

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## General Description

The MAX9867 is an ultra-low power stereo audio codec designed for portable consumer devices such as mobile phones and portable gaming consoles.

The device features stereo differential microphone inputs that can be connected to either analog or digital microphones. The single-ended line inputs, with configurable preamplifier, can be sent to the ADC for record or routed directly to the headphone amplifier for playback. An auxiliary ADC path can be used to track any DC voltage.

The stereo headphone amplifiers support differential, single-ended, and capacitorless output configurations. Using the capacitorless output configuration, the device can output 10mW into 32Ω headphones. Comprehensive click-and-pop circuitry suppresses audible clicks and pops during volume changes and startup or shutdown.

Utilizing Maxim's proprietary digital circuitry, the device can accept any available 10MHz to 60MHz system clock. This architecture eliminates the need for an external PLL and multiple crystal oscillators. The stereo ADC and DAC paths provide user-configurable voiceband or audioband digital filters. Voiceband filters provide extra attenuation at the GSM packet frequency and greater than 70dB stopband attenuation at  $f_s/2$ .

The MAX9867 operates from a single 1.8V supply, and supports a 1.65V to 3.6V logic level. An I<sup>2</sup>C 2-wire serial interface provides control for volume levels, signal mixing, and general operating modes.

The MAX9867 is available in a tiny 2.2mm x 2.7mm, 0.4mm-ball-pitch, WLP package. A 32-pin 5mm x 5mm TQFN package is also available.

## Features

- ◆ 1.8V Single-Supply Operation
- ◆ 6.7mW Playback Power Consumption
- ◆ 90dB Stereo DAC,  $8\text{kHz} \leq f_s \leq 48\text{kHz}$
- ◆ 85dB Stereo ADC,  $8\text{kHz} \leq f_s \leq 48\text{kHz}$
- ◆ Battery-Measurement Auxiliary ADC
- ◆ Support for Any Master Clock Between 10MHz to 60MHz
- ◆ Stereo Digital Microphone Input Support
- ◆ Stereo Analog Differential Microphone Inputs
- ◆ Stereo Headphone Amplifiers: Differential, Single-Ended, or Capacitorless
- ◆ Stereo Line Inputs
- ◆ Voiceband Filter with a Stopband Attenuation Greater than 70dB
- ◆ 1.65V to 3.6V Digital Interface Supply Voltage
- ◆ I<sup>2</sup>S/TDM-Compatible Digital Audio Bus
- ◆ 30-Bump, 2.2mm x 2.7mm 0.4mm-Pitch WLP

## Applications

Cell Phones  
Portable Gaming Devices  
Portable Navigation Devices  
Portable Multimedia Players  
Wireless Headsets

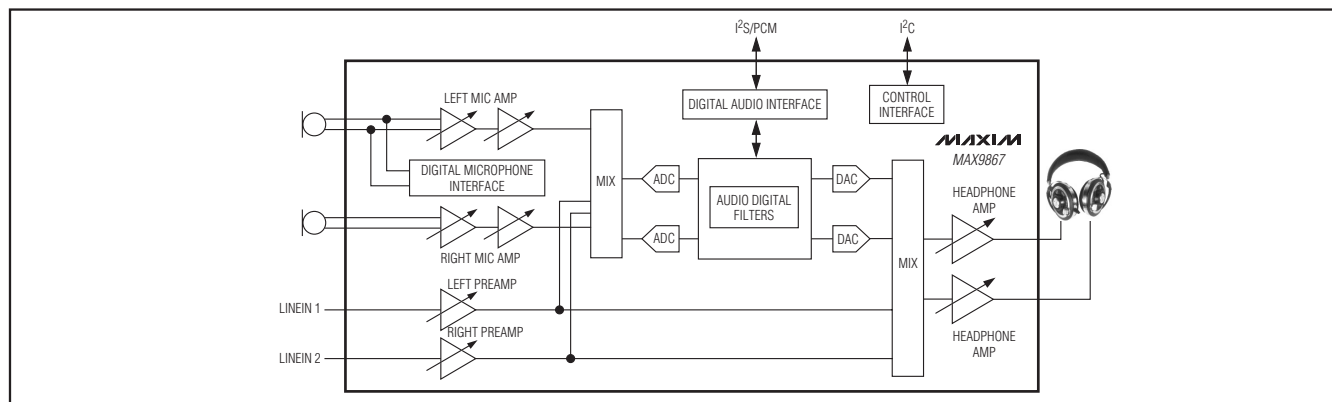
## Ordering Information

| PART        | TEMP RANGE     | PIN-PACKAGE |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| MAX9867EWV+ | -40°C to +85°C | 30 WLP      |
| MAX9867ETJ+ | -40°C to +85°C | 32 TQFN-EP* |

+Denotes lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

\*EP = Exposed pad.

## Simplified Block Diagram



# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Voltages with respect to AGND.)

|                                                                          |                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| DVDD, AVDD, and PVDD                                                     | .....-0.3V to +2V                   |
| DVDDIO                                                                   | .....-0.3V to +3.6V                 |
| DGND and PGND                                                            | .....-0.1V to +0.1V                 |
| PREG, REF, REG, MICBIAS                                                  | .....-0.3V to (AVDD + 0.3V)         |
| MCLK, LRCLK, BCLK                                                        |                                     |
| SDOUT, SDIN                                                              | .....-0.3V to (DVDDIO + 0.3V)       |
| SDA, SCL, I <sup>2</sup> C                                               | .....-0.3V to +3.6V                 |
| LOUTP, LOUTN, ROUTP, ROUTN                                               | .....(PGND - 0.3V) to (PVDD + 0.3V) |
| LINL, LINR, JACKSNS/AUX, MICLP/DIGMICDATA, MICLN/DIGMICCLK, MICRP, MICRN | .....-0.3V to (AVDD + 0.3V)         |

Continuous Power Dissipation (T<sub>A</sub> = +70°C)

|                                                                    |                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 30-Bump WLP (derate 12.5mW/°C above +70°C)                         | ....1000mW           |
| 32-Pin TQFN-EP (derate 34.5mW/°C above +70°C)                      | .2759mW              |
| Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> ) (Note 1) |                      |
| 30-Bump WLP                                                        | .....80°C/W          |
| 32-Pin TQFN-EP                                                     | .....29°C/W          |
| Operating Temp Range                                               | .....-40°C to +85°C  |
| Storage Temp Range                                                 | .....-65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature (TQFN only, 10s)                                  | .....+300°C          |
| Soldering Temperature (reflow)                                     | .....+260°C          |

**Note 1:** Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to [www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial](http://www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial).

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>AVDD</sub> = V<sub>PVDD</sub> = V<sub>DVDD</sub> = V<sub>DVDDIO</sub> = +1.8V, R<sub>L</sub> = ∞, headphone load (R<sub>L</sub>) connected between \_LOUTP and \_LOUTN in differential mode, C<sub>REF</sub> = 2.2μF, C<sub>MICBIAS</sub> = C<sub>PREG</sub> = C<sub>REG</sub> = 1μF, AV<sub>PRE</sub> = +20dB, AV<sub>PGAM</sub> = 0dB, AV<sub>DAC</sub> = 0dB, AV<sub>LINE</sub> = +20dB, AV<sub>VOL</sub> = 0dB, MCLK = 13MHz, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER               | SYMBOL           | CONDITIONS                                      |                         | MIN  | TYP   | MAX  | UNITS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Supply Voltage Range    |                  | PVDD, DVDD, AVDD                                |                         | 1.65 | 1.8   | 1.95 | V     |
|                         |                  | DVDDIO                                          |                         | 1.65 | 1.8   | 3.6  |       |
| Total Supply Current    | I <sub>VDD</sub> | Full-duplex 8kHz mono (voice mode) (Note 3)     | Analog (AVDD + PVDD)    |      | 4.65  | 7    | mA    |
|                         |                  |                                                 | Digital (DVDD + DVDDIO) |      | 0.96  | 1.5  |       |
|                         |                  | DAC playback 48kHz stereo (audio mode) (Note 3) | Analog (AVDD + PVDD)    |      | 3.28  | 5    |       |
|                         |                  |                                                 | Digital (DVDD + DVDDIO) |      | 1.40  | 2    |       |
|                         |                  | Full-duplex 48kHz stereo (audio mode) (Note 3)  | Analog (AVDD + PVDD)    |      | 8.0   | 12   |       |
|                         |                  |                                                 | Digital (DVDD + DVDDIO) |      | 2.0   | 3    |       |
|                         |                  | Stereo line-in only                             | Analog (AVDD + PVDD)    |      | 3.8   | 6    |       |
|                         |                  |                                                 | Digital (DVDD + DVDDIO) |      | 0.004 | 0.05 |       |
| Shutdown Supply Current |                  | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C                          | Analog (AVDD + PVDD)    |      | 1     | 5    | μA    |
|                         |                  |                                                 | Digital (DVDD + DVDDIO) |      | 1     | 5    |       |

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                 | SYMBOL             | CONDITIONS                                                                      |                                      | MIN                    | TYP | MAX | UNITS            |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|------------------|
| Shutdown to Full Operation                |                    | Excludes PLL lock time                                                          |                                      | 10                     |     |     | ms               |
| Soft-Start/-Stop Time                     |                    |                                                                                 |                                      | 10                     |     |     | ms               |
| DAC (Note 4)                              |                    |                                                                                 |                                      |                        |     |     |                  |
| Dynamic Range (Note 5)                    | DR                 | f <sub>S</sub> = 48kHz, AV <sub>VOL</sub> = 0dB, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C         | Master or slave mode                 | 90                     |     |     | dB               |
|                                           |                    |                                                                                 | Slave mode                           | 84                     |     |     |                  |
| Full-Scale Output                         |                    | V <sub>OLL</sub> /V <sub>OLR</sub> = 0x09                                       | Differential mode                    | 1                      |     |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
|                                           |                    |                                                                                 | Capacitorless and single-ended modes | 0.56                   |     |     |                  |
| Gain Error                                |                    | DC accuracy, measured with respect to full-scale output                         |                                      | 1                      | 5   |     | %                |
| Voice Path Phase Delay                    | P <sub>DLY</sub>   | f = 1kHz, 0dBFS, HP filter disabled, digital input to analog output             | f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz                | 1.2                    |     |     | ms               |
|                                           |                    |                                                                                 | f <sub>S</sub> = 16kHz               | 0.59                   |     |     |                  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                 | THD                | MCLK = 12.288MHz, f <sub>S</sub> = 48kHz, 0dBFS, measured at headphone outputs  |                                      | -80                    |     |     | dB               |
| DAC Attenuation Range                     | AV <sub>DAC</sub>  | DACA = 0xF to 0x0                                                               |                                      | -15                    |     | 0   | dB               |
| DAC Gain Adjust                           | AV <sub>GAIN</sub> | DACG = 00 to 11                                                                 |                                      | 0                      |     | +18 | dB               |
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio              | PSRR               | V <sub>AVDD</sub> = V <sub>PVDD</sub> = 1.65V to 1.95V                          |                                      | 60                     | 78  |     | dB               |
|                                           |                    | f = 217Hz, V <sub>RIPPLE</sub> = 100mV <sub>P-P</sub> , AV <sub>VOL</sub> = 0dB |                                      |                        | 78  |     |                  |
|                                           |                    | f = 1kHz, V <sub>RIPPLE</sub> = 100mV <sub>P-P</sub> , AV <sub>VOL</sub> = 0dB  |                                      |                        | 75  |     |                  |
|                                           |                    | f = 10kHz, V <sub>RIPPLE</sub> = 100mV <sub>P-P</sub> , AV <sub>VOL</sub> = 0dB |                                      |                        | 62  |     |                  |
| DAC VOICE MODE DIGITAL IIR LOWPASS FILTER |                    |                                                                                 |                                      |                        |     |     |                  |
| Passband Cutoff                           | f <sub>PLP</sub>   | With respect to f <sub>S</sub> within ripple; f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz to 48kHz    |                                      | 0.448 x f <sub>S</sub> |     |     | Hz               |
|                                           |                    | -3dB cutoff                                                                     |                                      | 0.451 x f <sub>S</sub> |     |     |                  |
| Passband Ripple                           |                    | f < f <sub>PLP</sub>                                                            |                                      | ±0.1                   |     |     | dB               |
| Stopband Cutoff                           | f <sub>SLP</sub>   | With respect to f <sub>S</sub> ; f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz to 48kHz                 |                                      | 0.476 x f <sub>S</sub> |     |     | Hz               |
| Stopband Attenuation                      |                    | f > f <sub>SLP</sub> , f = 20Hz to 20kHz                                        |                                      | 75                     |     |     | dB               |

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                              | SYMBOL      | CONDITIONS                                                      | MIN | TYP                    | MAX | UNITS |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----|-------|
| <b>DAC VOICE MODE DIGITAL 5th ORDER IIR HIGHPASS FILTER</b>                            |             |                                                                 |     |                        |     |       |
| 5th Order Passband Cutoff<br>(-3dB from Peak, I <sup>2</sup> C Register Programmable)  | $f_{DHPPB}$ | DVFLT = 0x1<br>(elliptical tuned for 16kHz GSM + 217Hz notch)   |     | 0.0161<br>$\times f_S$ |     | Hz    |
|                                                                                        |             | DVFLT = 0x2<br>(500Hz Butterworth tuned for 16kHz)              |     | 0.0312<br>$\times f_S$ |     |       |
|                                                                                        |             | DVFLT = 0x3<br>(elliptical tuned for 8kHz GSM + 217Hz notch)    |     | 0.0321<br>$\times f_S$ |     |       |
|                                                                                        |             | DVFLT = 0x4<br>(500Hz Butterworth tuned for 8kHz)               |     | 0.0625<br>$\times f_S$ |     |       |
|                                                                                        |             | DVFLT = 0x5<br>( $f_S/240$ Butterworth)                         |     | 0.0042<br>$\times f_S$ |     |       |
| 5th Order Stopband Cutoff<br>(-30dB from Peak, I <sup>2</sup> C Register Programmable) | $f_{DHPSB}$ | DVFLT = 0x1<br>(elliptical tuned for 16kHz GSM + 217Hz notch)   |     | 0.0139<br>$\times f_S$ |     | Hz    |
|                                                                                        |             | DVFLT = 0x2<br>(500Hz Butterworth tuned for 16kHz)              |     | 0.0156<br>$\times f_S$ |     |       |
|                                                                                        |             | DVFLT = 0x3<br>(elliptical tuned for 8kHz GSM + 217Hz notch)    |     | 0.0279<br>$\times f_S$ |     |       |
|                                                                                        |             | DVFLT = 0x4<br>(500Hz Butterworth tuned for 8kHz)               |     | 0.0312<br>$\times f_S$ |     |       |
|                                                                                        |             | DVFLT = 0x5<br>( $f_S/240$ Butterworth)                         |     | 0.0021<br>$\times f_S$ |     |       |
| DC Attenuation                                                                         | DCATTEN     | DVFLT $\neq$ 000                                                |     | 90                     |     | dB    |
| <b>DAC STEREO AUDIO MODE DIGITAL FIR LOWPASS FILTER</b>                                |             |                                                                 |     |                        |     |       |
| Passband Cutoff                                                                        | $f_{PLP}$   | With respect to $f_S$ within ripple;<br>$f_S = 8kHz$ to $48kHz$ |     | 0.43 $\times$<br>$f_S$ |     | Hz    |
|                                                                                        |             | -3dB cutoff                                                     |     | 0.47 $\times$<br>$f_S$ |     |       |
|                                                                                        |             | -6.02dB cutoff                                                  |     | 0.50 $\times$<br>$f_S$ |     |       |
| Passband Ripple                                                                        |             | $f < f_{PLP}$                                                   |     | $\pm 0.1$              |     | dB    |
| Stopband Cutoff                                                                        | $f_{SLP}$   | With respect to $f_S$ ; $f_S = 8kHz$ to $48kHz$                 |     | 0.58 $\times$<br>$f_S$ |     | Hz    |
| Stopband Attenuation                                                                   |             |                                                                 | 60  |                        |     | dB    |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                 | SYMBOL             | CONDITIONS                                                                      |                        | MIN                          | TYP | MAX              | UNITS |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----|------------------|-------|
| DAC STEREO AUDIO MODE DIGITAL DC BLOCKING HIGHPASS FILTER |                    |                                                                                 |                        |                              |     |                  |       |
| Passband Cutoff<br>(-3dB from Peak)                       | f <sub>DHPPB</sub> | DVFLT = 0x1                                                                     |                        | 0.000625<br>x f <sub>S</sub> |     | Hz               |       |
| DC Attenuation                                            | DCATTEN            | DVFLT = 0x1                                                                     |                        | 90                           |     | dB               |       |
| ADC (Note 6)                                              |                    |                                                                                 |                        |                              |     |                  |       |
| Dynamic Range (Note 5)                                    | DR                 | f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz, MODE = 0 (IIR voice)                                     |                        | 75                           | 84  | dB               |       |
|                                                           |                    | f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz to 48kHz, MODE = 1 (FIR audio)                            |                        | 85                           |     |                  |       |
| Full-Scale Input                                          |                    | Differential MIC input or stereo-line inputs,<br>AVPRE = 0dB, AVPGAM = 0dB      |                        | 1                            |     | V <sub>P-P</sub> |       |
| Gain Error (Note 7)                                       |                    | DC accuracy, measured with respect to<br>80% of full-scale output               |                        | 1                            | 5   | %                |       |
| Voice Path Phase Delay                                    | P <sub>DLY</sub>   | f = 1kHz, 0dBFS, HP<br>filter disabled,<br>analog input to<br>digital output    | f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz  | 1.2                          |     | ms               |       |
|                                                           |                    |                                                                                 | f <sub>S</sub> = 16kHz | 0.61                         |     |                  |       |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                                 | THD                | f = 1kHz, f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, 0dBFS                  |                        | -81                          | -70 | dB               |       |
| ADC Level Adjust Range                                    | AVADC              | AVL/AVR = 0xF to 0x0                                                            |                        | -12                          | +3  | dB               |       |
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio                              | PSRR               | V <sub>AVDD</sub> = 1.65V to 1.95V, input referred                              |                        | 60                           | 85  | dB               |       |
|                                                           |                    | f = 217Hz, V <sub>RIPPLE</sub> = 100mV, AVADC = 0dB,<br>input referred          |                        | 85                           |     |                  |       |
|                                                           |                    | f = 1kHz, V <sub>RIPPLE</sub> = 100mV, AVADC = 0dB,<br>input referred           |                        | 80                           |     |                  |       |
|                                                           |                    | f = 10kHz, V <sub>RIPPLE</sub> = 100mV, AVADC = 0dB,<br>input referred          |                        | 80                           |     |                  |       |
| ADC VOICE MODE DIGITAL IIR LOWPASS FILTER                 |                    |                                                                                 |                        |                              |     |                  |       |
| Passband Cutoff                                           | f <sub>PLP</sub>   | With respect to f <sub>S</sub> within ripple;<br>f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz to 48kHz |                        | 0.445 x<br>f <sub>S</sub>    |     | Hz               |       |
|                                                           |                    | -3dB cutoff                                                                     |                        | 0.449 x<br>f <sub>S</sub>    |     |                  |       |
| Passband Ripple                                           |                    | f < f <sub>PLP</sub>                                                            |                        | ±0.1                         |     | dB               |       |
| Stopband Cutoff                                           | f <sub>SLP</sub>   | With respect to f <sub>S</sub> ; f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz to 48kHz                 |                        | 0.469 x<br>f <sub>S</sub>    |     | Hz               |       |
| Stopband Attenuation                                      |                    | f > f <sub>SLP</sub> , f = 20Hz to 20kHz                                        |                        | 74                           |     | dB               |       |

