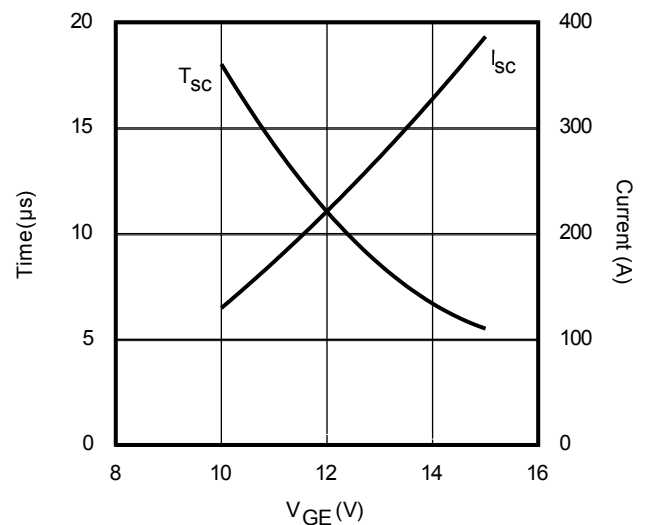
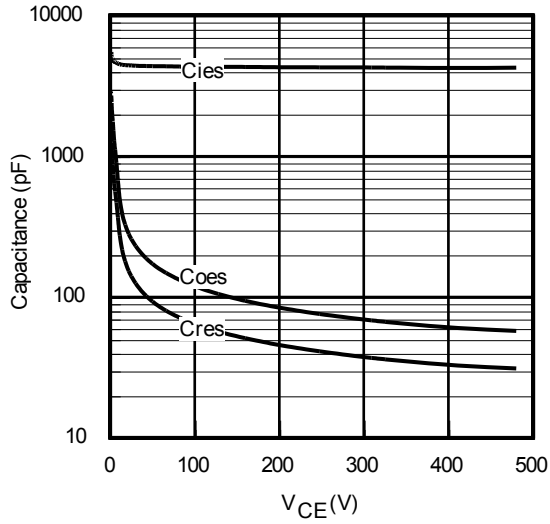
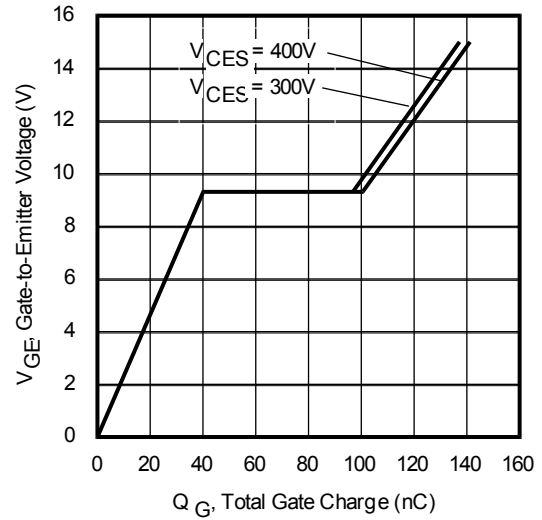
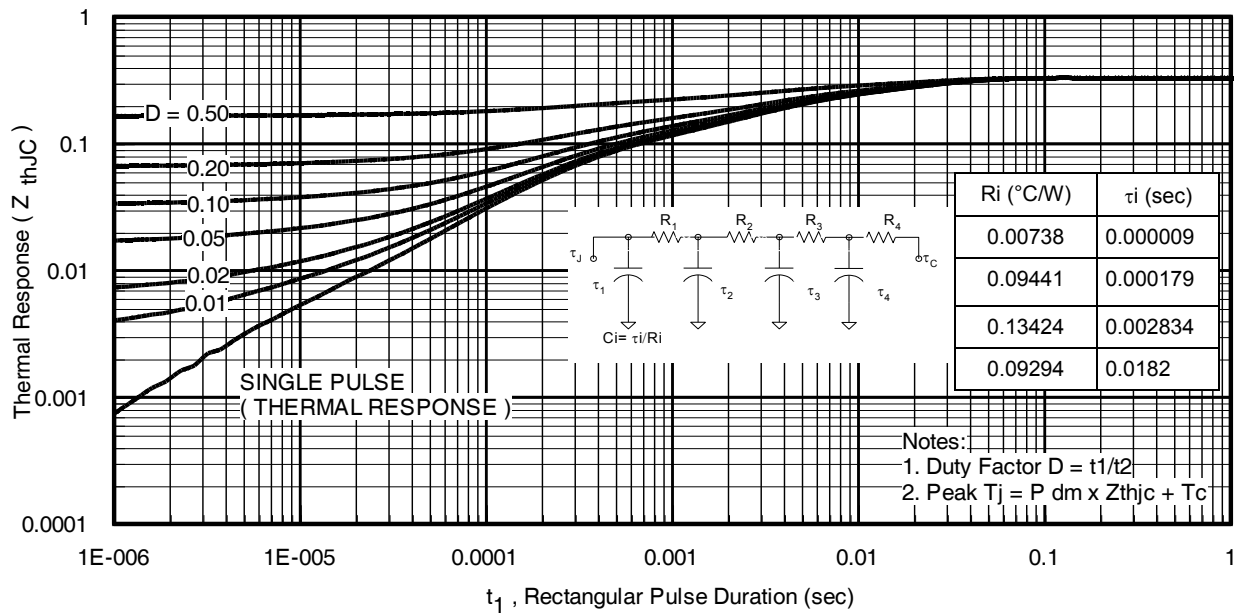
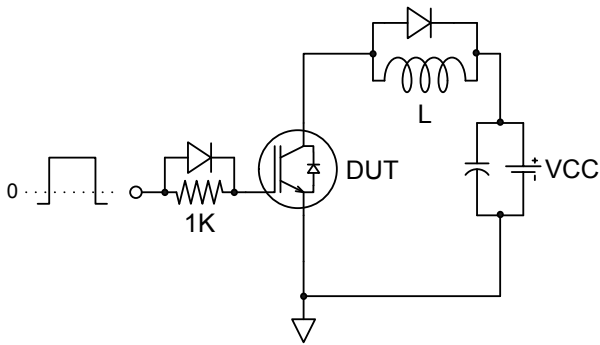
