



■ Features :

- Universal AC input / Full range
- Protections: Short circuit / Overload / Over voltage / Over temperature
- Ultra-miniature size, light weight
- Cooling by free air convection
- Medical safety approved (2 x MOPP between primary to secondary)(Note.7)
- No load power consumption<0.75W
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Optional on-board type version available
- Fixed switching frequency at 90KHz
- High reliability
- 3 years warranty

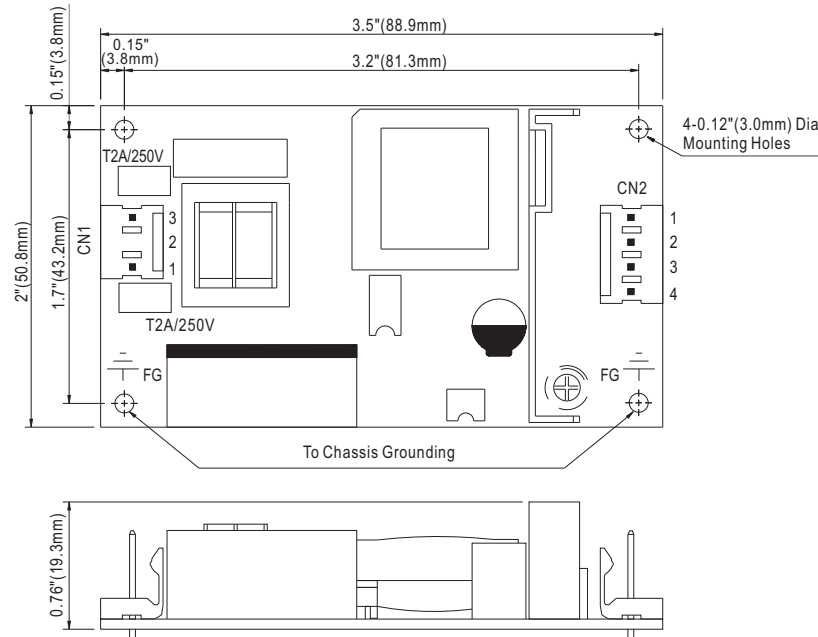


SPECIFICATION

MODEL		NFM-20-3.3	NFM-20-5	NFM-20-12	NFM-20-15	NFM-20-24
OUTPUT	DC VOLTAGE	3.3V	5V	12V	15V	24V
	RATED CURRENT	4.5A	4.4A	1.8A	1.4A	0.92A
	CURRENT RANGE	0 ~ 4.5A	0 ~ 4.4A	0 ~ 1.8A	0 ~ 1.4A	0 ~ 0.92A
	RATED POWER	14.85W	22W	21.6W	21W	22.08W
	RIPPLE & NOISE (max.) Note.2	80mVp-p	80mVp-p	150mVp-p	150mVp-p	240mVp-p
	VOLTAGE ADJ. RANGE	3.1 ~ 3.6V	4.5 ~ 5.4V	10.8 ~ 13.2V	13.5 ~ 16.5V	21.6 ~ 26.4V
	VOLTAGE TOLERANCE Note.3	±2.0%	±2.0%	±1.0%	±1.0%	±1.0%
	LINE REGULATION	±1.0%	±1.0%	±0.5%	±0.5%	±0.5%
	LOAD REGULATION	±1.5%	±1.5%	±0.5%	±0.5%	±0.5%
	SETUP, RISE TIME	500ms, 20ms/230VAC 500ms, 20ms/115VAC at full load				
	HOLD UP TIME (Typ.)	50ms/230VAC 16ms/115VAC at full load				
INPUT	VOLTAGE RANGE	85 ~ 264VAC 120 ~ 370VDC				
	FREQUENCY RANGE	47 ~ 440Hz				
	EFFICIENCY (Typ.)	71%	75%	81%	83%	84%
	AC CURRENT (Typ.)	0.6A/115VAC 0.4A/230VAC				
	INRUSH CURRENT (Typ.)	COLD START 30A/115VAC 65A/230VAC				
	LEAKAGE CURRENT Note.6	Earth leakage current < 300 μ A/264VAC , Touch current < 100 μ A/264VAC				
PROTECTION	OVERLOAD	Above 105% rated output power Protection type : Hiccup mode, recovers automatically after fault condition is removed				
	OVER VOLTAGE	3.8 ~ 4.46V	5.75 ~ 6.75V	13.8 ~ 16.2V	17.25 ~ 20.25V	27.6 ~ 32.4V
	OVER TEMPERATURE Note.5	Tj 160°C typically (U1) detect on main control IC Protection type : Shut down o/p voltage, recovers automatically after temperature goes down				
	WORKING TEMP.	-20 ~ +60°C (Refer to "Derating Curve")				
ENVIRONMENT	WORKING HUMIDITY	20 ~ 90% RH non-condensing				
	STORAGE TEMP., HUMIDITY	-40 ~ +85°C, 10 ~ 95% RH				
	TEMP. COEFFICIENT	±0.03%/°C (0 ~ 50°C)				
	VIBRATION	10 ~ 500Hz, 2G 10min./1cycle, period for 60min. each along X, Y, Z axes				
SAFETY & EMC (Note 4)	SAFETY STANDARDS	ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1, TUV EN60601-1, IEC60601-1 approved				
	WITHSTAND VOLTAGE	I/P-O/P:4KVAC I/P-FG:2KVAC O/P-FG:1.5KVAC				
	ISOLATION RESISTANCE	I/P-O/P, I/P-FG, O/P-FG:100M Ohms / 500VDC / 25°C / 70% RH				
	EMC EMISSION	Compliance to EN55011(CISPR11), EN55022 (CISPR22) Class B, EN61000-3-2, -3				
	EMC IMMUNITY	Compliance to EN61000-4-2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 11, EN55024, EN60601-1-2, EN61204-3, medical level, criteria A				
OTHERS	MTBF	487.8Khrs min. MIL-HDBK-217F (25°C)				
	DIMENSION	89*51*19.3mm (L*W*H)				
	PACKING	0.09Kg; 105pcs/10.5Kg/0.97CUFT				
NOTE		1. All parameters NOT specially mentioned are measured at 230VAC input, rated load and 25°C of ambient temperature. 2. Ripple & noise are measured at 20MHz of bandwidth by using a 12" twisted pair-wire terminated with a 0.1uF & 47uF parallel capacitor. 3. Tolerance : includes set up tolerance, line regulation and load regulation. 4. The power supply is considered a component which will be installed into a final equipment. The final equipment must be re-confirmed that it still meets EMC directives. 5. The over temperature protection (OTP) is the built-in function of the control IC (U1). The activating level described above is based on the specification provided by the IC manufacturer. 6. Touch current was measured from primary input to DC output. 7. Suitable for BF application with appropriate system consideration.				