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                             | SYMBOL      | CONDITIONS                                                      | MIN | TYP                 | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-------|
| <b>ADC VOICE MODE DIGITAL 5th ORDER IIR HIGHPASS FILTER</b>                           |             |                                                                 |     |                     |     |       |
| 5th Order Passband Cutoff<br>(-3dB from Peak, I <sup>2</sup> C Register Programmable) | $f_{AHPPB}$ | AVFLT = 0x1<br>(elliptical tuned for 16kHz GSM + 217Hz notch)   |     | $0.0161 \times f_s$ |     | Hz    |
|                                                                                       |             | AVFLT = 0x2<br>(500Hz Butterworth tuned for 16kHz)              |     | $0.0312 \times f_s$ |     |       |
|                                                                                       |             | AVFLT = 0x3<br>(elliptical tuned for 8kHz GSM + 217Hz notch)    |     | $0.0321 \times f_s$ |     |       |
|                                                                                       |             | AVFLT = 0x4<br>(500Hz Butterworth tuned for 8kHz)               |     | $0.0625 \times f_s$ |     |       |
|                                                                                       |             | AVFLT = 0x5<br>( $f_s/240$ Butterworth)                         |     | $0.0042 \times f_s$ |     |       |
| Stopband Cutoff (-30dB from Peak)                                                     | $f_{AHPSB}$ | AVFLT = 0x1<br>(elliptical tuned for 16kHz GSM + 217Hz notch)   |     | $0.0139 \times f_s$ |     | Hz    |
|                                                                                       |             | AVFLT = 0x2<br>(500Hz Butterworth tuned for 16kHz)              |     | $0.0156 \times f_s$ |     |       |
|                                                                                       |             | AVFLT = 0x3<br>(elliptical tuned for 8kHz GSM + 217Hz notch)    |     | $0.0279 \times f_s$ |     |       |
|                                                                                       |             | AVFLT = 0x4<br>(500Hz Butterworth tuned for 8kHz)               |     | $0.0312 \times f_s$ |     |       |
|                                                                                       |             | AVFLT = 0x5<br>( $f_s/240$ Butterworth)                         |     | $0.0021 \times f_s$ |     |       |
| DC Attenuation                                                                        | DCATTEN     | AVFLT $\neq$ 000                                                |     | 90                  |     | dB    |
| <b>ADC STEREO AUDIO MODE DIGITAL FIR LOWPASS FILTER</b>                               |             |                                                                 |     |                     |     |       |
| Passband Cutoff                                                                       | $f_{PLP}$   | With respect to $f_s$ within ripple;<br>$f_s = 8kHz$ to $48kHz$ |     | $0.43 \times f_s$   |     | Hz    |
|                                                                                       |             | -3dB cutoff                                                     |     | $0.48 \times f_s$   |     |       |
|                                                                                       |             | -6.02dB cutoff                                                  |     | $0.5 \times f_s$    |     |       |
| Passband Ripple                                                                       |             | $f < f_{PLP}$                                                   |     | $\pm 0.1$           |     | dB    |
| Stopband Cutoff                                                                       | $f_{SLP}$   | With respect to $f_s$ ; $f_s = 8kHz$ to $48kHz$                 |     | $0.58 \times f_s$   |     | Hz    |
| Stopband Attenuation                                                                  |             | $f > f_{SLP}$ , $f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$                           | 60  |                     |     | dB    |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

MAX9867

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                 | SYMBOL              | CONDITIONS                                                |                                             | MIN                          | TYP   | MAX    | UNITS |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| ADC STEREO AUDIO MODE DIGITAL DC BLOCKING HIGHPASS FILTER |                     |                                                           |                                             |                              |       |        |       |
| Passband Cutoff<br>(-3dB from Peak)                       | f <sub>AHPPB</sub>  | AVFLT = 0x1                                               |                                             | 0.000625<br>x f <sub>S</sub> |       |        | Hz    |
| DC Attenuation                                            | DC <sub>ATTEN</sub> | AVFLT = 0x1                                               |                                             | 90                           |       |        | dB    |
| OUTPUT VOLUME CONTROL                                     |                     |                                                           |                                             |                              |       |        |       |
| Line Input to Output Volume<br>Control                    | AV <sub>VOL</sub>   | VOLL/VOLR = 0x00                                          |                                             | 14.55                        | 14.9  | 15.15  | dB    |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x01                                          |                                             | 14.1                         | 14.4  | 14.6   |       |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x02                                          |                                             | 13.6                         | 13.9  | 14.1   |       |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x04                                          |                                             | 12.6                         | 12.9  | 13.1   |       |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x08                                          |                                             | 9.35                         | 9.9   | 10.35  |       |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x10                                          |                                             | 0.35                         | 0.9   | 1.35   |       |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x20                                          |                                             | -50.15                       | -49.2 | -48.15 |       |
| Output Volume Control Step Size                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x00 to 0x06 (+6dB to +3dB)                   |                                             | 0.5                          |       |        | dB    |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x06 to 0x0F (+3dB to -6dB)                   |                                             | 1                            |       |        |       |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x0F to 0x17 (-6dB to -22dB)                  |                                             | 2                            |       |        |       |
|                                                           |                     | VOLL/VOLR = 0x17 to 0x3F (-22dB to mute)                  |                                             | 4                            |       |        |       |
| Output Volume Control Mute<br>Attenuation                 |                     | f = 1kHz                                                  |                                             | 100                          |       |        | dB    |
| HEADPHONE AMPLIFIER (Note 8)                              |                     |                                                           |                                             |                              |       |        |       |
| Output Power per Channel<br>(Differential Mode)           | P <sub>OUT</sub>    | f = 1kHz, THD < 1%, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C                | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω                        | 30                           | 52    |        | mW    |
|                                                           |                     |                                                           | R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω                        |                              | 32    |        |       |
| Output Power per Channel<br>(Capacitorless Mode)          | P <sub>OUT</sub>    | f = 1kHz, THD < 1%, T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C                | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω                        |                              | 19    |        | mW    |
|                                                           |                     |                                                           | R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω                        | 8                            | 10    |        |       |
| Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise<br>(Differential Mode)  | THD+N               | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω, P <sub>OUT</sub> = 25mW, f = 1kHz   |                                             | -76                          |       |        | dB    |
|                                                           |                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω, P <sub>OUT</sub> = 25mW, f = 1kHz   | MCLK = 13MHz,<br>f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz      | -77                          | -70   |        |       |
|                                                           |                     |                                                           | MCLK = 12.288MHz,<br>f <sub>S</sub> = 48kHz | -80                          |       |        |       |
| Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise<br>(Capacitorless Mode) | THD+N               | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω, P <sub>OUT</sub> = 6.25mW, f = 1kHz |                                             | -72                          |       |        | dB    |
|                                                           |                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω, P <sub>OUT</sub> = 6.25mW, f = 1kHz | MCLK = 13MHz,<br>f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz      | -74                          | -65   |        |       |
|                                                           |                     |                                                           | MCLK = 12.288MHz,<br>f <sub>S</sub> = 48kHz | -74                          |       |        |       |
| Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise<br>(SE Mode)            | THD+N               | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω, P <sub>OUT</sub> = 6.25mW, f = 1kHz |                                             | -74                          |       |        | dB    |
|                                                           |                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω, P <sub>OUT</sub> = 6.25mW, f = 1kHz | MCLK = 13MHz,<br>f <sub>S</sub> = 8kHz      | -74                          | -65   |        |       |
|                                                           |                     |                                                           | MCLK = 12.288MHz,<br>f <sub>S</sub> = 48kHz | -76                          |       |        |       |
| Dynamic Range                                             | DR                  | AV <sub>VOL</sub> = +6dB (Notes 5, 7)                     |                                             | 76                           | 90    |        | dB    |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                  | SYMBOL  | CONDITIONS                                      |                                        | MIN  | TYP   | MAX  | UNITS |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio<br>(Note 7)                   | PSRR    | VAVDD = VPVDD = 1.65V to 1.95V                  |                                        | 60   | 78    |      | dB    |
|                                                            |         | f = 217Hz, VRIPPLE = 100mVP-P, AVVOL = 0dB      |                                        |      | 78    |      |       |
|                                                            |         | f = 1kHz, VRIPPLE = 100mVP-P, AVVOL = 0dB       |                                        |      | 75    |      |       |
|                                                            |         | f = 10kHz, VRIPPLE = 100mVP-P, AVVOL = 0dB      |                                        |      | 62    |      |       |
| Output Offset Voltage                                      | VOS     | AVVOL = -84dB differential mode                 | (LOUTP–LOUTN, ROUTP–ROUTN), TA = +25°C |      | ±0.2  |      | mV    |
|                                                            |         | AVVOL = -84dB capacitorless mode                | (LOUTP–LOUTN, ROUTP–LOUTN), TA = +25°C |      | ±0.8  |      |       |
| Crosstalk                                                  | XTALK   | Differential mode, POUT = 5mW, f = 1kHz         |                                        |      | 87    |      | dB    |
|                                                            |         | Capacitorless mode, POUT = 5mW, f = 1kHz        | TQFN                                   |      | 55    |      |       |
|                                                            |         |                                                 | WLP                                    |      | 60    |      |       |
| Capacitive Drive                                           |         | No sustained oscillations                       | RL = 32Ω                               |      | 500   |      | pF    |
|                                                            |         |                                                 | RL = ∞                                 |      | 100   |      |       |
| Click-and-Pop Level<br>(Differential, Capacitorless Modes) |         | Peak voltage, A-weighted, 32 samples per second | Into shutdown                          |      | -80   |      | dBV   |
|                                                            |         |                                                 | Out of shutdown                        |      | -69   |      |       |
| Click-and-Pop Level<br>(SE Mode)                           |         | Peak voltage, A-weighted, 32 samples per second | Into shutdown                          |      | -75   |      | dBV   |
|                                                            |         |                                                 | Out of shutdown                        |      | -75   |      |       |
| MICROPHONE AMPLIFIER                                       |         |                                                 |                                        |      |       |      |       |
| Preamplifier Gain                                          | AVPRE   | PALEN/PAREN = 01                                |                                        | -0.5 | 0     | +0.5 | dB    |
|                                                            |         | PALEN/PAREN = 10                                |                                        | 19.5 | 20    | 20.5 |       |
|                                                            |         | PALEN/PAREN = 11                                |                                        | 29.5 | 30    | 30.5 |       |
| MIC PGA Gain                                               | AVPGAM  | PGAML/PGAMR = 0x1F                              |                                        | -0.6 | -0.1  | +0.4 | dB    |
|                                                            |         | PGAML/PGAMR = 0x00                              |                                        | 19.3 | 19.75 | 20.3 |       |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio                                | CMRR    | VIN = 100mVP-P, f = 217Hz                       |                                        |      | 50    |      | dB    |
| MIC Input Resistance                                       | RIN_MIC | All gain settings                               |                                        | 30   | 50    |      | kΩ    |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                         | SYMBOL   | CONDITIONS                                                         | MIN               | TYP               | MAX               | UNITS |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|
| Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise | THD+N    | AVPRE = 0dB,<br>VIN = 1Vp-p, f = 1kHz                              |                   | -80               |                   | dB    |
|                                   |          | AVPRE = +30dB,<br>VIN = 32mVp-p, f = 1kHz,<br>(1Vp-p at ADC input) |                   | -67               |                   |       |
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio      | PSRR     | VAVDD = 1.65V to 1.95V, input referred                             | 60                | 85                |                   | dB    |
|                                   |          | f = 217Hz, VRIPPLE = 100mV,<br>AVADC = 0dB, input referred         |                   | 85                |                   |       |
|                                   |          | f = 1kHz, VRIPPLE = 100mV,<br>AVADC = 0dB, input referred          |                   | 80                |                   |       |
|                                   |          | f = 10kHz, VRIPPLE = 100mV,<br>AVADC = 0dB, input referred         |                   | 80                |                   |       |
| MICROPHONE BIAS                   |          |                                                                    |                   |                   |                   |       |
| Output Voltage                    | VMICBIAS | VAVDD = 1.8V, ILOAD = 1mA                                          | 1.5               | 1.525             | 1.55              | V     |
| Load Regulation                   |          | ILOAD = 1mA to 2mA                                                 |                   | 0.2               | 10                | V/A   |
| Line Regulation                   |          | VAVDD = 1.65V to 1.95V                                             |                   | 10                |                   | µV/V  |
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio      | PSRR     | f = 217Hz, VRIPPLE = 100mVp-p                                      |                   | 85                |                   | dB    |
|                                   |          | f = 10kHz, VRIPPLE = 100mVp-p                                      |                   | 81                |                   |       |
| Noise Voltage                     |          | A-weighted                                                         |                   | 9.1               |                   | µVRMS |
| LINE INPUT                        |          |                                                                    |                   |                   |                   |       |
| Full-Scale Input                  | VIN      | AVLINE = 0dB                                                       |                   | 1.0               |                   | VP-P  |
| Line Input Level Adjust Range     | AVLINE   | LIGL/LIGR = 0xF to 0x0                                             | -6.5              |                   | +24.5             | dB    |
| Line Input Mute Attenuation       |          | f = 1kHz                                                           |                   | 100               |                   | dB    |
| Input Resistance                  | RIN_LINE | AVLINE = +24dB                                                     | 20                |                   |                   | kΩ    |
| Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise | THD+N    | VIN = 0.1Vp-p, f = 1kHz, differential output                       |                   | -83               |                   | dB    |
| AUXIN INPUT                       |          |                                                                    |                   |                   |                   |       |
| Input DC Voltage Range            |          | AUXEN = 1                                                          | 0                 |                   | 0.738             | V     |
| AUXIN Input Resistance            | RIN      | AUXEN = 1, 0V ≤ AUXIN ≤ 0.738V                                     | 10                | 40                |                   | MΩ    |
| JACK SENSE OPERATION              |          |                                                                    |                   |                   |                   |       |
| Threshold                         | VTH      | JDETEN = 1, SHDN = 1, JACKSNS                                      | 0.92 x<br>MICBIAS | 0.95 x<br>MICBIAS | 0.98 x<br>MICBIAS | V     |
|                                   |          | JDETEN = 1, SHDN = 0, JACKSNS,<br>LOUTP                            | AVDD -<br>0.8     | AVDD -<br>0.4     | AVDD -<br>0.15    |       |
| Pullup Current                    | IPU      | JDETEN = 1, SHDN = 1,<br>JACKSNS = GND                             |                   | 4                 |                   | µA    |
|                                   |          | JDETEN = 1, SHDN = 0,<br>JACKSNS = LOUTP = GND                     |                   | 4                 | 20                |       |
| Pullup Voltage                    |          | JDETEN = 1, JACKSNS, LOUTP                                         |                   | AVDD              |                   | V     |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                       | SYMBOL   | CONDITIONS                                                                                          |                    | MIN          | TYP | MAX    | UNITS |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----|--------|-------|
| DIGITAL SIDETONE                                                |          |                                                                                                     |                    |              |     |        |       |
| Sidetone Gain Adjust Range                                      | AVSTGA   | Differential output mode, DVST = 0x1F to 0x01                                                       |                    | -60          |     | 0      | dB    |
| Voice Path Phase Delay                                          | PDLY     | MIC input to headphone output, f = 1kHz, HP filter disabled, fS = 8kHz                              |                    |              | 2.2 |        | ms    |
| INPUT CLOCK CHARACTERISTICS                                     |          |                                                                                                     |                    |              |     |        |       |
| MCLK Input Frequency                                            | fMCLK    | For any LRCLK sample rate                                                                           |                    | 10           |     | 60     | MHz   |
| MCLK Input Duty Cycle                                           |          | Prescaler = /1 mode                                                                                 |                    | 40           |     | 60     | %     |
|                                                                 |          | /2 or /4 modes                                                                                      |                    | 30           |     | 70     |       |
| Maximum MCLK Input Jitter                                       |          | Maximum allowable RMS for performance limits                                                        |                    |              | 100 |        | psRMS |
| LRCLK Sample Rate Range                                         |          |                                                                                                     |                    | 8            |     | 48     | kHz   |
| LRCLK PLL Lock Time                                             |          | Any allowable LRCLK and PCLK rate, slave mode                                                       | Rapid lock mode    |              | 2   | 7      | ms    |
|                                                                 |          |                                                                                                     | Nonrapid lock mode |              | 12  | 25     |       |
| LRCLK Acceptable Jitter for Maintaining PLL Lock                |          | Allowable LRCLK period change from nominal for slave PLL mode at any allowable LRCLK and PCLK rates |                    |              |     | ±100   | ns    |
| LRCLK Average Frequency Error (Master and Slave Modes) (Note 9) |          | FREQ = 0x8 through 0xF                                                                              |                    | 0            |     | 0      | %     |
|                                                                 |          | PCLK = 192xfS, 256xfS, 384xfS, 512xfS, 768xfS, and 1024xfS                                          |                    | 0            |     | 0      |       |
|                                                                 |          | All other modes                                                                                     |                    | -0.025       |     | +0.025 |       |
| DIGITAL INPUT (MCLK)                                            |          |                                                                                                     |                    |              |     |        |       |
| Input High Voltage                                              | VIH      |                                                                                                     |                    | 1.2          |     |        | V     |
| Input Low Voltage                                               | VIL      |                                                                                                     |                    |              |     | 0.6    | V     |
| Input Leakage Current                                           | IIH, IIL | TA = +25°C                                                                                          |                    |              |     | ±1     | µA    |
| Input Capacitance                                               |          |                                                                                                     |                    |              | 10  |        | pF    |
| DIGITAL INPUTS (SDIN, BCLK, LRCLK)                              |          |                                                                                                     |                    |              |     |        |       |
| Input High Voltage                                              | VIH      |                                                                                                     |                    | 0.7 x DVDDIO |     |        | V     |
| Input Low Voltage                                               | VIL      |                                                                                                     |                    | 0.3 x DVDDIO |     |        | V     |
| Input Hysteresis                                                |          |                                                                                                     |                    | 200          |     |        | mV    |
| Input Leakage Current                                           | IIH, IIL | TA = +25°C                                                                                          |                    |              |     | ±1     | µA    |
| Input Capacitance                                               |          |                                                                                                     |                    | 10           |     |        | pF    |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                             | SYMBOL           | CONDITIONS                                 | MIN             | TYP    | MAX            | UNITS   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|----------------|---------|
| <b>DIGITAL INPUTS (SDA, SCL)</b>                                                      |                  |                                            |                 |        |                |         |
| Input High Voltage                                                                    | $V_{IH}$         |                                            | 0.7 x<br>DVDD   |        |                | V       |
| Input Low Voltage                                                                     | $V_{IL}$         |                                            |                 |        | 0.3 x<br>DVDD  | V       |
| Input Hysteresis                                                                      |                  |                                            |                 | 200    |                | mV      |
| Input Leakage Current                                                                 | $I_{IH}, I_{IL}$ | $T_A = +25^\circ C$                        |                 |        | $\pm 1$        | $\mu A$ |
| Input Capacitance                                                                     |                  |                                            |                 | 10     |                | pF      |
| <b>DIGITAL INPUT (DIGMICDATA)</b>                                                     |                  |                                            |                 |        |                |         |
| Input High Voltage                                                                    | $V_{IH}$         |                                            | 0.65 x<br>DVDD  |        |                | V       |
| Input Low Voltage                                                                     | $V_{IL}$         |                                            |                 |        | 0.35 x<br>DVDD | V       |
| Input Hysteresis                                                                      |                  |                                            |                 | 100    |                | mV      |
| Input Leakage Current                                                                 | $I_{IH}, I_{IL}$ | $T_A = +25^\circ C$                        |                 |        | $\pm 35$       | $\mu A$ |
| Input Capacitance                                                                     |                  |                                            |                 | 10     |                | pF      |
| <b>CMOS DIGITAL OUTPUTS (BCLK, LRCLK, SDOUT)</b>                                      |                  |                                            |                 |        |                |         |
| Output Low Voltage                                                                    | $V_{OL}$         | $I_{OL} = 3mA$                             |                 |        | 0.4            | V       |
| Output High Voltage                                                                   | $V_{OH}$         | $I_{OH} = 3mA$                             | DVDDIO<br>- 0.4 |        |                | V       |
| <b>CMOS DIGITAL OUTPUT (DIGMICCLK)</b>                                                |                  |                                            |                 |        |                |         |
| Output Low Voltage                                                                    | $V_{OL}$         | $I_{OL} = 1mA$                             |                 |        | 0.4            | V       |
| Output High Voltage                                                                   | $V_{OH}$         | $I_{OH} = 1mA$                             | DVDD -<br>0.4   |        |                | V       |
| <b>OPEN-DRAIN DIGITAL OUTPUTS (SDA, <math>\overline{IRQ}</math>)</b>                  |                  |                                            |                 |        |                |         |
| Output High Current                                                                   | $I_{OH}$         | $V_{OUT} = V_{DVDD}$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$ |                 |        | 1              | $\mu A$ |
| Output Low Voltage                                                                    | $V_{OL}$         | $I_{OL} = 3mA$                             |                 |        | 0.2 x<br>DVDD  | V       |
| <b>DIGITAL MICROPHONE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (<math>V_{DVDD} = 1.65V</math>)</b>      |                  |                                            |                 |        |                |         |
| DIGMICCLK Divide Ratio                                                                | $f_{MICCLK}$     | MICCLK = 00                                |                 | PCLK/8 |                | MHz     |
|                                                                                       |                  | MICCLK = 01                                |                 | PCLK/6 |                |         |
| DIGMICDATA to DIGMICCLK Setup Time                                                    | $t_{SU, MIC}$    | Either clock edge                          |                 | 20     |                | ns      |
| DIGMICDATA to DIGMICCLK Hold Time                                                     | $t_{HD, MIC}$    | Either clock edge                          |                 | 0      |                | ns      |
| <b>DIGITAL AUDIO INTERFACE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (<math>V_{DVDD} = 1.65V</math>)</b> |                  |                                            |                 |        |                |         |
| Minimum BCLK Cycle Time                                                               | $t_{BCLKS}$      | Slave operation                            |                 | 75     |                | ns      |
|                                                                                       | $t_{BCLKM}$      | Master operation                           |                 | 325    |                | ns      |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{PVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{DVDDIO} = +1.8V$ ,  $R_L = \infty$ , headphone load ( $R_L$ ) connected between \_OUTP and \_OUTN in differential mode,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{PRE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{PGAM} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{DAC} = 0dB$ ,  $AV_{LINE} = +20dB$ ,  $AV_{VOL} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                    | SYMBOL        | CONDITIONS                             | MIN           | TYP | MAX | UNITS   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----|---------|
| Minimum BCLK High Time                                                       | $t_{BCLKH}$   | Slave operation                        |               | 30  |     | ns      |
| Minimum BCLK Low Time                                                        | $t_{BCLKL}$   | Slave operation                        |               | 30  |     | ns      |
| BCLK or LRCLK Rise and Fall                                                  | $t_R, t_F$    | Master operation, $C_L = 15pF$         |               | 7   |     | ns      |
| SDIN or LRCLK to BCLK Setup Time                                             | $t_{SU}$      |                                        | 20            |     |     | ns      |
| SDIN or LRCLK to BCLK Hold Time                                              | $t_{HD}$      |                                        | 0             |     |     | ns      |
| SDOUT Delay Time from BCLK Rising Edge                                       | $t_{DLY}$     | $C_L = 30pF$                           | 0             |     | 40  | ns      |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (<math>V_{DVDD} = 1.65V</math>)</b> |               |                                        |               |     |     |         |
| Serial-Clock Frequency                                                       | $f_{SCL}$     |                                        | 0             |     | 400 | kHz     |
| Bus Free Time Between STOP and START Conditions                              | $t_{BUF}$     |                                        | 1.3           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Hold Time (REPEATED) START Condition                                         | $t_{HD, STA}$ |                                        | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| SCL Pulse-Width Low                                                          | $t_{LOW}$     |                                        | 1.3           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| SCL Pulse-Width High                                                         | $t_{HIGH}$    |                                        | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Setup Time for a REPEATED START Condition                                    | $t_{SU, STA}$ |                                        | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Data Hold Time                                                               | $t_{HD, DAT}$ | $R_{PU}, SDA = 475\Omega$              | 0             |     | 900 | ns      |
| Data Setup Time                                                              | $t_{SU, DAT}$ |                                        | 100           |     |     | ns      |
| SDA and SCL Receiving Rise Time                                              | $t_R$         | (Note 10)                              | $20 + 0.1C_B$ |     | 300 | ns      |
| SDA and SCL Receiving Fall Time                                              | $t_F$         | (Note 10)                              | $20 + 0.1C_B$ |     | 300 | ns      |
| SDA Transmitting Fall Time                                                   | $t_F$         | $R_{PU}, SDA = 475\Omega$<br>(Note 10) | $20 + 0.1C_B$ |     | 250 | ns      |
| Setup Time for STOP Condition                                                | $t_{SU, STO}$ |                                        | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Bus Capacitance                                                              | $C_B$         |                                        |               |     | 400 | pF      |
| Pulse Width of Suppressed Spike                                              | $t_{SP}$      |                                        | 0             |     | 50  | ns      |