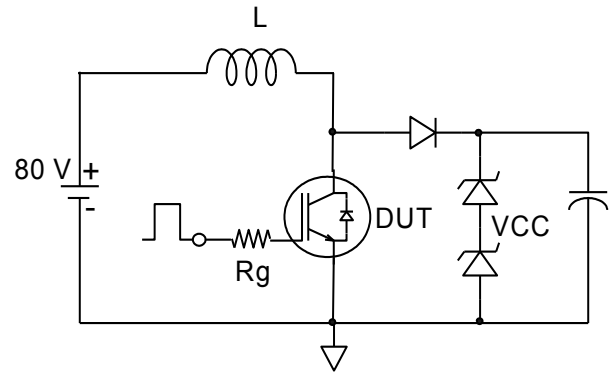
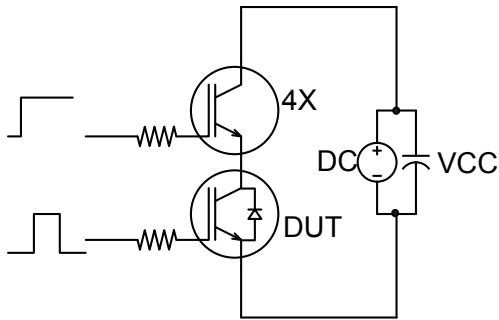
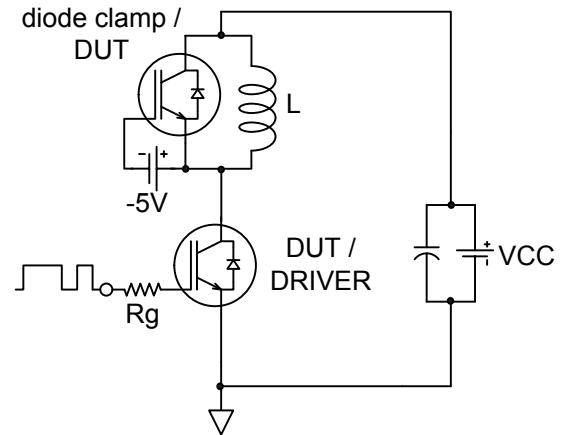
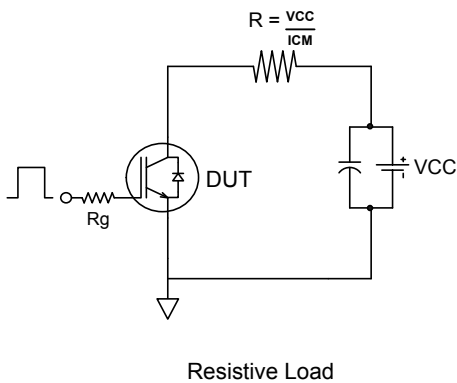
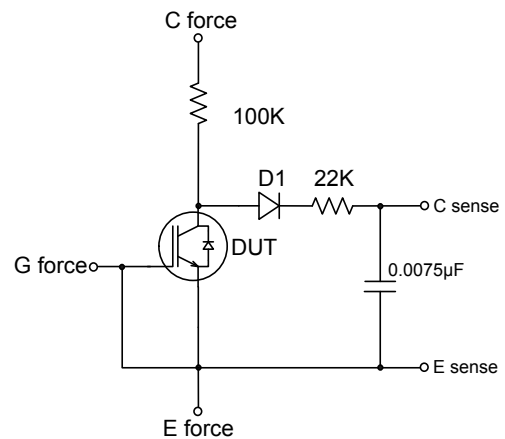