Mechanical Specification

Unit: inch(mm)



AC Input Connector (CN1) : Molex 41791-03 or equivalent

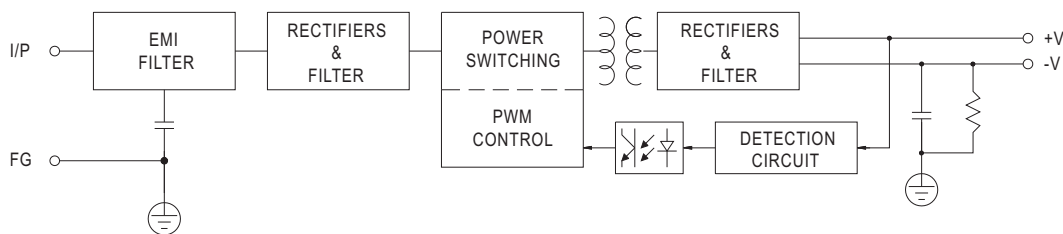
Pin No.	Assignment	Mating Housing	Terminal
1	AC/N	Molex 2139 or equivalent	Molex 2478 or equivalent
2	No Pin		
3	AC/L		

DC Output Connector (CN2) : Molex 41791-04 or equivalent

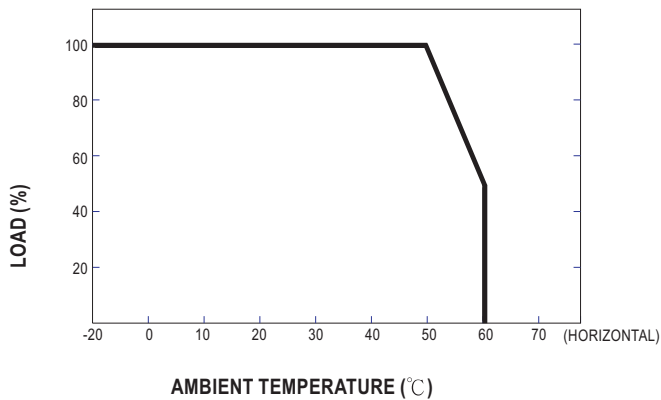
Pin No.	Assignment	Mating Housing	Terminal
1,2	+V	Molex 2139 or equivalent	Molex 2478 or equivalent
3,4	-V		

Block Diagram

fosc : 90KHz



Derating Curve



Output Derating VS Input Voltage