**Note 2:** The MAX9867 is 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

**Note 3:** Clocking all zeros into the DAC, master mode, and differential headphone mode.

**Note 4:** DAC performance measured at the headphone outputs.

**Note 5:** Dynamic range measured using the EIAJ method. -60dBFS 1kHz output signal, A-weighted, and normalized to 0dBFS.  $f = 20Hz$  to  $20kHz$ .

**Note 6:** Performance measured using microphone inputs, unless otherwise stated.

**Note 7:** Performance measured using line inputs.

**Note 8:** Performance measured using DAC, unless otherwise stated. LRCLK = 8kHz, unless otherwise stated.

**Note 9:** In master-mode operation, the accuracy of the MCLK input proportionally determines the accuracy of the sample clock rate.

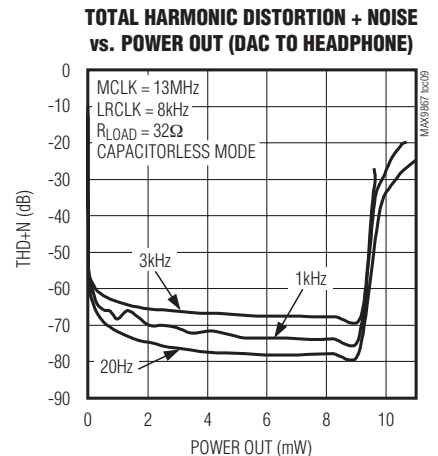
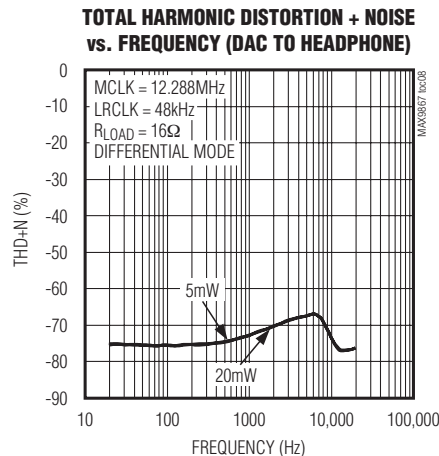
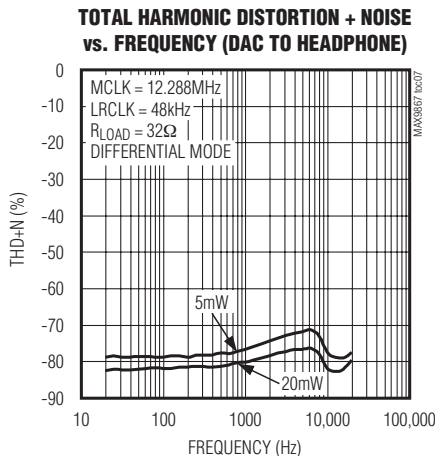
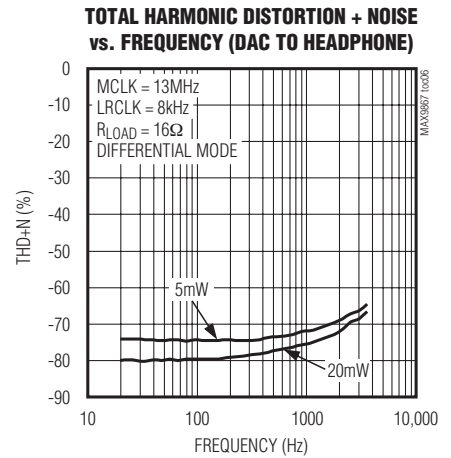
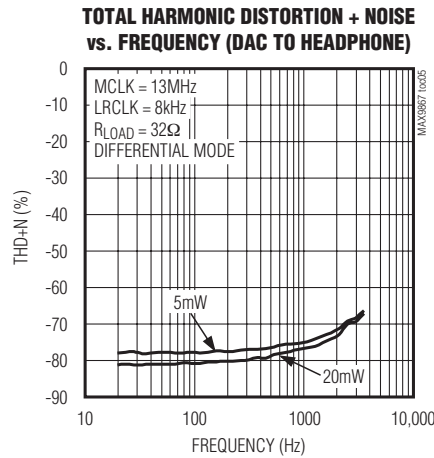
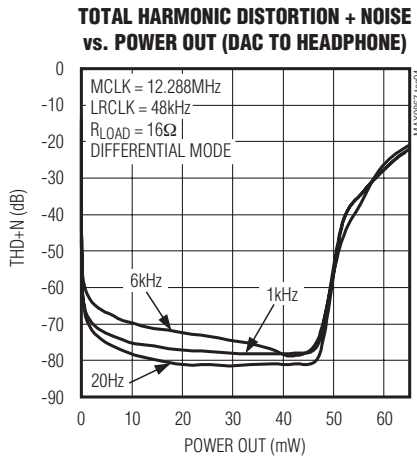
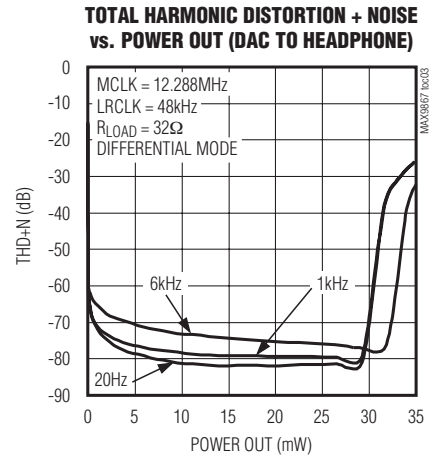
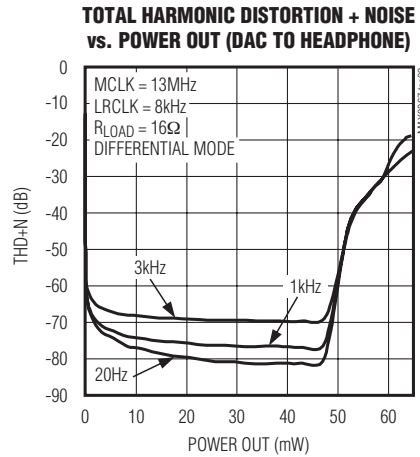
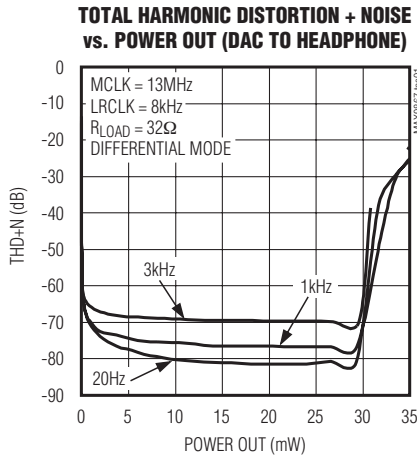
**Note 10:**  $C_B$  is in pF.

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Typical Operating Characteristics

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{PVDD} = +1.8V$ ,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{MICPGA} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 8kHz$ ,  $BW = 20Hz$  to  $f_s/2$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

MAX9867

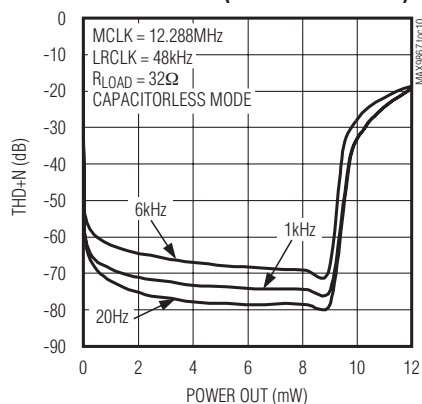


# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

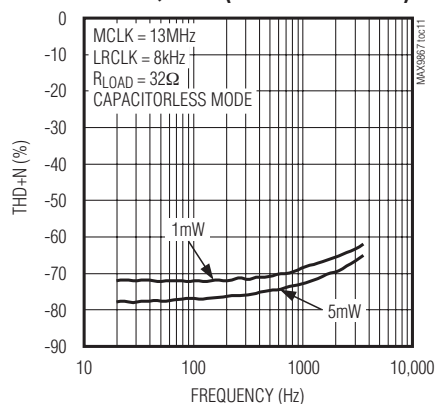
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{PVDD} = +1.8V$ ,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{MICPGA} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 8kHz$ ,  $BW = 20Hz$  to  $f_s/2$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

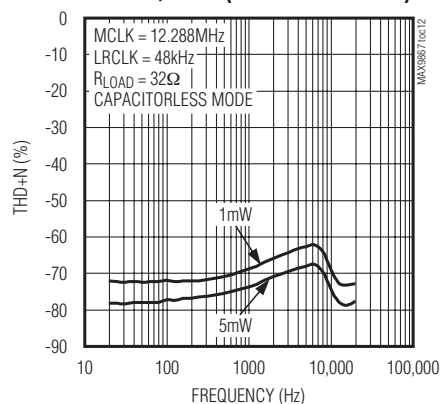
**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. POWER OUT (DAC TO HEADPHONE)**



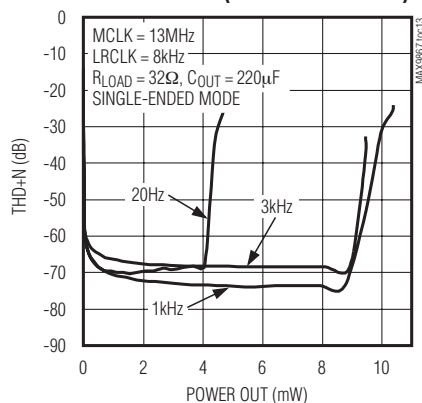
**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. FREQUENCY (DAC TO HEADPHONE)**



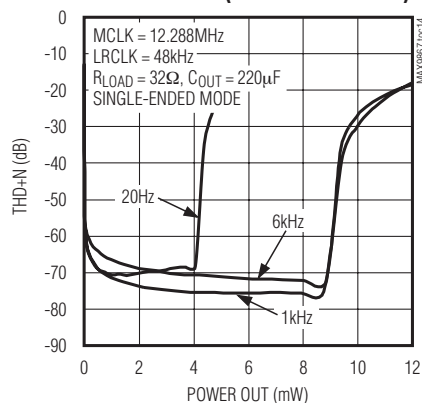
**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. FREQUENCY (DAC TO HEADPHONE)**



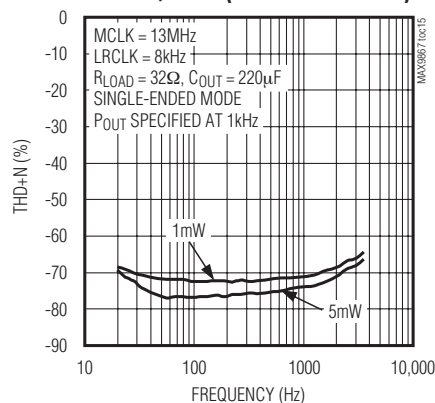
**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. POWER OUT (DAC TO HEADPHONE)**



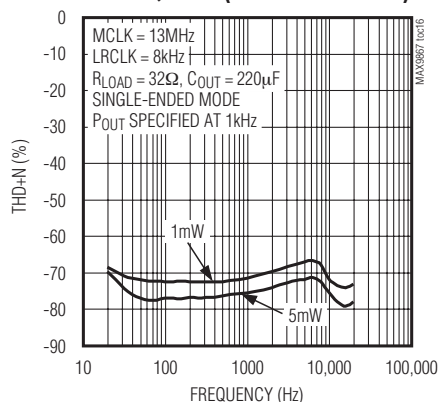
**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. POWER OUT (DAC TO HEADPHONE)**



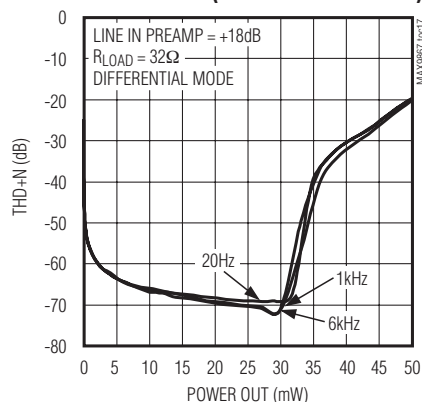
**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. FREQUENCY (DAC TO HEADPHONE)**



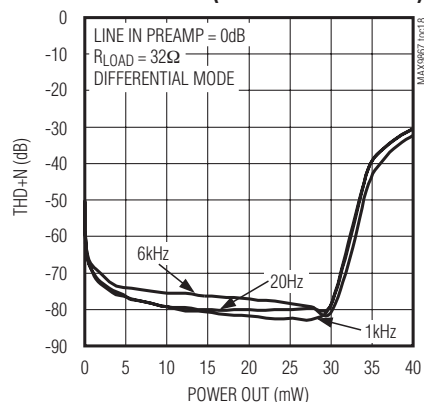
**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. FREQUENCY (DAC TO HEADPHONE)**



**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. POWER OUT (LINE IN TO HEADPHONE)**



**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. POWER OUT (LINE IN TO HEADPHONE)**

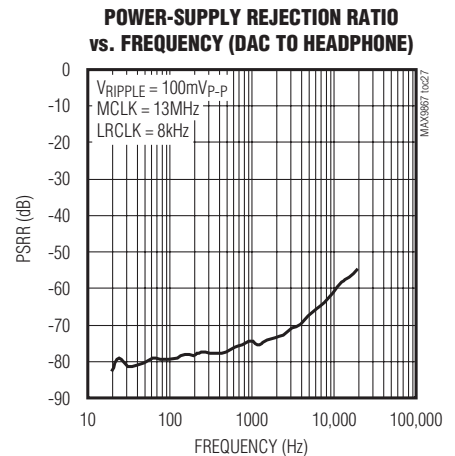
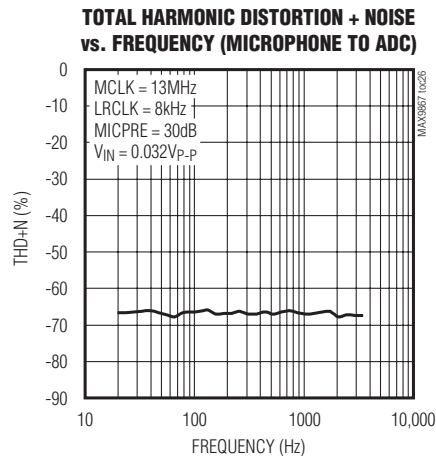
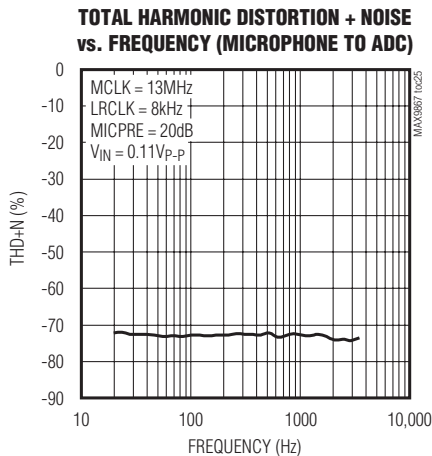
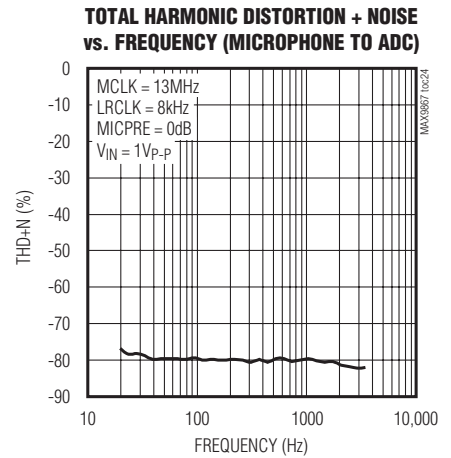
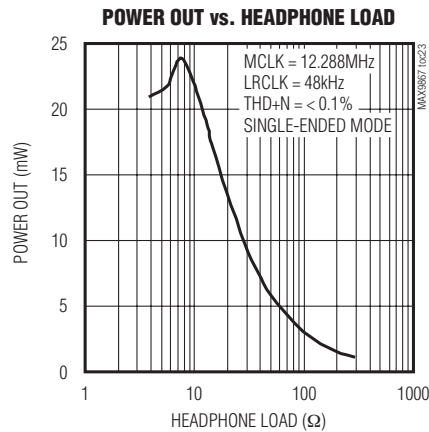
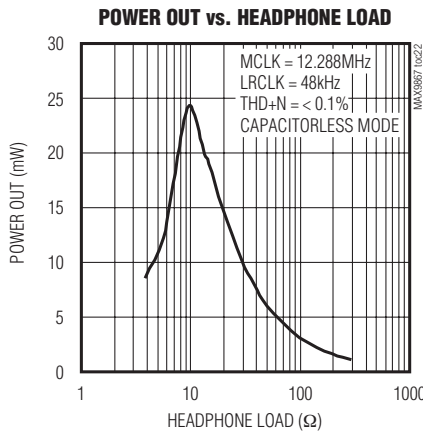
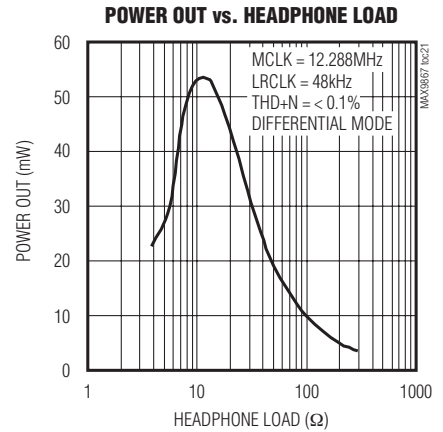
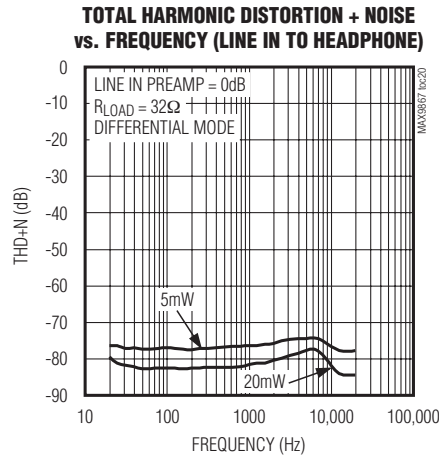
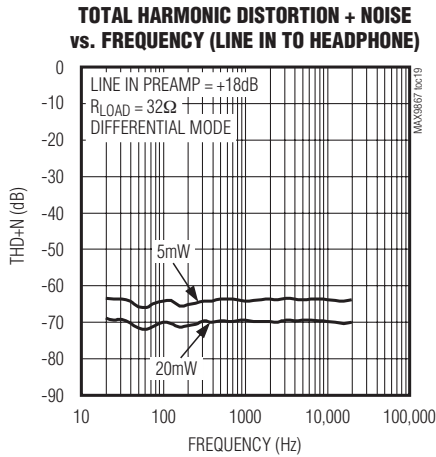


# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{PVDD} = +1.8V$ ,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{MICPGA} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 8kHz$ ,  $BW = 20Hz$  to  $f_S/2$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

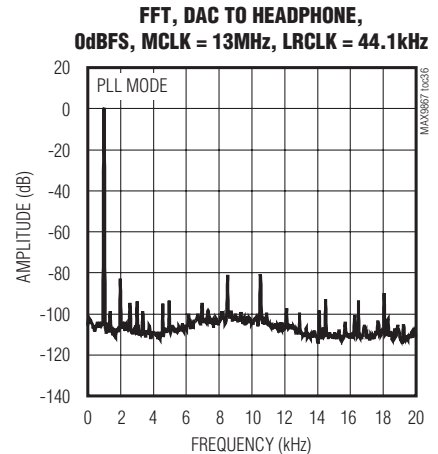
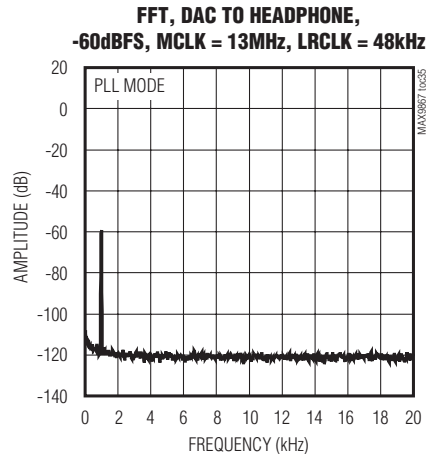
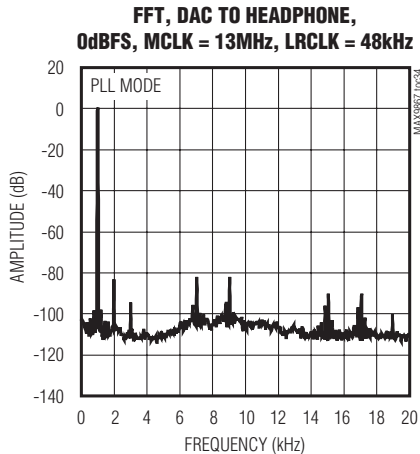
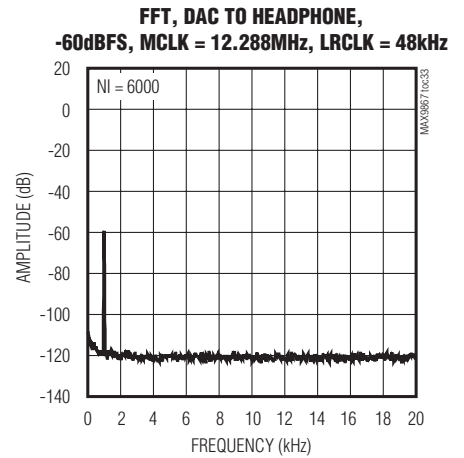
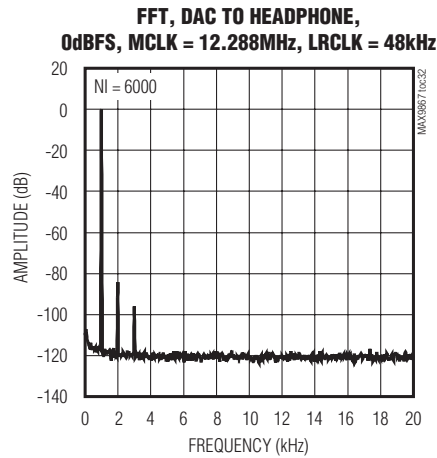
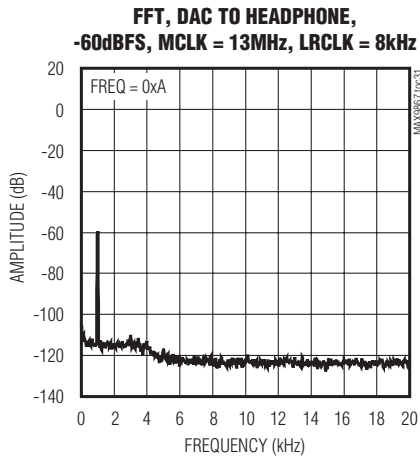
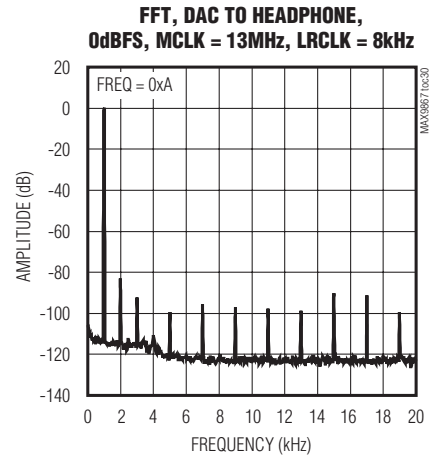
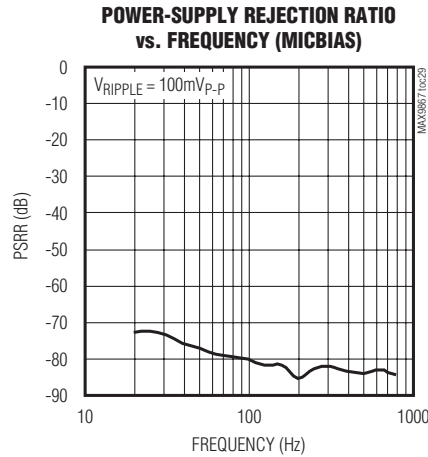
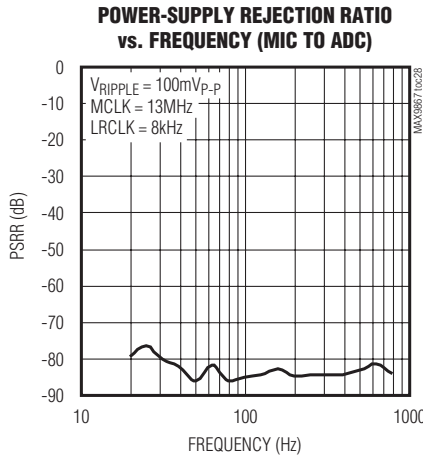
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# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{PVDD} = +1.8V$ ,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{MICPGA} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 8kHz$ ,  $BW = 20Hz$  to  $f_s/2$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

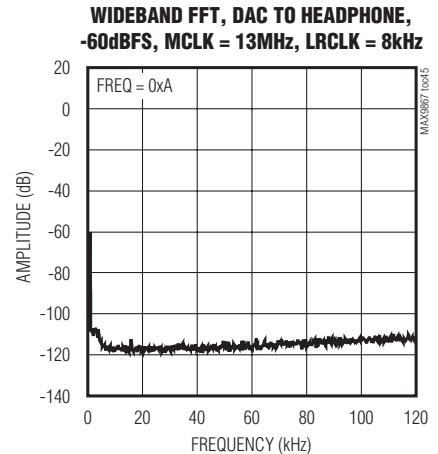
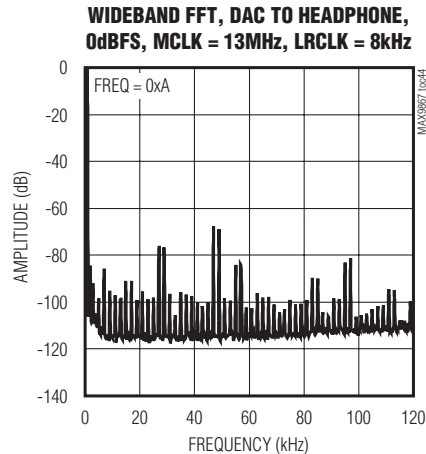
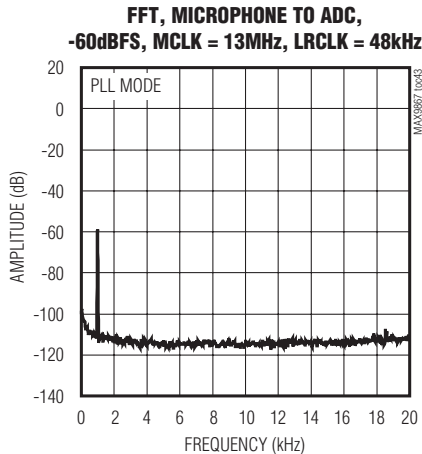
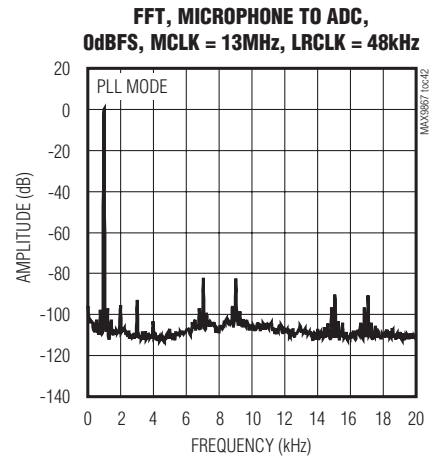
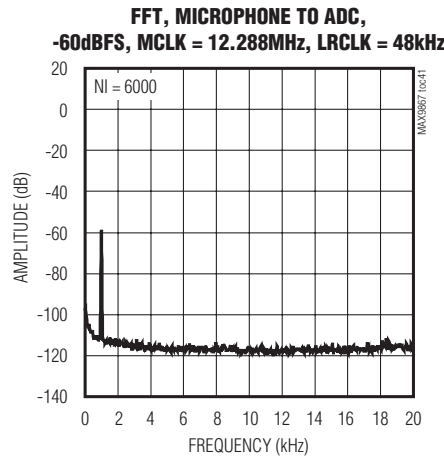
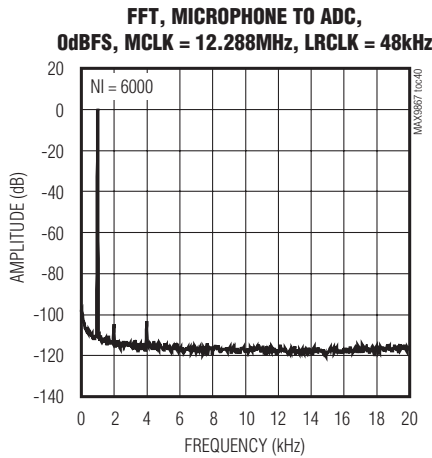
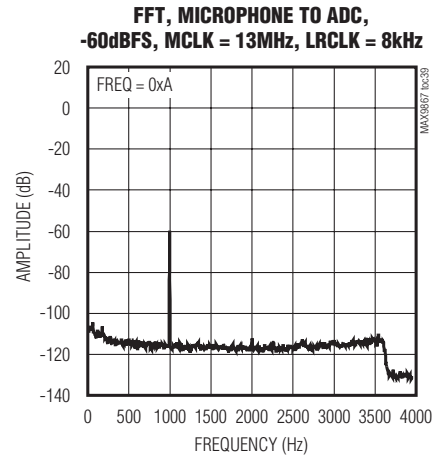
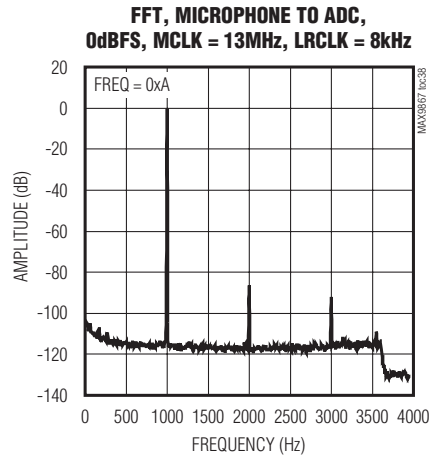
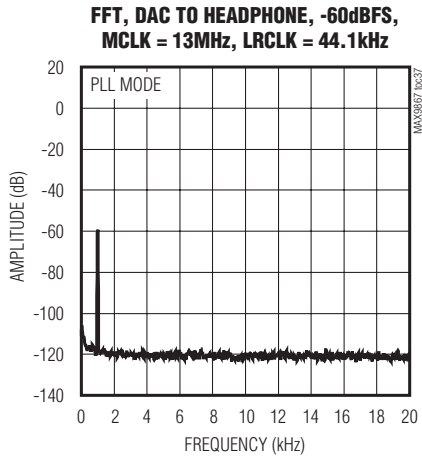


# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{PVDD} = +1.8V$ ,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{MICPGA} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 8kHz$ ,  $BW = 20Hz$  to  $f_s/2$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

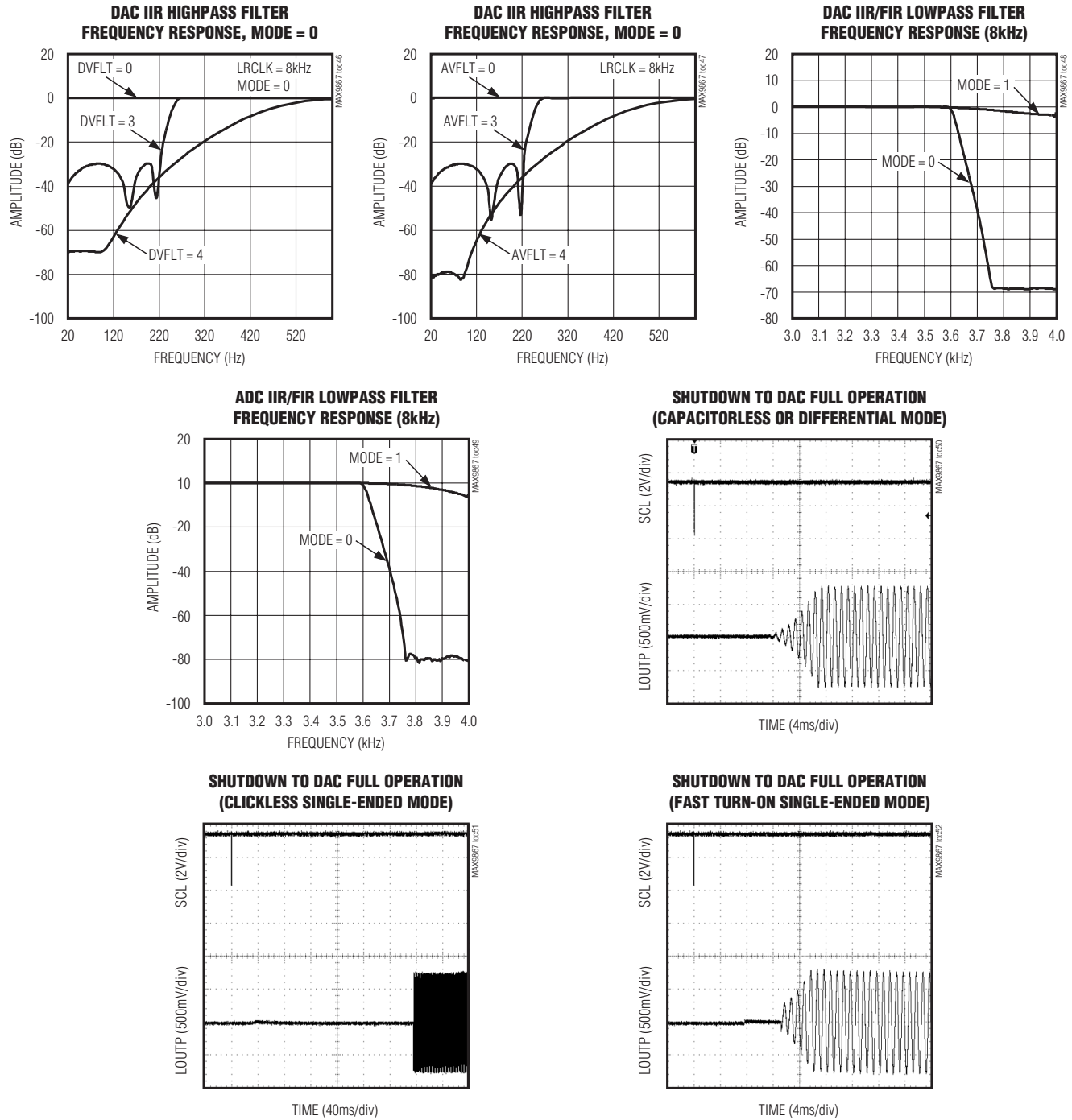
MAX9867



# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{PVDD} = +1.8V$ ,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{MICPGA} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 8kHz$ ,  $BW = 20Hz$  to  $f_s/2$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

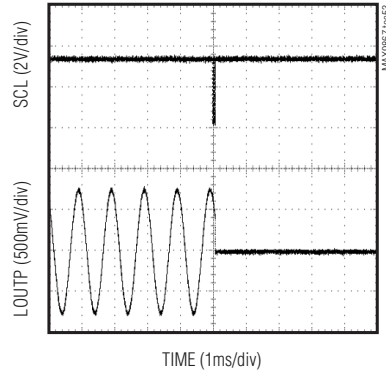


# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

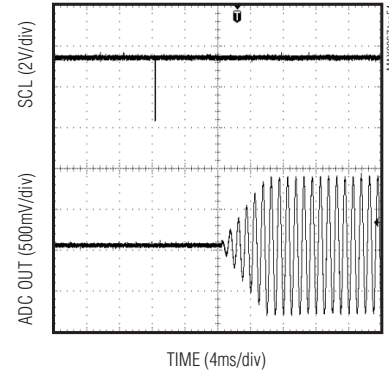
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = V_{PVDD} = +1.8V$ ,  $C_{REF} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{MICBIAS} = C_{PREG} = C_{REG} = 1\mu F$ ,  $AV_{MICPGA} = 0dB$ ,  $MCLK = 13MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 8kHz$ ,  $BW = 20Hz$  to  $f_s/2$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

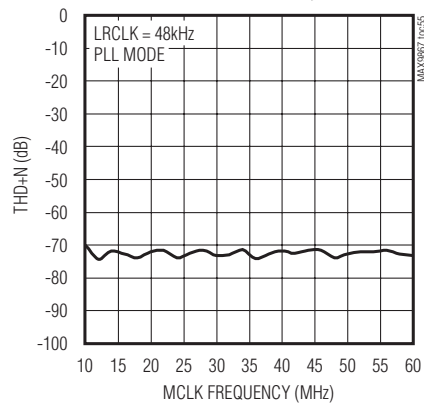
**FULL OPERATION TO SHUTDOWN (DAC)**



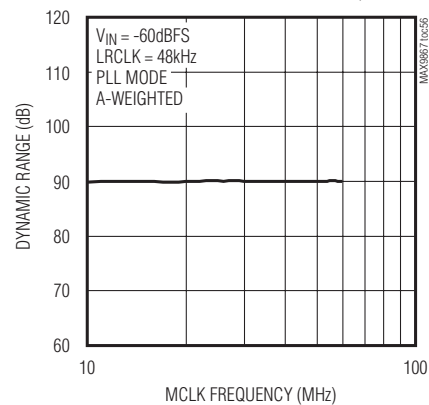
**ADC SOFT-START**



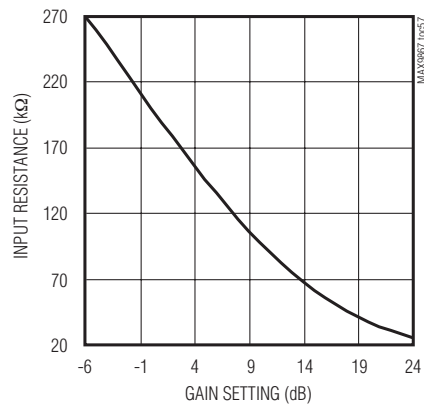
**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs. MCLK FREQUENCY, 0dBFS**