Fig. 17 - V_{GE} vs. Short Circuit Time
 $V_{CC} = 400V$; $T_C = 150^\circ C$


Fig. 18 - Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}

Fig. 19 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}

Fig 20. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

Fig.C.T.3 - S.C. SOA Circuit

Fig.C.T.4 - Switching Loss Circuit

Fig.C.T.5 - Resistive Load Circuit

Fig.C.T.6 - BVCES Filter Circuit

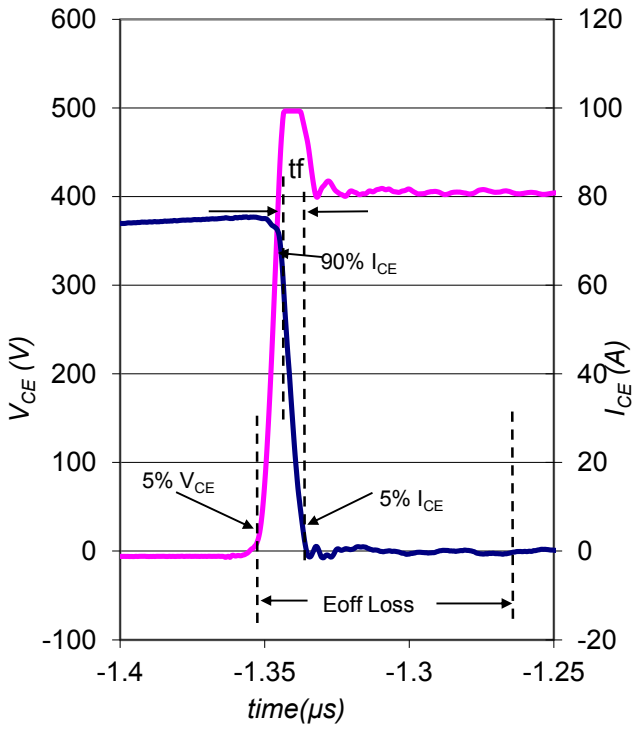


Fig. WF1 - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.3

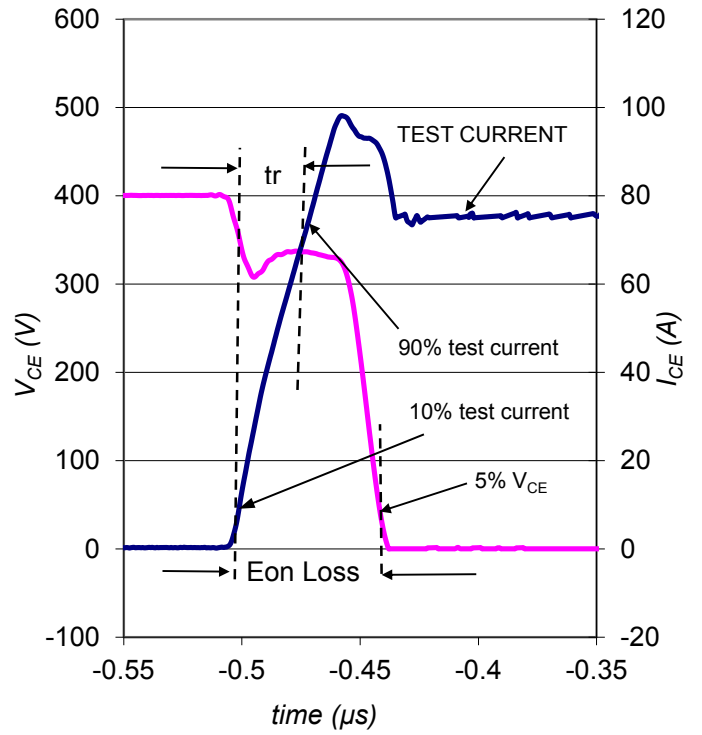


Fig. WF2 - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

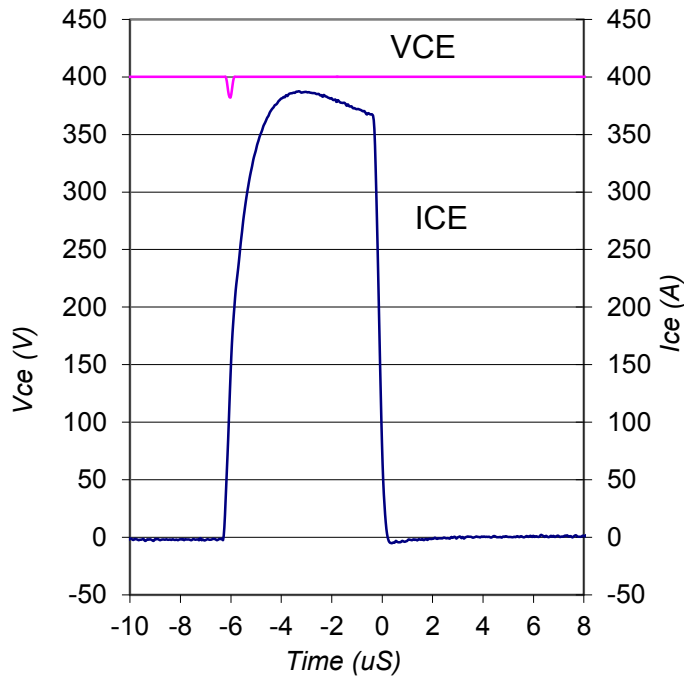
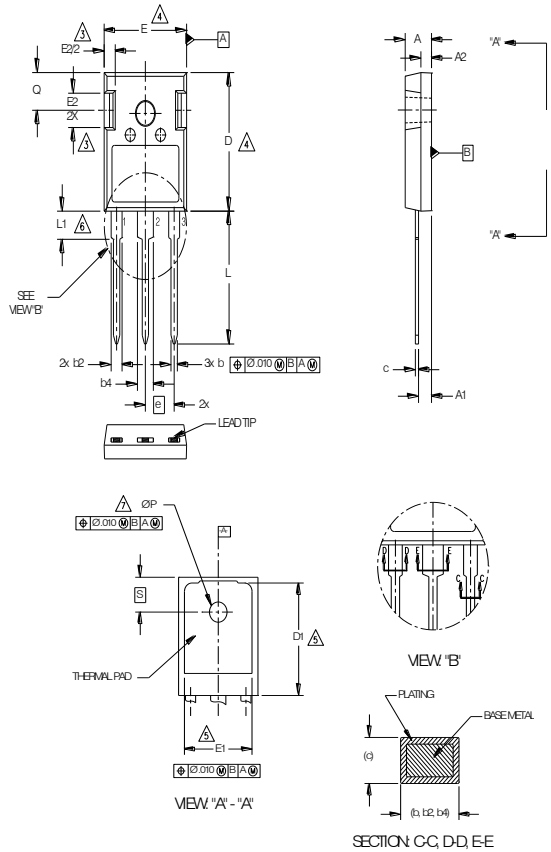


Fig. WF3 - Typ. S.C. Waveform
@ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.3

TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.190	.204	4.83	5.20	4 5 4
A1	.090	.100	2.29	2.54	
A2	.075	.085	1.91	2.16	
b	.042	.052	1.07	1.33	
b2	.075	.094	1.91	2.41	
b4	.113	.133	2.87	3.38	
c	.022	.026	0.55	0.68	
D	.819	.830	20.80	21.10	
D1	.640	.694	16.25	17.65	
E	.620	.635	15.75	16.13	
E1	.512	.570	13.00	14.50	
E2	.145	.196	3.68	5.00	
e	.215 Typical		5.45 Typical		
L	.780	.800	19.80	20.32	
L1	.161	.173	4.10	4.40	
Ø P	.138	.143	3.51	3.65	
Q	.216	.236	5.49	6.00	
S	.238	.248	6.04	6.30	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFEEET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