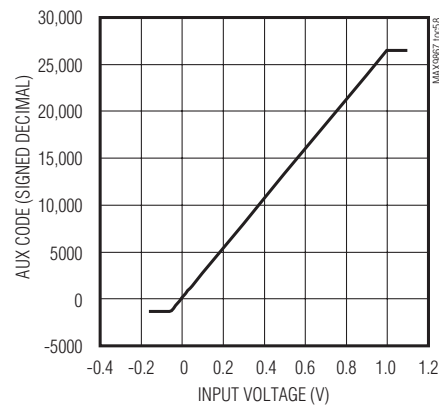
**DYNAMIC RANGE vs. MCLK FREQUENCY**



**LINE INPUT RESISTANCE vs. GAIN SETTING**



**AUX CODE vs. INPUT VOLTAGE**



# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Pin Description

| PIN/BUMP |     | NAME                    | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TQFN-EP  | WLP |                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 1        | A2  | DGND                    | Digital Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 2        | B3  | SCL                     | I <sup>2</sup> C Serial-Clock Input. Connect a pullup resistor to a 1.7V to 3.3V supply.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 3        | A3  | SDA                     | I <sup>2</sup> C Serial-Data Input/Output. Connect a pullup resistor to a 1.7V to 3.3V supply.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 4        | C3  | $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ | Hardware Interrupt Output. $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ can be programmed to pull low when bits in status register 0x00 are set. Read status register 0x00 to clear $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ once set. Repeat faults have no effect on $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ until it is cleared by reading register 0x00. Connect a 10k $\Omega$ pullup resistor to a 1.7V to 3.3V supply. |
| 5        | A4  | AVDD                    | Analog Power Supply. Bypass to AGND with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 6        | B4  | REF                     | Converter Reference. Bypass to AGND with a 2.2 $\mu$ F capacitor (1.23V nominal).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 7        | A5  | PREG                    | Positive Internal Regulated Supply. Bypass to AGND with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor (1.6V nominal).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 8        | B5  | REG                     | PREG/2 Voltage Reference. Bypass to AGND with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor (0.8V nominal).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 9        | A6  | AGND                    | Analog Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 10       | B6  | MICBIAS                 | Low-Noise Microphone Bias. Connect a 2.2k $\Omega$ to 470 $\Omega$ resistor to the positive output of a microphone (1.525V nominal). Bypass to AGND with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 11       | C5  | MICLN/<br>DIGMICCLK     | Left Negative Differential Microphone Input or Digital Microphone Clock Output. For analog microphones, AC-couple to the negative output of a microphone with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor. For digital microphones, connect to the clock input of the microphone.                                                                                                             |
| 12       | C6  | MICLP/<br>DIGMICDATA    | Left Positive Differential Microphone Input or Digital Microphone Data Input. For analog microphones, AC-couple to the positive output of a microphone with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor. For digital microphones, connect to the data output of the microphone(s). Up to two digital microphones can be connected.                                                            |
| 13       | C4  | MICRP                   | Right Positive Differential Microphone Input. AC-couple to the positive output of a microphone with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 14       | D6  | MICRN                   | Right Negative Differential Microphone Input. AC-couple to the negative output of a microphone with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 15       | D5  | LINL                    | Left-Line Input. AC-couple analog audio signal to LINL with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 16       | E6  | LINR                    | Right-Line Input. AC-couple analog audio signal to LINR with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 17       | D4  | JACKSNS/AUX             | Jack Sense or Auxiliary ADC Input. When configured for jack detection, JACKSNS detects the presence or absence of a jack. See the <i>Mode Configuration</i> section for details. When configured as an auxiliary ADC input, AUX is used to measure DC voltages.                                                                                                         |
| 18       | E5  | PGND                    | Headphone Power Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 19       | D3  | ROUTP                   | Positive Right-Channel Headphone Output. Connect directly to the load in differential and capacitorless mode. AC-couple to the load in single-ended mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 20       | E4  | ROUTN                   | Negative Right-Channel Headphone Output. Inverting output in differential mode. Leave unconnected in capacitorless and fast turn-on single-ended mode. Bypass with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor to AGND in clickless, single-ended mode.                                                                                                                                       |
| 21       | D2  | LOUTN                   | Negative Left-Channel Headphone Output. Noninverting output in differential mode. Common headphone return in capacitorless mode. Leave unconnected in fast turn-on single-ended mode. Bypass with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor to AGND in clickless single-ended mode.                                                                                                         |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Pin Description (continued)

| PIN/BUMP |     | NAME   | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------|-----|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TQFN-EP  | WLP |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 22       | E3  | LOUTP  | Positive Left-Channel Headphone Output. Connect directly to the load in differential and capacitorless mode. AC-couple to the load in single-ended mode.                                                                                                                                                            |
| 23       | E2  | PVDD   | Headphone Power Supply. Bypass to PGND with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 24, 25   | —   | N.C.   | No Connection                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 26       | E1  | DVDDIO | Digital Audio Interface Power Supply. Bypass to DGND with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 27       | D1  | SDOUT  | Digital Audio Serial-Data ADC Output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 28       | C2  | SDIN   | Digital Audio Serial-Data DAC Input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 29       | C1  | LRCLK  | Digital Audio Left-Right Clock Input/Output. LRCLK is the audio sample rate clock and determines whether the audio data on SDIN is routed to the left or right channel. In TDM mode, LRCLK is a frame synchronization pulse. LRCLK is an input when the MAX9867 is in slave mode and an output when in master mode. |
| 30       | B1  | BCLK   | Digital Audio Bit Clock Input/Output. BCLK is an input when the MAX9867 is in slave mode and an output when in master mode.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 31       | B2  | MCLK   | Master Clock Input. Acceptable input frequency range: 10MHz to 60MHz.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 32       | A1  | DVDD   | Digital Power Supply. Supply for the digital circuitry and I <sup>2</sup> C interface. Bypass to DGND with a 1 $\mu$ F capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| —        | —   | EP     | Exposed Pad. Connect the exposed thermal pad to AGND.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## Detailed Description

The MAX9867 is a low-power stereo audio codec designed for portable applications requiring minimum power consumption.

The stereo playback path accepts digital audio through a flexible interface compatible with I<sup>2</sup>S, TDM, and left-justified signals. An oversampling sigma-delta DAC converts the incoming digital data stream to analog audio and outputs the audio through the stereo headphone amplifier. The headphone amplifier can be configured in differential, single-ended, and capacitorless output modes.

The stereo record path has two analog microphone inputs with selectable gain. An integrated microphone bias can be used to power the microphones. The left analog microphone inputs can also accept data from up to two digital microphones. An oversampling sigma-delta ADC converts the microphone signals and outputs the digital bit stream over the digital audio interface.

Integrated digital filtering provides a range of notch and highpass filters for both the playback and record paths to limit undesirable low-frequency signals and GSM

transmission noise. The digital filtering provides attenuation of out-of-band energy by over 70dB, eliminating audible aliasing. A digital sidetone function allows audio from the record path to be summed into the playback path after digital filtering.

The MAX9867 also includes two stereo, single-ended line inputs with gain adjustment, which can be recorded by the ADCs and/or output by the headphone amplifiers. An auxiliary ADC accurately measures a DC voltage by utilizing the right audio ADC and reporting the DC voltage through the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. A jack detection function allows the detection of headphone, microphone, and headset jacks. Insertion and removal events can be programmed to trigger a hardware interrupt and flag an I<sup>2</sup>C register bit.

The MAX9867's flexible clock circuitry utilizes a programmable clock divider and a digital PLL, allowing the DAC and ADC to operate at maximum dynamic range for all combinations of master clock (MCLK) and sample rate (LRCLK) without consuming extra supply current. Any master clock between 10MHz and 60MHz is supported as are all sample rates from 8kHz to 48kHz. Master and slave modes are supported for maximum flexibility.

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## I<sup>2</sup>C Registers

The MAX9867 audio codec is completely controlled through software using an I<sup>2</sup>C interface. The power-on default setting is complete shutdown, requiring that the internal registers be programmed to activate the device. See Table 1 for the device's complete register map.

## I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Address

The MAX9867 responds to the slave address 0x30 for all write commands and 0x31 for all read operations.

**Table 1. I<sup>2</sup>C Register Map**

| REGISTER                        | B7        | B6       | B5      | B4      | B3     | B2      | B1     | B0            | REGISTER ADDRESS | POWER-ON RESET STATE |
|---------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------------|------------------|----------------------|
| STATUS                          |           |          |         |         |        |         |        |               |                  |                      |
| Status (Read Only)              | CLD       | SLD      | ULK     | 0       | 0      | 0       | JDET   | 0             | 0x00             | —                    |
| Jack Sense (Read Only)          | LSNS      | JKSNS    | JKMIC   | 0       | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0             | 0x01             | —                    |
| AUX High (Read Only)            | AUX[15:8] |          |         |         |        |         |        |               | 0x02             | —                    |
| AUX Low (Read Only)             | AUX[7:0]  |          |         |         |        |         |        |               | 0x03             | —                    |
| Interrupt Enable                | ICLD      | ISLD     | IULK    | 0       | 0      | SDODLY  | IJDET  | 0             | 0x04             | 0x00                 |
| CLOCK CONTROL                   |           |          |         |         |        |         |        |               |                  |                      |
| System Clock                    | 0         | 0        | PSCLK   |         | FREQ   |         |        |               | 0x05             | 0x00                 |
| Stereo Audio Clock Control High | PLL       | NI[14:8] |         |         |        |         |        |               | 0x06             | 0x00                 |
| Stereo Audio Clock Control Low  | NI[7:1]   |          |         |         |        |         |        | RLK/<br>NI[0] | 0x07             | 0x00                 |
| DIGITAL AUDIO INTERFACE         |           |          |         |         |        |         |        |               |                  |                      |
| Interface Mode                  | MAS       | WCI      | BCI     | DLY     | HIZOFF | TDM     | 0      | 0             | 0x08             | 0x00                 |
| Interface Mode                  | 0         | 0        | 0       | LVOLFIX | DMONO  | BSEL    |        |               | 0x09             | 0x00                 |
| DIGITAL FILTERING               |           |          |         |         |        |         |        |               |                  |                      |
| Codec Filters                   | MODE      | AVFLT    |         |         | 0      | DVFLT   |        |               | 0x0A             | 0x00                 |
| LEVEL CONTROL                   |           |          |         |         |        |         |        |               |                  |                      |
| Sidetone                        | DSTS      |          | 0       | DVST    |        |         |        |               | 0x0B             | 0x00                 |
| DAC Level                       | 0         | DACM     | DACG    |         | DACA   |         |        |               | 0x0C             | 0x00                 |
| ADC Level                       | AVL       |          |         |         | AVR    |         |        |               | 0x0D             | 0x00                 |
| Left-Line Input Level           | 0         | LILM     | 0       | 0       | LIGL   |         |        |               | 0x0E             | 0x00                 |
| Right-Line Input Level          | 0         | LIRM     | 0       | 0       | LIGR   |         |        |               | 0x0F             | 0x00                 |
| Left Volume Control             | 0         | VOLLM    | VOLL    |         |        |         |        | 0x10          | 0x00             |                      |
| Right Volume Control            | 0         | VOLRM    | VOLR    |         |        |         |        | 0x11          | 0x00             |                      |
| Left Microphone Gain            | 0         | PALEN    |         | PGAML   |        |         |        |               | 0x12             | 0x00                 |
| Right Microphone Gain           | 0         | PAREN    |         | PGAMR   |        |         |        |               | 0x13             | 0x00                 |
| CONFIGURATION                   |           |          |         |         |        |         |        |               |                  |                      |
| ADC Input                       | MXINL     |          | MXINR   |         | AUXCAP | AUXGAIN | AUXCAL | AUXEN         | 0x14             | 0x00                 |
| Microphone                      | MICCLK    |          | DIGMICL | DIGMICR | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0             | 0x15             | 0x00                 |
| Mode                            | DSLEW     | VSEN     | ZDEN    | 0       | JDETEN | HPMODE  |        |               | 0x16             | 0x00                 |
| POWER MANAGEMENT                |           |          |         |         |        |         |        |               |                  |                      |
| System Shutdown                 | SHDN      | LNLEN    | LNREN   | 0       | DALEN  | DAREN   | ADLEN  | ADREN         | 0x17             | 0x00                 |
| Revision                        | REV       |          |         |         |        |         |        |               | 0xFF             | 0x42                 |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Device Status

Status registers 0x00 and 0x01 are read-only registers that report the status of various device functions. The status register bits are cleared upon reading the status

register and are set the next time the event occurs. Registers 0x02 and 0x03 report the DC level applied to AUX. See the *ADC* section for more details and Table 2.

**Table 2. Status Registers**

| REGISTER               | B7        | B6    | B5    | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1   | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|----|----|----|------|----|------------------|
| Status (Read Only)     | CLD       | SLD   | ULK   | 0  | 0  | 0  | JDET | 0  | 0x00             |
| Jack Sense (Read Only) | LSNS      | JKSNS | JKMIC | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0x01             |
| AUX High (Read Only)   | AUX[15:8] |       |       |    |    |    |      |    | 0x02             |
| AUX Low (Read Only)    | AUX[7:0]  |       |       |    |    |    |      |    | 0x03             |

| BITS  | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CLD   | <b>Clip Detect Flag</b><br>Indicates that a signal has reached or exceeded full scale in the ADC or DAC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| SLD   | <b>Slew Level Detect Flag</b><br>When volume or gain changes are made, the slewing circuitry smoothly steps through all intermediate settings. When SLD is set high, all slewing has completed and the volume or gain is at its final value. SLD is also set when soft-start or stop is complete.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| ULK   | <b>Digital PLL Unlock Flag</b><br>Indicates that the digital audio PLL has become unlocked and digital signal data is not reliable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| JDET  | <b>Headset Configuration Change Flag</b><br>JDET is set whenever there is a change in register 0x01, indicating that the headset configuration has changed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| LSNS  | <b>LOUTP State (Valid if <math>\overline{\text{SHDN}} = 0</math>, JDETEN = 1)</b><br>LSNS is set when the voltage at LOUTP exceeds AVDD - 0.4V. An internal pullup from AVDD to LOUTP causes this condition whenever there is no load on LOUTP. LSNS is only valid in differential and capacitorless output modes.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| JKSNS | <b>JACKSNS State (Valid if JDETEN = 1)</b><br>JKSNS is set when the voltage at JACKSNS exceeds AVDD - 0.4V. An internal pullup from AVDD to JACKSNS causes this condition whenever there is no load on JACKSNS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| JKMIC | <b>Microphone Detection (Valid if PALEN or PAREN ≠ 00 and JDETEN = 1)</b><br>JKMIC is set when JACKSNS exceeds $0.95 \times V_{\text{MICBIAS}}$ .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| AUX   | <b>Auxiliary Input Measurement</b><br>AUX is a 16-bit signed two's complement number representing the voltage measured at JACKSNS/AUX. Before reading a value from AUX, set AUXCAP to 1 to ensure a stable reading. After reading the value, set AUXCAP to 0.<br>Use the following formula to convert the AUX value into an equivalent JACKSNS/AUX voltage:<br>$\text{Voltage} = 0.738\text{V} \times \left( \frac{\text{AUX}}{k} \right)$<br>k = AUX value when AUXGAIN = 1. See the <i>ADC</i> section for complete details. |

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## Hardware Interrupts

Hardware interrupts are reported on the open-drain  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  pin. When an interrupt occurs,  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  remains low until the interrupt is serviced by reading the status register 0x00. If a flag is set, it is reported as a hardware interrupt only if the corresponding interrupt enable is set. Each bit enables interrupts for the status flag in the respective bit location in register 0x00. See Table 3.

$\overline{\text{SDODLY}}$  is used to control the  $\overline{\text{SDOUT}}$  timing. See the *Digital Audio Interface* section for a detailed description.

## Clock Control

The MAX9867 can work with a master clock (MCLK) supplied from any system clock within the 10MHz-to-60MHz range. Internally, the MAX9867 requires a 10MHz-to-20MHz clock. A prescaler divides MCLK by 1, 2, or 4 to create the internal clock (PCLK). PCLK is used to clock all portions of the MAX9867. See Table 4.

The MAX9867 is capable of supporting any sample rate from 8kHz to 48kHz, including all common sample rates (8kHz, 16kHz, 24kHz, 32kHz, 44.1kHz, and 48kHz). To

accommodate a wide range of system architectures, the MAX9867 supports three main clocking modes:

- **Normal:** This mode uses a 15-bit clock divider coefficient to set the sample rate relative to the prescaled MCLK input (PCLK). This allows high flexibility in both the MCLK and LRCLK frequencies and can be used in either master or slave mode.
- **Exact Integer:** In both master and slave mode, common MCLK frequencies (12MHz, 13MHz, 16MHz, and 19.2MHz) can be programmed to operate in exact integer mode for both 8kHz and 16kHz sample rates. In these modes, the MCLK and LRCLK rates are selected by using the FREQ bits instead of the NI and PLL control bits.
- **PLL:** When operating in slave mode, a PLL can be enabled to lock onto externally generated LRCLK signals that are not integer related to PCLK. Prior to enabling the interface, program NI to the nearest desired ratio and set the NI[0] = 1 to enable the PLL's rapid lock mode. If NI[0] = 0, then NI is ignored and PLL lock time is slower.

**Table 3. Interrupt Register**

| REGISTER         | B7   | B6   | B5   | B4 | B3 | B2                         | B1    | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|------------------|------|------|------|----|----|----------------------------|-------|----|------------------|
| Interrupt Enable | ICLD | ISLD | IULK | 0  | 0  | $\overline{\text{SDODLY}}$ | IJDET | 0  | 0x04             |

**Table 4. Clock Control Registers**

| REGISTER                        | B7      | B6       | B5    | B4 | B3   | B2 | B1 | B0    | REGISTER |
|---------------------------------|---------|----------|-------|----|------|----|----|-------|----------|
| System Clock                    | 0       | 0        | PSCLK |    | FREQ |    |    |       | 0x05     |
| Stereo Audio Clock Control High | PLL     | NI[14:8] |       |    |      |    |    |       | 0x06     |
| Stereo Audio Clock Control Low  | NI[7:1] |          |       |    |      |    |    | NI[0] | 0x07     |

| BITS  | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PSCLK | <b>MCLK Prescaler</b><br>Divides MCLK to generate a PCLK between 10MHz and 20MHz.<br>00 = Disable clock for low-power shutdown.<br>01 = Select if MCLK is between 10MHz and 20MHz.<br>10 = Select if MCLK is between 20MHz and 40MHz.<br>11 = Select if MCLK is between 40MHz and 60MHz. |

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**Table 4. Clock Control Registers (continued)**

| BITS                                                                                                                                                     | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                    |                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| FREQ                                                                                                                                                     | <b>Exact Integer Modes</b><br>Allows integer sampling for specific PCLK (prescaled MCLK) frequencies and 8kHz or 16kHz sample rates.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                    |                    |                   |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>FREQ[3:0]</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>PCLK (MHz)</b>  | <b>LRCLK (kHz)</b> | <b>PCLK/LRCLK</b> |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0x00</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Normal or PLL mode |                    |                   |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0x1–0x7</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Reserved           | Reserved           | Reserved          |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0x8</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 12                 | 8                  | 1500              |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0x9</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 12                 | 16                 | 750               |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0xA</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 13                 | 8                  | 1625              |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0xB</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 13                 | 16                 | 812.5             |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0xC</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 16                 | 8                  | 2000              |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0xD</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 16                 | 16                 | 1000              |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0xE</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 19.2               | 8                  | 2400              |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>0xF</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 19.2               | 16                 | 1200              |
| Modes 0x8–0xF are available in either master or slave mode. In slave mode, if the indicated PCLK/LRCLK ratio cannot be guaranteed, use PLL mode instead. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                    |                    |                   |
| PLL                                                                                                                                                      | <b>PLL Mode Enable</b><br>0 = Valid for slave and master mode. The frequency of LRCLK is set by the NI divider bits. In master mode, the MAX9867 generates LRCLK using the specified divide ratio. In slave mode, the MAX9867 expects an LRCLK as specified by the divide ratio.<br>1 = Valid for slave mode only. A digital PLL locks on to any externally supplied LRCLK signal.                                           |                    |                    |                   |
|                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Rapid Lock Mode</b><br>To enable rapid lock mode, set NI to the nearest desired ratio and set NI[0] = 1 before enabling the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                    |                    |                   |
| NI                                                                                                                                                       | <b>Normal Mode LRCLK Divider</b><br>When PLL = 0, the frequency of LRCLK is determined by NI. See Table 5 for common NI values.<br><br>$NI = (65536 \times 96 \times f_{LRCLK}) / f_{PCLK}$<br>$f_{LRCLK} = \text{LRCLK frequency}$<br>$f_{PCLK} = \text{Prescaled MCLK internal clock frequency (PCLK)}$<br><br>LRCLK > 24kHz is only valid for MODE = 0 (stereo audio mode). MODE = 1 (voice mode) requires LRCLK ≤ 24kHz. |                    |                    |                   |
|                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                    |                    |                   |
|                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                    |                    |                   |
|                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                    |                    |                   |

**Table 5. Common NI Values**

| MCLK (MHz)     | LRCLK (kHz) |               |               |               |               |               |               |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|                | PSCLK       | 8             | 16            | 24            | 32            | 44.1          | 48            |
| <b>11.2896</b> | 01          | 0x116A        | 0x22D4        | 0x343F        | 0x45A9        | <b>0x6000</b> | 0x687D        |
| <b>12</b>      | 01          | 0x1062        | 0x20C5        | 0x3127        | 0x4189        | 0x5A51        | 0x624E        |
| <b>12.288</b>  | 01          | <b>0x1000</b> | <b>0x2000</b> | <b>0x3000</b> | <b>0x4000</b> | 0x5833        | <b>0x6000</b> |
| <b>13</b>      | 01          | 0x0F20        | 0x1E3F        | 0x2D5F        | 0x3C7F        | 0x535F        | 0x5ABE        |
| <b>19.2</b>    | 01          | 0x0A3D        | 0x147B        | 0x1EB8        | 0x28F6        | 0x3873        | 0x3D71        |
| <b>24</b>      | 10          | 0x1062        | 0x20C5        | 0x1893        | 0x4189        | 0x5A51        | 0x624E        |
| <b>26</b>      | 10          | 0x0F20        | 0x1E3F        | 0x16AF        | 0x3C7F        | 0x535F        | 0x5ABE        |
| <b>27</b>      | 10          | 0x0E90        | 0x1D21        | 0x15D8        | 0x3A41        | 0x5048        | 0x5762        |

**Note:** Bolded values are exact integers that provide maximum full-scale performance.

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Digital Audio Interface

The MAX9867's digital audio interface supports a wide range of operating modes to ensure maximum compatibility. See Figures 1–4 for timing diagrams. In master mode, the MAX9867 outputs LRCLK and BCLK, while in slave mode they are inputs. When operating in master

mode, BCLK can be configured in a number of ways to ensure compatibility with other audio devices.

LVOLFIX is used to fix the line input playback volume to 0dB regardless of VOLL and VOLR. See the *Line Inputs* section for complete details and Table 6.

**Table 6. Digital Audio Interface Registers**

| REGISTER       | B7  | B6  | B5  | B4      | B3     | B2   | B1 | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|---------|--------|------|----|----|------------------|
| Interface Mode | MAS | WCI | BCI | DLY     | HIZOFF | TDM  | 0  | 0  | 0x08             |
| Interface Mode | 0   | 0   | 0   | LVOLFIX | DMONO  | BSEL |    |    | 0x09             |

| BITS                       | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MAS                        | <b>Master Mode</b><br>0 = The MAX9867 operates in slave mode with LRCLK and BCLK configured as inputs.<br>1 = The MAX9867 operates in master mode with LRCLK and BCLK configured as outputs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| WCI                        | <b>LRCLK Invert</b><br>0 = Left-channel data is input and output while LRCLK is low.<br>1 = Right-channel data is input and output while LRCLK is low.<br><b>Note:</b> WCI is ignored when TDM = 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| BCI                        | <b>BCLK Invert</b><br>In master and slave modes:<br>0 = SDIN is latched into the part on the rising edge of BCLK.<br>SDOUT transitions after the rising edge of BCLK as determined by $\overline{\text{SDODLY}}$ .<br>1 = SDIN is latched into the part on the falling edge of BCLK.<br>SDOUT transitions after the falling edge of BCLK as determined by $\overline{\text{SDODLY}}$ .<br>In master mode:<br>0 = LRCLK changes state immediately after the rising edge of BCLK.<br>1 = LRCLK changes state immediately after the falling edge of BCLK. |
| $\overline{\text{SDODLY}}$ | <b>SDOUT Delay</b><br>0 = SDOUT transitions one half BCLK cycle after SDIN is latched into the part.<br>1 = SDOUT transitions on the same BCLK edge as SDIN is latched into the part.<br>See Figures 1–4 for complete details. See Register 0x04 (interrupt registers).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| DLY                        | <b>Delay Mode</b><br>0 = SDIN/SDOUT data is latched on the first BCLK edge following an LRCLK edge.<br>1 = SDIN/SDOUT data is assumed to be delayed one BCLK cycle so that it is latched on the 2nd BCLK edge following an LRCLK edge (I <sup>2</sup> S-compatible mode).<br><b>Note:</b> DLY is ignored when TDM = 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| HIZOFF                     | <b>SDOUT High-Impedance Mode</b><br>0 = SDOUT goes to a high-impedance state after all data bits have been transferred out of the MAX9867, allowing SDOUT to be shared by other devices.<br>1 = SDOUT is set either high or low after all data bits have been transferred out of the MAX9867.<br><b>Note:</b> High-impedance mode is intended for use when TDM = 1.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| LVOLFIX                    | See the <i>Line Inputs</i> section.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

**Table 6. Digital Audio Interface Registers (continued)**

| BITS  | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TDM   | <b>TDM Mode Select</b><br>0 = LRCLK signal polarity indicates left and right audio.<br>1 = LRCLK is a framing pulse that transitions polarity to indicate the start of a frame of audio data consisting of multiple channels.<br>When operating in TDM mode, the left channel is output immediately following the frame sync pulse. If right-channel data is being transmitted, the 2nd channel of data immediately follows the 1st channel data. |
| DMONO | <b>Mono Playback Mode</b><br>0 = Stereo data input on SDIN is processed separately.<br>1 = Stereo data input on SDIN is mixed to a single channel and routed to both the left and right DAC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| BSEL  | <b>BCLK Select</b><br>Configures BCLK when operating in master mode. BSEL has no effect in slave mode. Set BSEL = 010, unless sharing the bus with multiple devices:<br>000 = Off<br>001 = 64x LRCLK (192x internal clock divided by 3)<br>010 = 48x LRCLK (192x internal clock divided by 4)<br>011 = Reserved for future use.<br>100 = PCLK/2<br>101 = PCLK/4<br>110 = PCLK/8<br>111 = PCLK/16                                                  |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

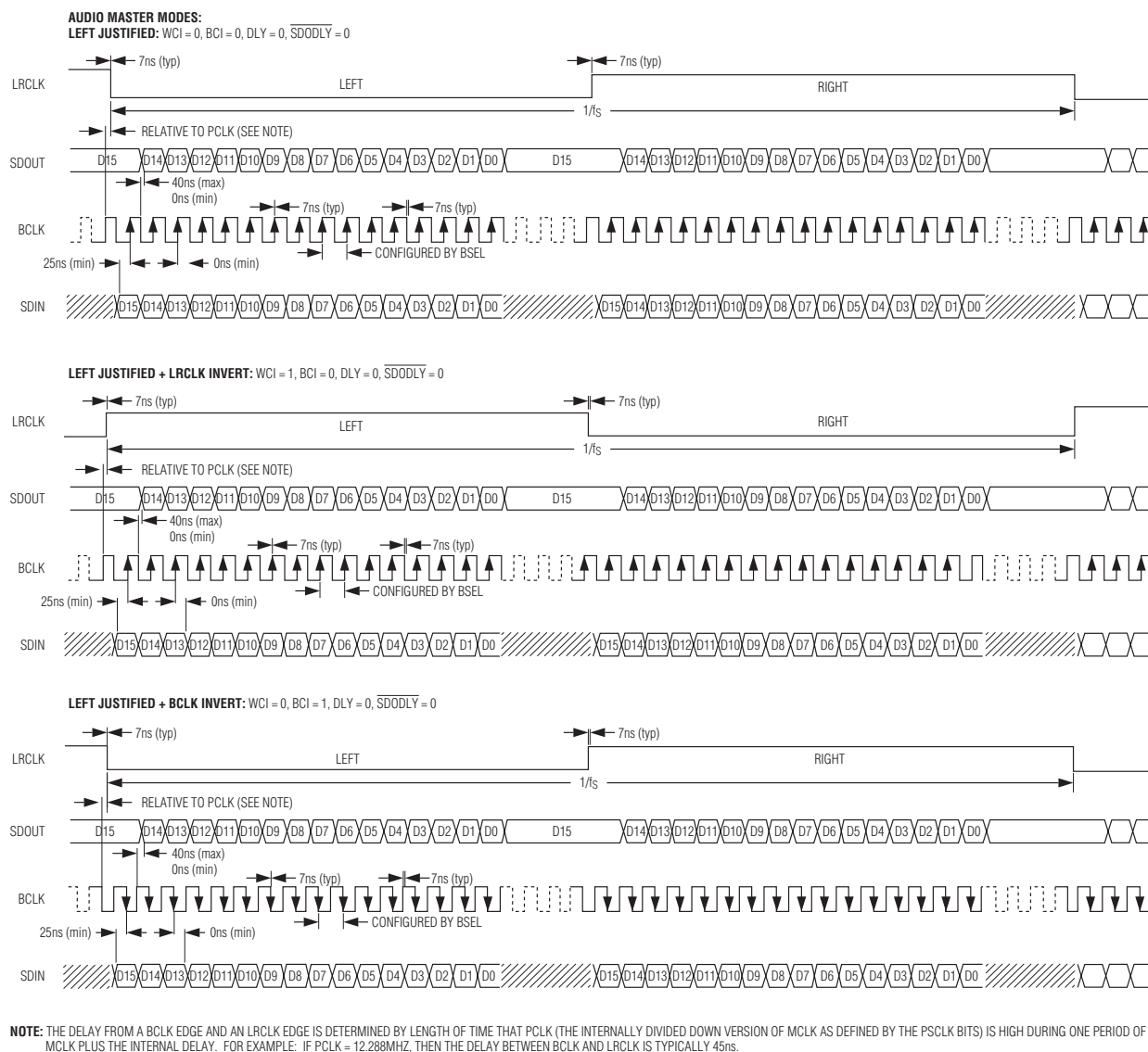


Figure 1. Digital Audio Interface Audio Master Mode Example (Sheet 1 of 2)

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

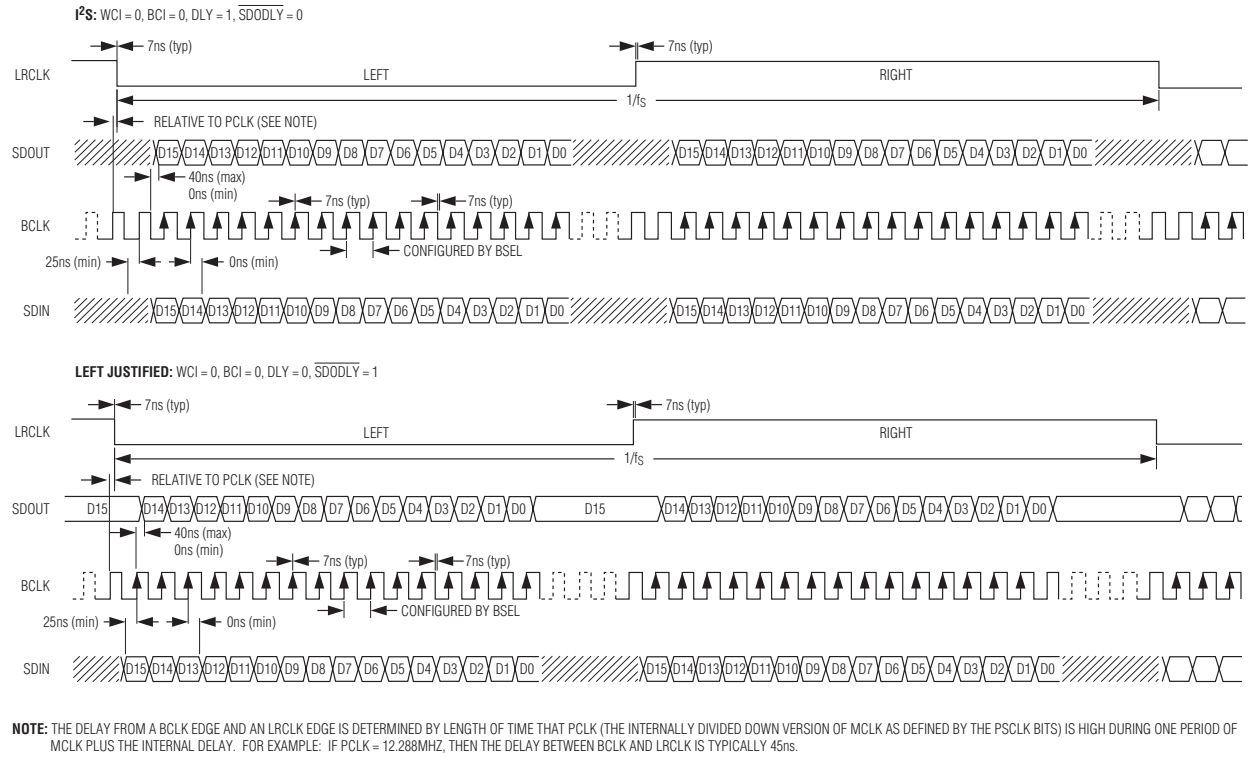


Figure 1. Digital Audio Interface Audio Master Mode Example (Sheet 2 of 2)

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

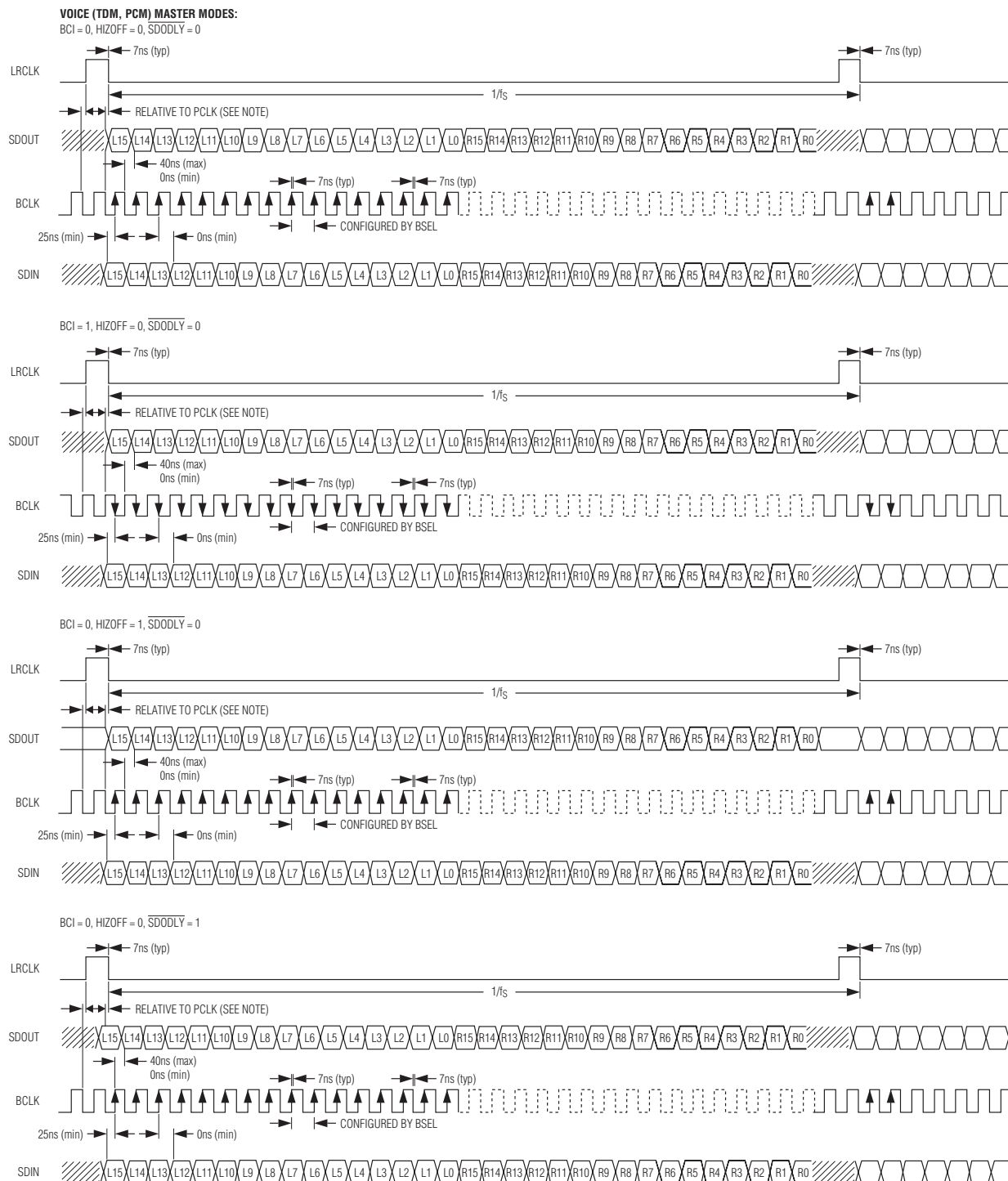


Figure 2. Digital Audio Interface Voice Master Mode Examples

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

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Figure 3. Digital Audio Interface Audio Slave Mode Examples (Sheet 1 of 2)

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

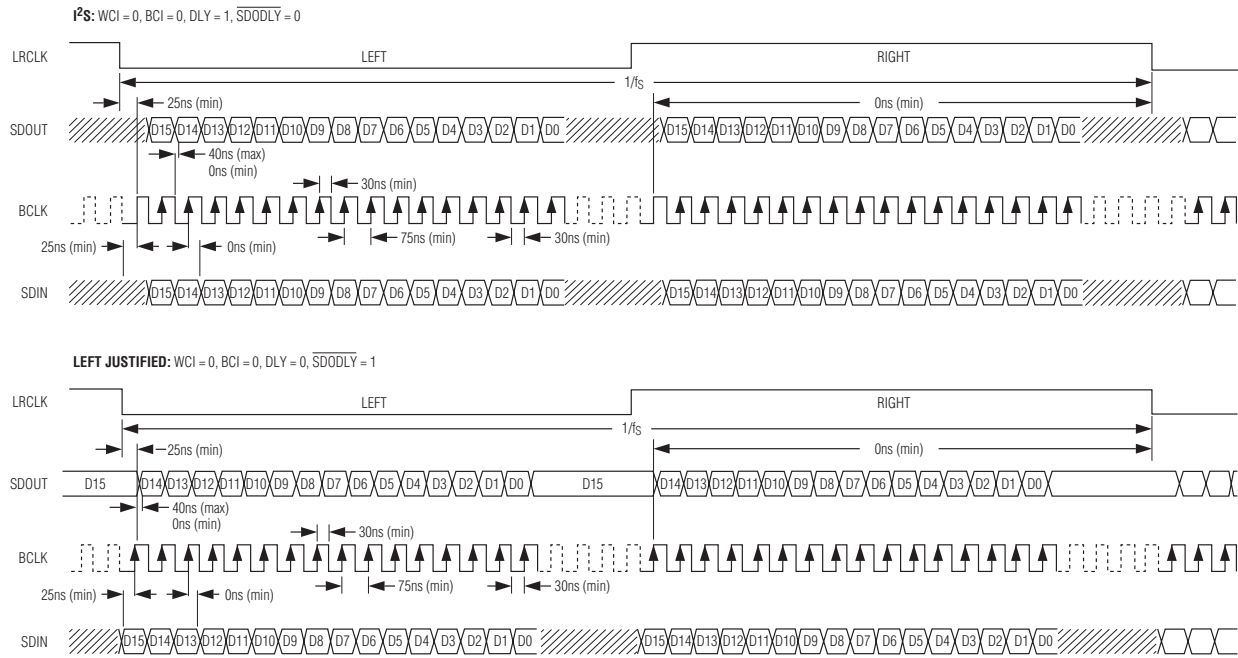


Figure 3. Digital Audio Interface Audio Slave Mode Examples (Sheet 2 of 2)

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Figure 4. Digital Audio Interface Voice Slave Mode Examples

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Digital Filtering

The MAX9867 incorporates both IIR (voice) and FIR (audio) digital filters to accommodate a wide range of audio sources. The IIR filters provide over 70dB of

stopband attenuation as well as selectable highpass filters. The FIR filters provide low-power consumption and are linear phase to maintain stereo imaging. Table 7 is the digital filtering register.