DIODES

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

NOTES:

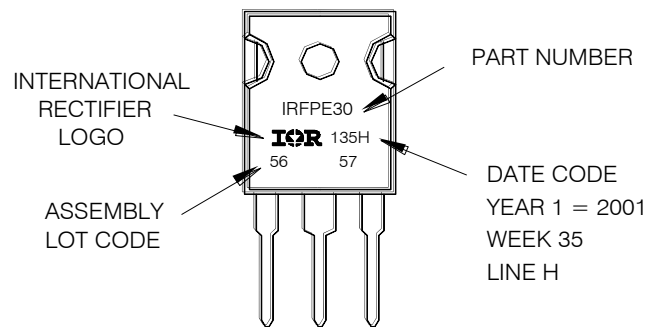
- 1 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
- 2 DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES AND MILLIMETERS.
- 3 CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
- 4 DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5 THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
- 6 LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 7 Ø P TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5 ° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.

TO-247AC Part Marking Information

Notes: This part marking information applies to devices produced after 02/26/2001

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30 WITH ASSEMBLY LOT CODE 5657 ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2001 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Qualification Information[†]

Qualification Level	Industrial [†] (per JEDEC JESD47F) ^{††}	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	TO-247AC	N/A
	TO-247AD	
RoHS Compliant	Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability/>

†† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

International
 Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 101N Sepulveda Blvd, El Segundo, California 90245, USA

Visit us at www.irf.com for sales contact information.