**Table 7. Digital Filtering Register**

| REGISTER      | B7   | B6    | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2    | B1 | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|---------------|------|-------|----|----|----|-------|----|----|------------------|
| Codec Filters | MODE | AVFLT |    |    | 0  | DVFLT |    |    | 0x0A             |

| BITS  | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MODE  | <b>Digital Audio Filter Mode</b><br>0 = IIR Voice Filters<br>1 = FIR Audio Filters                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| AVFLT | <b>ADC Digital Audio Filter</b><br><b>MODE = 0</b><br>Select the desired digital filter response from Table 8. See the Frequency Response graph in the <i>Typical Operating Characteristics</i> section for details on each filter.<br><b>MODE = 1</b><br>0x0 = DC-blocking filter is disabled. Any other setting = DC-blocking filter is enabled. |
| DVFLT | <b>DAC Digital Audio Filter</b><br><b>MODE = 0</b><br>Select the desired digital filter response from Table 8. See the Frequency Response graph in the <i>Typical Operating Characteristics</i> section for details on each filter.<br><b>MODE = 1</b><br>0x0 = DC-blocking filter is disabled. Any other setting = DC-blocking filter is enabled. |

**Table 8. IIR Highpass Digital Filters**

| CODE       | FILTER TYPE | INTENDED SAMPLE RATE (kHz) | HIGHPASS CORNER FREQUENCY (Hz) | 217Hz NOTCH |
|------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| 0x0        | Disabled    |                            |                                |             |
| 0x1        | Elliptical  | 16                         | 256                            | Yes         |
| 0x2        | Butterworth | 16                         | 500                            | No          |
| 0x3        | Elliptical  | 8                          | 256                            | Yes         |
| 0x4        | Butterworth | 8                          | 500                            | No          |
| 0x5        | Butterworth | 8 to 24                    | $f_s/240$                      | No          |
| 0x6 to 0x7 | Reserved    |                            |                                |             |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Digital Gain Control

The MAX9867 includes digital gain adjustment for the playback and record paths. Independent gain adjustment is provided for the two record channels. Sidetone

gain adjustment is also provided to set the sidetone level relative to the playback level. Table 9 is the digital gain registers.

**Table 9. Digital Gain Registers**

| REGISTER  | B7   | B6   | B5   | B4   | B3   | B2 | B1 | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|----|----|----|------------------|
| Sidetone  | DSTS |      | 0    | DVST |      |    |    |    | 0x0B             |
| DAC Level | 0    | DACM | DACG |      | DACA |    |    |    | 0x0C             |
| ADC Level | AVL  |      |      |      | AVR  |    |    |    | 0x0D             |

| BITS | FUNCTION                                                                                                                          |                  |                |                  |                |                  |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| DSTS | <b>Digital Sidetone Source Mixer</b><br>00 = No sidetone is selected.<br>01 = Left ADC<br>10 = Right ADC<br>11 = Left + right ADC |                  |                |                  |                |                  |
| DVST | <b>Digital Sidetone Level Control</b><br>All gain settings are relative to the ADC input voltage.                                 |                  |                |                  |                |                  |
|      | <b>Differential Headphone Output Mode</b>                                                                                         |                  |                |                  |                |                  |
|      | <b>SETTING</b>                                                                                                                    | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> | <b>SETTING</b> | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> | <b>SETTING</b> | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> |
|      | 0x00                                                                                                                              | Off              | 0x0B           | -20              | 0x16           | -42              |
|      | 0x01                                                                                                                              | 0                | 0x0C           | -22              | 0x17           | -44              |
|      | 0x02                                                                                                                              | -2               | 0x0D           | -24              | 0x18           | -46              |
|      | 0x03                                                                                                                              | -4               | 0x0E           | -26              | 0x19           | -48              |
|      | 0x04                                                                                                                              | -6               | 0x0F           | -28              | 0x1A           | -50              |
|      | 0x05                                                                                                                              | -8               | 0x10           | -30              | 0x1B           | -52              |
|      | 0x06                                                                                                                              | -10              | 0x11           | -32              | 0x1C           | -54              |
|      | 0x07                                                                                                                              | -12              | 0x12           | -34              | 0x1D           | -56              |
|      | 0x08                                                                                                                              | -14              | 0x13           | -36              | 0x1E           | -58              |
|      | 0x09                                                                                                                              | -16              | 0x14           | -38              | 0x1F           | -60              |
|      | 0x0A                                                                                                                              | -18              | 0x15           | -40              | —              | —                |
|      | <b>Capacitorless and Single-Ended Headphone Output Mode</b>                                                                       |                  |                |                  |                |                  |
|      | <b>SETTING</b>                                                                                                                    | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> | <b>SETTING</b> | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> | <b>SETTING</b> | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> |
|      | 0x00                                                                                                                              | Off              | 0x0B           | -25              | 0x16           | -47              |
|      | 0x01                                                                                                                              | -5               | 0x0C           | -27              | 0x17           | -49              |
|      | 0x02                                                                                                                              | -7               | 0x0D           | -29              | 0x18           | -51              |
|      | 0x03                                                                                                                              | -9               | 0x0E           | -31              | 0x19           | -53              |
|      | 0x04                                                                                                                              | -11              | 0x0F           | -33              | 0x1A           | -55              |
|      | 0x05                                                                                                                              | -13              | 0x10           | -35              | 0x1B           | -57              |
|      | 0x06                                                                                                                              | -15              | 0x11           | -37              | 0x1C           | -59              |
|      | 0x07                                                                                                                              | -17              | 0x12           | -39              | 0x1D           | -61              |
|      | 0x08                                                                                                                              | -19              | 0x13           | -41              | 0x1E           | -63              |
|      | 0x09                                                                                                                              | -21              | 0x14           | -43              | 0x1F           | -65              |
|      | 0x0A                                                                                                                              | -23              | 0x15           | -45              | —              | —                |
| DACM | <b>DAC Mute Enable</b><br>0 = No mute<br>1 = Mute                                                                                 |                  |                |                  |                |                  |

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Table 9. Digital Gain Registers (continued)

| BITS    | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                              |                  |                |                  |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| DACG    | <b>DAC Gain</b><br>00 = 0dB<br>01 = +6dB<br>10 = +12dB<br>11 = +18dB<br><b>Note:</b> DACG is only used when MODE = 0. If MODE = 1, the DAC level is only set by DACA. |                  |                |                  |
| DACA    | <b>DAC Level Control</b><br>DACA works in all modes.                                                                                                                  |                  |                |                  |
|         | <b>SETTING</b>                                                                                                                                                        | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> | <b>SETTING</b> | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> |
|         | 0x0                                                                                                                                                                   | 0                | 0x8            | -8               |
|         | 0x1                                                                                                                                                                   | -1               | 0x9            | -9               |
|         | 0x2                                                                                                                                                                   | -2               | 0xA            | -10              |
|         | 0x3                                                                                                                                                                   | -3               | 0xB            | -11              |
|         | 0x4                                                                                                                                                                   | -4               | 0xC            | -12              |
|         | 0x5                                                                                                                                                                   | -5               | 0xD            | -13              |
|         | 0x6                                                                                                                                                                   | -6               | 0xE            | -14              |
|         | 0x7                                                                                                                                                                   | -7               | 0xF            | -15              |
| AVL/AVR | <b>ADC Left/Right Level Control</b>                                                                                                                                   |                  |                |                  |
|         | <b>SETTING</b>                                                                                                                                                        | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> | <b>SETTING</b> | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> |
|         | 0x0                                                                                                                                                                   | +3               | 0x8            | -5               |
|         | 0x1                                                                                                                                                                   | +2               | 0x9            | -6               |
|         | 0x2                                                                                                                                                                   | +1               | 0xA            | -7               |
|         | 0x3                                                                                                                                                                   | 0                | 0xB            | -8               |
|         | 0x4                                                                                                                                                                   | -1               | 0xC            | -9               |
|         | 0x5                                                                                                                                                                   | -2               | 0xD            | -10              |
|         | 0x6                                                                                                                                                                   | -3               | 0xE            | -11              |
|         | 0x7                                                                                                                                                                   | -4               | 0xF            | -12              |

## Line Inputs

The MAX9867 includes one pair of single-ended line inputs. When enabled, the line inputs connect directly

to the headphone amplifier and can be optionally connected to the ADC for recording. Table 10 lists the line input registers.

Table 10. Line Input Registers

| REGISTER               | B7 | B6   | B5 | B4 | B3   | B2 | B1 | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|------------------------|----|------|----|----|------|----|----|----|------------------|
| Left-Line Input Level  | 0  | LILM | 0  | 0  | LIGL |    |    |    | 0x0E             |
| Right-Line Input Level | 0  | LIRM | 0  | 0  | LIGR |    |    |    | 0x0F             |

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**Table 10. Line Input Registers (continued)**

| BITS      | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                  |                |                  |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| LILM/LIRM | <b>Line-Input Left/Right Playback Mute</b><br>0 = Line input is connected to the headphone amplifiers.<br>1 = Line input is disconnected from the headphone amplifiers.                                                           |                  |                |                  |
| LIGL/LIGR | <b>Line-Input Left/Right Gain</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                  |                |                  |
|           | <b>SETTING</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> | <b>SETTING</b> | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> |
|           | 0x0                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | +24              | 0x8            | +8               |
|           | 0x1                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | +22              | 0x9            | +6               |
|           | 0x2                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | +20              | 0xA            | +4               |
|           | 0x3                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | +18              | 0xB            | +2               |
|           | 0x4                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | +16              | 0xC            | 0                |
|           | 0x5                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | +14              | 0xD            | -2               |
|           | 0x6                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | +12              | 0xE            | -4               |
|           | 0x7                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | +10              | 0xF            | -6               |
| LVOLFIX   | <b>Fix Line Input Volume</b><br>0 = Line input to headphone output volume tracks VOLL and VOLR bits.<br>1 = Line input to headphone output volume fixed at VOLL and VOLR bits.<br>See the <i>Digital Audio Interface</i> section. |                  |                |                  |

## Playback Volume

The MAX9867 incorporates volume and mute control to allow level control for the playback audio path. Program

registers 0x10 and 0x11 to set the desired volume. See Table 11.

**Table 11. Playback Volume Registers**

| REGISTER             | B7 | B6    | B5   | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|----------------------|----|-------|------|----|----|----|----|----|------------------|
| Left Volume Control  | 0  | VOLLM | VOLL |    |    |    |    |    | 0x10             |
| Right Volume Control | 0  | VOLRM | VOLR |    |    |    |    |    | 0x11             |

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Table 11. Playback Volume Registers (continued)

| BITS        | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |           |         |           |              |           |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| VOLLM/VOLRM | <b>Left/Right Playback Mute</b><br>VOLLM and VOLRM mute both the DAC and line input audio signals.<br>0 = Audio playback is unmuted.<br>1 = Audio playback is muted<br><b>Note:</b> VSEN has no effect on the mute function. When VOLLM or VOLRM is set, the output is muted immediately ( $\overline{\text{ZDEN}} = 1$ ) or at the next zero-crossing ( $\overline{\text{ZDEN}} = 0$ ). |           |         |           |              |           |
|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |           |         |           |              |           |
| VOLL/VOLR   | <b>Left/Right Playback Volume</b><br>VOLL and VOLR control the playback volume for both the DAC and line input audio signals.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |           |         |           |              |           |
|             | SETTING                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | GAIN (dB) | SETTING | GAIN (dB) | SETTING      | GAIN (dB) |
|             | 0x00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +6        | 0x0E    | -5        | 0x1C         | -42       |
|             | 0x01                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +5.5      | 0x0F    | -6        | 0x1D         | -46       |
|             | 0x02                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +5        | 0x10    | -8        | 0x1E         | -50       |
|             | 0x03                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +4.5      | 0x11    | -10       | 0x1F         | -54       |
|             | 0x04                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +4        | 0x12    | -12       | 0x20         | -58       |
|             | 0x05                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +3.5      | 0x13    | -14       | 0x21         | -62       |
|             | 0x06                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +3        | 0x14    | -16       | 0x22         | -66       |
|             | 0x07                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +2        | 0x15    | -18       | 0x23         | -70       |
|             | 0x08                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | +1        | 0x16    | -20       | 0x24         | -74       |
|             | 0x09                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 0         | 0x17    | -22       | 0x25         | -78       |
|             | 0x0A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -1        | 0x18    | -26       | 0x26         | -82       |
|             | 0x0B                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -2        | 0x19    | -30       | 0x27         | -84       |
|             | 0x0C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -3        | 0x1A    | -34       | 0x28 to 0x3F | MUTE      |
|             | 0x0D                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -4        | 0x1B    | -38       |              |           |
|             | <b>Note:</b> Gain settings apply when the headphone amplifier is configured in differential mode. In the single-ended and capacitorless modes, the actual gain is 5dB lower for each setting.                                                                                                                                                                                            |           |         |           |              |           |

## Microphone Inputs

Two differential microphone inputs and a low-noise microphone bias for powering the microphones are provided by the MAX9867. In typical applications, the left microphone records a voice signal and the right microphone records a background noise signal. In applications that require only one microphone, use the left microphone input and disable the right ADC. The microphone signals are amplified by two stages of gain and then routed to

the ADCs. The first stage offers selectable 0dB, 20dB, or 30dB settings. The second stage is a programmable gain amplifier (PGA) adjustable from 0dB to 20dB in 1dB steps. Zero-crossing detection is included on the PGA to minimize zipper noise while making gain changes. See Figure 5 for a detailed diagram of the microphone input structure. Table 12 is the microphone input register.

Table 12. Microphone Input Registers

| REGISTER              | B7 | B6    | B5 | B4    | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|-----------------------|----|-------|----|-------|----|----|----|----|------------------|
| Left Microphone Gain  | 0  | PALEN |    | PGAML |    |    |    |    | 0x12             |
| Right Microphone Gain | 0  | PAREN |    | PGAMR |    |    |    |    | 0x13             |

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Table 12. Microphone Input Registers (continued)

| BITS        | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                    |                  |                 |                  |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| PALEN/PAREN | <b>Left/Right Microphone Preamplifier Gain</b><br>Enables the microphone circuitry and sets the preamplifier gain.<br>00 = Disabled<br>01 = 0dB<br>10 = +20dB<br>11 = +30dB |                  |                 |                  |
| PGAML/PGAMR | <b>Left/Right Microphone Programmable Gain Amplifier</b>                                                                                                                    |                  |                 |                  |
|             | <b>SETTING</b>                                                                                                                                                              | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> | <b>SETTING</b>  | <b>GAIN (dB)</b> |
|             | 0x00                                                                                                                                                                        | +20              | 0x0B            | +9               |
|             | 0x01                                                                                                                                                                        | +19              | 0x0C            | +8               |
|             | 0x02                                                                                                                                                                        | +18              | 0x0D            | +7               |
|             | 0x03                                                                                                                                                                        | +17              | 0x0E            | +6               |
|             | 0x04                                                                                                                                                                        | +16              | 0x0F            | +5               |
|             | 0x05                                                                                                                                                                        | +15              | 0x10            | +4               |
|             | 0x06                                                                                                                                                                        | +14              | 0x11            | +3               |
|             | 0x07                                                                                                                                                                        | +13              | 0x12            | +2               |
|             | 0x08                                                                                                                                                                        | +12              | 0x13            | +1               |
|             | 0x09                                                                                                                                                                        | +10              | 0x14<br>to 0x1F | 0                |
|             | 0x0A                                                                                                                                                                        | +11              |                 |                  |

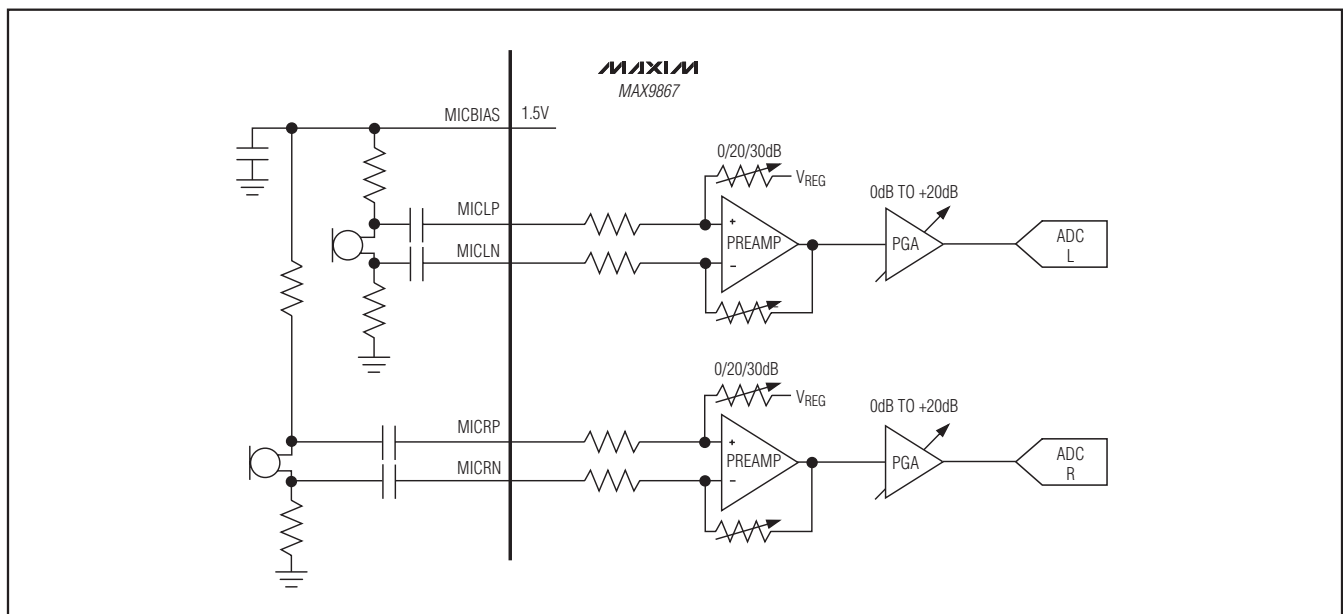


Figure 5. Microphone Input Signal Path

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## ADC

The MAX9867 includes two 16-bit ADCs. The first ADC is used to record left-channel microphone and line-input audio signals. The second ADC can be used to record right-channel microphone and line-input signals, or it can be configured to accurately measure DC voltages.

When measuring DC voltages, both the left and right ADCs must be enabled by setting ADLEN and ADREN in register 0x17. The input to the second ADC is JACK-SNS/AUX and the output is reported in AUX (registers 0x02 and 0x03). Since the audio ADC is used to perform the measurement, the digital audio interface must be properly configured. If the left ADC is being used to convert audio, the DC measurement is performed at the same sample rate. When not using the left ADC, configure the digital interface for a 48kHz sample rate to ensure the fastest possible settling time.

To ensure accurate results, the MAX9867 includes two calibration routines. Calibrate the ADC each time the MAX9867 is powered on. Calibration settings are not lost if the MAX9867 is placed in shutdown. When making a measurement, set AUXCAP to 1 to prevent AUX from changing while reading the registers.

### Setup Procedure

- 1) Ensure a valid MCLK signal is provided and configure PSCLK appropriately.
- 2) Choose a clocking mode. The following options are possible:
  - **Slave mode with LRCLK and BCLK signals provided.** The measurement sample rate is determined by the external clocks.
  - **Slave mode with no LRCLK and BCLK signals provided.** Configure the device for normal clock mode using the NI ratio. Select  $f_S = 48\text{kHz}$  to allow for the fastest settling times.
  - **Master mode with audio.** Configure the device in normal mode using the NI ratio or exact integer mode using FREQ as required by the audio signal.
  - **Master mode without audio.** Configure the device in normal mode using the NI ratio. Select  $f_S = 48\text{kHz}$  to allow for the fastest settling times.
- 3) Ensure JACKSNS is disabled.
- 4) Enable the left and right ADC; take the MAX9867 out of shutdown.

### Offset Calibration Procedure

Perform the following steps before the first DC measurement is taken after applying power to the MAX9867:

Table 13. AUX ADC Wait Times

| WAIT TIMES  |                |
|-------------|----------------|
| LRCLK (kHz) | WAIT TIME (ms) |
| 48          | 40             |
| 44.1        | 44             |
| 32          | 60             |
| 24          | 80             |
| 22.05       | 90             |
| 16          | 120            |
| 12          | 160            |
| 11.025      | 175            |
| 8           | 240            |

- 1) Enable the AUX input (AUXEN = 1).
- 2) Enable the offset calibration (AUXCAL = 1).
- 3) Wait the appropriate time (see Table 13).
- 4) Complete calibration (AUXCAL = 0).

### Gain Calibration Procedure

Perform the following steps the first time a DC measurement is taken after applying power to the MAX9867 or if the temperature changes significantly:

- 1) Enable the AUX input (AUXEN = 1).
- 2) Start gain calibration (AUXGAIN = 1).
- 3) Wait the appropriate time (see Table 13).
- 4) Freeze the measurement results (AUXCAP = 1).
- 5) Read AUX and store the value in memory to correct all future measurements ( $k = \text{AUX}[15:0]$ ,  $k$  is typically 19500).
- 6) Complete calibration (AUXGAIN = AUXCAP = 0).

### DC Measurement Procedure

Perform the following steps after offset and gain calibration are complete:

- 1) Enable the AUX input (AUXEN = 1).
- 2) Wait the appropriate time (see Table 13).
- 3) Freeze the measurement results (AUXCAP = 1).
- 4) Read AUX and correct with the gain calibration value:

$$V_{\text{AUX}} = 0.738 \left( \frac{\text{AUX}[15:0]}{k} \right)$$

- 5) Complete measurement (AUXCAP = 0).

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### Complete DC Measurement Example

MCLK = 13MHz, slave mode, BCLK and LRCLK not externally supplied:

- 1) Configure the digital audio interface for  $f_S = 48\text{kHz}$  (PSCLK = 01, FREQ = 0x0, PLL = 0, NI = 0x5ABE, MAS = 0).
- 2) Disable JACKSNS (JDETEN = 0).
- 3) Enable the left and right ADC; take the MAX9867 out of shutdown (ADLEN = ADREN = SHDN = 1).
- 4) Calibrate the offset:
  - a. Enable the AUX input (AUXEN = 1).
  - b. Enable the offset calibration (AUXCAL = 1).
  - c. Wait 40ms.
  - d. Complete calibration (AUXCAL = 0).
- 5) Calibrate the gain:
  - a. Start gain calibration (AUXGAIN = 1).
  - b. Wait 40ms.
  - c. Freeze the measurement results (AUXCAP = 1).
  - d. Read AUX and store the value in memory to correct all future measurements ( $k = \text{AUX}[15:0]$ ).
  - e. Complete calibration (AUXGAIN = AUXCAP = AUXEN = 0).
- 6) Measure the voltage on JACKSNS/AUX:
  - a. Enable the AUX input (AUXEN = 1).
  - b. Wait 40ms.
  - c. Freeze the measurement results (AUXCAP = 1).
  - d. Read AUX and correct with the gain calibration value.
  - e. Complete measurement (AUXCAP = 0).
- 7) DC measurement complete.

**Table 14. ADC Input Register**

| REGISTER  | B7    | B6 | B5    | B4 | B3     | B2      | B1     | B0    | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|-----------|-------|----|-------|----|--------|---------|--------|-------|------------------|
| ADC Input | MXINL |    | MXINR |    | AUXCAP | AUXGAIN | AUXCAL | AUXEN | 0x14             |

| BITS        | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MXINL/MXINR | <b>Left/Right ADC Audio Input Mixer</b><br>00 = No input is selected.<br>01 = Left/right analog microphone<br>10 = Left/right line input<br>11 = Left/right analog microphone + line input<br><b>Note:</b> If the right-line input is disabled, then the left-line input is connected to both mixers. Enabling the left and right digital microphones disables the left and right audio mixers, respectively. See DIGMICK/ DIGMICR in Table 15 for more details. |
| AUXCAP      | <b>Auxiliary Input Capture</b><br>0 = Update AUX with the voltage at JACKSNS/AUX.<br>1 = Hold AUX for reading.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| AUXGAIN     | <b>Auxiliary Input Gain Calibration</b><br>0 = Normal operation<br>1 = The input buffer is disconnected from JACKSNS/AUX and connected to an internal voltage reference. While in this mode, read the AUX register and store the value. Use the stored value as a gain calibration factor, K, on subsequent readings.                                                                                                                                            |
| AUXCAL      | <b>Auxiliary Input Offset Calibration</b><br>0 = Normal operation<br>1 = JACKSNS/AUX is disconnected from the input and the ADC automatically calibrates out any internal offsets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| AUXEN       | <b>Auxiliary Input Enable</b><br>0 = Use JACKSNS/AUX for jack detection.<br>1 = Use JACKSNS/AUX for DC measurements.<br><b>Note:</b> For AUXEN = 1, set MXINR = 00, ADLEN = 1, and ADREN = 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Digital Microphone Input

The MAX9867 can accept audio from up to two digital microphones. When using digital microphones, the left analog microphone input is retasked as a digital micro-

phone input. The right analog microphone input is still available to allow a combination of analog and digital microphones to be used. Figure 6 shows the digital microphone interface timing diagram. See Table 15.

**Table 15. Digital Microphone Input Register**

| REGISTER        | B7                                                                                              | B6 | B5             | B4      | B3                                              | B2 | B1                       | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------|----|--------------------------|----|------------------|
| Microphone      | MICCLK                                                                                          |    | DIGMICL        | DIGMICR | 0                                               | 0  | 0                        | 0  | 0x15             |
|                 |                                                                                                 |    |                |         |                                                 |    |                          |    |                  |
| BITS            | FUNCTION                                                                                        |    |                |         |                                                 |    |                          |    |                  |
| MICCLK          | <b>Digital Microphone Clock</b><br>00 = PCLK/8<br>01 = PCLK/6<br>10 = Reserved<br>11 = Reserved |    |                |         |                                                 |    |                          |    |                  |
| DIGMICL/DIGMICR | <b>Digital Left/Right Microphone Enable</b>                                                     |    |                |         |                                                 |    |                          |    |                  |
|                 | <b>DIGMICL</b>                                                                                  |    | <b>DIGMICR</b> |         | <b>Left ADC Input</b>                           |    | <b>Right ADC Input</b>   |    |                  |
|                 | 0                                                                                               |    | 0              |         | ADC input mixer                                 |    | ADC input mixer          |    |                  |
|                 | 0                                                                                               |    | 1              |         | Line input (left analog microphone unavailable) |    | Right digital microphone |    |                  |
|                 | 1                                                                                               |    | 0              |         | Left digital microphone                         |    | ADC input mixer          |    |                  |
|                 | 1                                                                                               |    | 1              |         | Left digital microphone                         |    | Right digital microphone |    |                  |
|                 | <b>Note:</b> The left analog microphone input is never available when DIGMICL or DIGMICR = 1.   |    |                |         |                                                 |    |                          |    |                  |

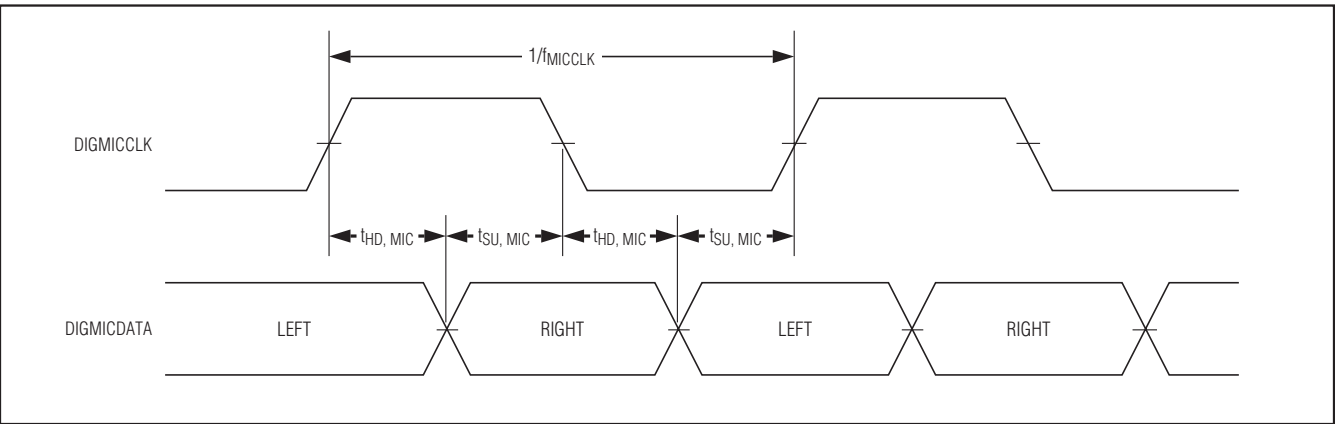


Figure 6. Digital Microphone Timing Diagram

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Mode Configuration

The MAX9867 includes circuitry to minimize click-and-pop during volume changes, detect headsets, and configure the headphone amplifier mode. Both volume slewing and zero-crossing detection are included to ensure click-and-pop free volume transitions. Table 16 is the mode configuration register.

## Headset Detection Overview

The MAX9867 features headset detection that can detect the insertion and removal of a jack as well as the load type. When a jack is detected, an interrupt on  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  can be triggered to alert the microcontroller of the event. Figure 7 shows the typical configuration for jack detection.

## Sleep-Mode Headset Detection

When the MAX9867 is in shutdown and the power supply is available, sleep-mode headset detection can be enabled to detect jack insertion. Sleep mode applies a  $4\mu\text{A}$  pullup current to JACKSNS/AUX and LOUTP that forces the voltage on JACKSNS/AUX and LOUTP to AVDD when no load is applied. When a jack is inserted, either JACKSNS, LOUTP (assuming the headphone amplifier is not configured in single-ended mode), or both are loaded sufficiently to reduce the output voltage to nearly 0V and clear the JKSNS or LSNS bits, respectively. The change in the LSNS and JKSNS bits sets JDET and triggers an interrupt on  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  if IJDET is set. The interrupt signals the microcontroller that a jack has been inserted, allowing the microcontroller to respond as desired.

## Powered-On Headset Detection

When the MAX9867 is in normal operation and the microphone interface is enabled, jack insertion and removal can be detected through the JACKSNS/AUX pin. As shown in Figure 7,  $V_{\text{MIC}}$  is pulled up by MICBIAS. When a microphone is connected,  $V_{\text{MIC}}$  is assumed to be between 0V and 95% of  $V_{\text{MICBIAS}}$ . If the jack is removed,  $V_{\text{MIC}}$  increases to  $V_{\text{MICBIAS}}$ . This event causes JKMIC to be set, alerting the system that the headset has been removed. Alternatively, if the jack is inserted,  $V_{\text{MIC}}$  decreases to below 95% of  $V_{\text{MICBIAS}}$  and JKMIC is cleared, alerting the system that a jack has been inserted. The JKMIC bit can be configured to create a hardware interrupt that alerts the microcontroller of jack removal and insertion events.

## Headphone Modes

The headphone amplifier supports differential, single-ended, and capacitorless output modes, as shown in Figure 8. In each mode, the amplifier can be configured for stereo or mono operation. The differential and capacitorless modes are inherently click and pop free. The single-ended mode optionally includes click-and-pop reduction to eliminate the click and pop that would normally be caused by the output coupling capacitor. When click-and-pop reduction is not required in the single-ended configuration, leave LOUTN and ROUTN unconnected.

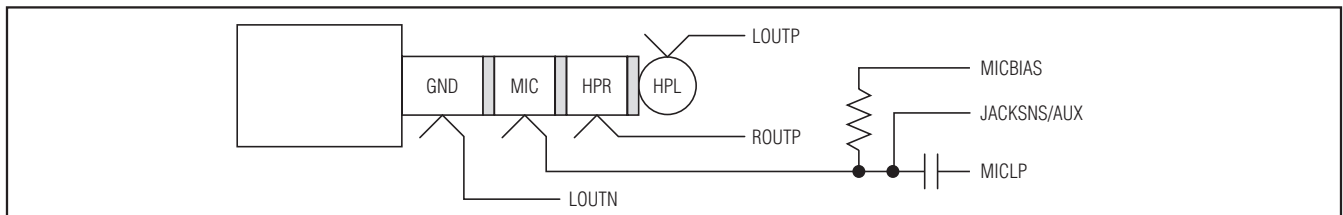


Figure 7. Typical Configuration for Headset Detection

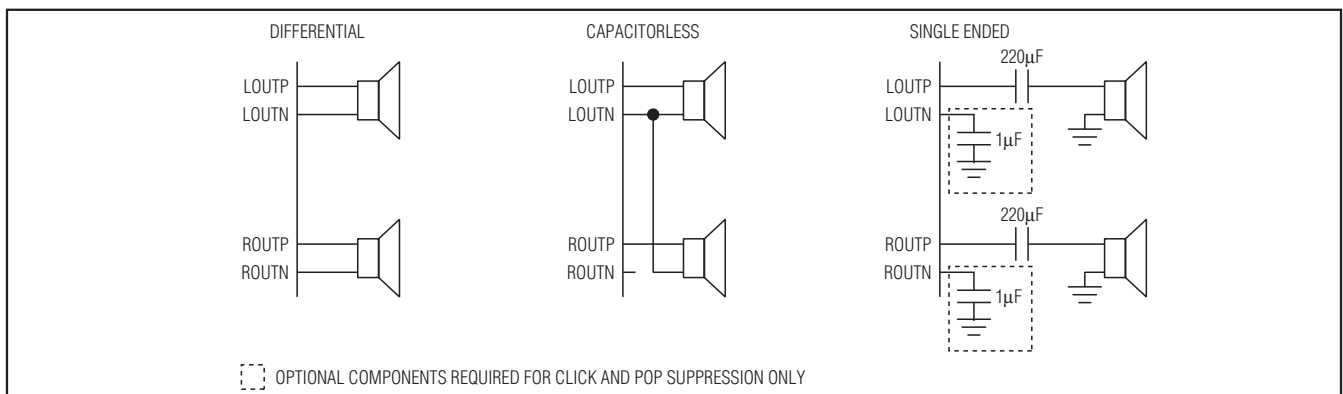


Figure 8. Headphone Amplifier Modes

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

Table 16. Mode Configuration Register

| REGISTER | B7    | B6                       | B5                       | B4 | B3     | B2     | B1 | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|----------|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----|--------|--------|----|----|------------------|
| Mode     | DSLEW | $\overline{\text{VSEN}}$ | $\overline{\text{ZDEN}}$ | 0  | JDETEN | HPMODE |    |    | 0x16             |

| BITS                     | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| DSLEW                    | <b>Digital Volume Slew Speed</b><br>0 = Digital volume changes are slewed over 10ms.<br>1 = Digital volume changes are slewed over 80ms.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                         |
| $\overline{\text{VSEN}}$ | <b>Volume Change Smoothing</b><br>0 = Volume changes slew through all intermediate values.<br>1 = Volume changes occur in one step.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                         |
| $\overline{\text{ZDEN}}$ | <b>Line Input Zero-Crossing Detection</b><br>0 = Line input volume changes occur at zero crossings in the audio waveform or after 62ms if no zero crossing occurs.<br>1 = Line-input volume changes occur immediately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                         |
| JDETEN                   | <b>Jack Detection Enable</b><br><b>SHDN = 0: Sleep Mode</b><br>Enables pullups on LOUTP and JACKSNS/AUX to detect jack insertion. LSNS and JKSNS are valid. LOUTP detection is only valid in differential and capacitorless output modes.<br><b>SHDN = 1: Normal Mode</b><br>Enables the comparator circuitry on JACKSNS/AUX to detect voltage changes. JKMIC is valid if the microphone circuitry is enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> AUXEN must be set to 0 for jack detection to function. |                                         |
| HPMODE                   | <b>Headphone Amplifier Mode</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                         |
|                          | <b>HPMODE</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>Mode</b>                             |
|                          | 000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Stereo differential (clickless)         |
|                          | 001                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Mono (left) differential (clickless)    |
|                          | 010                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Stereo capacitorless (clickless)        |
|                          | 011                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Mono (left) capacitorless (clickless)   |
|                          | 100                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Stereo single-ended (clickless)         |
|                          | 101                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Mono (left) single-ended (clickless)    |
|                          | 110                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Stereo single-ended (fast turn-on)      |
|                          | 111                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Mono (left) single-ended (fast turn-on) |
|                          | <b>Note:</b> In mono operation, the right amplifier is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                         |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Power Management

The MAX9867 includes complete power management control to minimize power usage. The DAC and both ADC can be independently enabled so that only the

required circuitry is active. Toggle the  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  bit whenever a configuration change is made. Table 17 is the power-management register.

**Table 17. Power-Management Register**

| REGISTER        | B7                       | B6    | B5    | B4 | B3    | B2    | B1    | B0    | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|
| System Shutdown | $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ | LNLEN | LNREN | 0  | DALEN | DAREN | ADLEN | ADREN | 0x17             |

| BITS                     | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ | <b>Shutdown</b><br>Places the device in low-power shutdown mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| LNLEN                    | <b>Left-Line Input Enable</b><br>Enables the left-line input preamp and automatically enables the left and right headphone amplifiers. If LNREN = 0, the left-line input signal is also routed to the right ADC input mixer and right headphone amplifier.<br><b>Note:</b> Control of the right headphone amplifier can be overridden by HPMODE. |
| LNREN                    | <b>Right-Line Input Enable</b><br>Enables the right-line input preamp and automatically enables the right headphone amplifier.<br><b>Note:</b> Control of the right headphone amplifier can be overridden by HPMODE.                                                                                                                             |
| DALEN                    | <b>Left DAC Enable</b><br>Enables the left DAC and automatically enables the left and right headphone amplifiers. If DAREN = 0, the left DAC signal is also routed to the right headphone amplifier.<br><b>Note:</b> Control of the right headphone amplifier can be overridden by HPMODE.                                                       |
| DAREN                    | <b>Right DAC Enable</b><br>Enabling the right DAC must be done in the same I2C write operation that enables the left DAC. Right DAC operation requires DALEN = 1.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ADLEN                    | <b>Left ADC Enable</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| ADREN                    | <b>Right ADC Enable</b><br>Enabling the right ADC must be done in the same I2C write operation that enables the left ADC. The right ADC can be enabled while the left ADC is running if used for DC measurements. $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ must be toggled to disable the right ADC in this case. Right ADC operation requires ADLEN = 1.        |

## Revision Code

The MAX9867 includes a revision code to allow easy identification of the device revision. The revision code is 0x42. See Table 18 for the revision code register.

**Table 18. Revision Code Register**

| REGISTER | B7  | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 | REGISTER ADDRESS |
|----------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------------------|
| Revision | REV |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | 0xFF             |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## I<sup>2</sup>C Serial Interface

The MAX9867 features an I<sup>2</sup>C/SMBus-compatible, 2-wire serial interface consisting of a serial-data line (SDA) and a serial-clock line (SCL). SDA and SCL facilitate communication between the MAX9867 and the master at clock rates up to 400kHz. Figure 9 shows the 2-wire interface timing diagram. The master generates SCL and initiates data transfer on the bus. The master device writes data to the MAX9867 by transmitting the proper slave address followed by the register address and then the data word. Each transmit sequence is framed by a START (S) or REPEATED START (Sr) condition and a STOP (P) condition. Each word transmitted to the MAX9867 is 8 bits long and is followed by an acknowledge clock pulse. A master reading data from the MAX9867 transmits the proper slave address followed by a series of nine SCL pulses. The MAX9867 transmits data on SDA in sync with the master-generated SCL pulses. The master acknowledges receipt of each byte of data. Each read sequence is framed by a START or REPEATED START condition, a not acknowledge, and a STOP condition. SDA operates as both an input and an open-drain output. A pullup resistor, typically greater than 500Ω is required on SDA. SCL operates only as an input. A pullup resistor, typically greater than 500Ω, is

required on SCL if there are multiple masters on the bus, or if the single master has an open-drain SCL output. Series resistors in line with SDA and SCL are optional. Series resistors protect the digital inputs of the MAX9867 from high-voltage spikes on the bus lines, and minimize crosstalk, and undershoot of the bus signals.

## Bit Transfer

One data bit is transferred during each SCL cycle. The data on SDA must remain stable during the high period of the SCL pulse. Changes in SDA while SCL is high are control signals. See the *START and STOP Conditions* section.

## START and STOP Conditions

SDA and SCL idle high when the bus is not in use. A master initiates communication by issuing a START condition. A START condition is a high-to-low transition on SDA with SCL high. A STOP condition is a low-to-high transition on SDA while SCL is high (Figure 10). A START condition from the master signals the beginning of a transmission to the MAX9867. The master terminates transmission, and frees the bus, by issuing a STOP condition. The bus remains active if a REPEATED START condition is generated instead of a STOP condition.

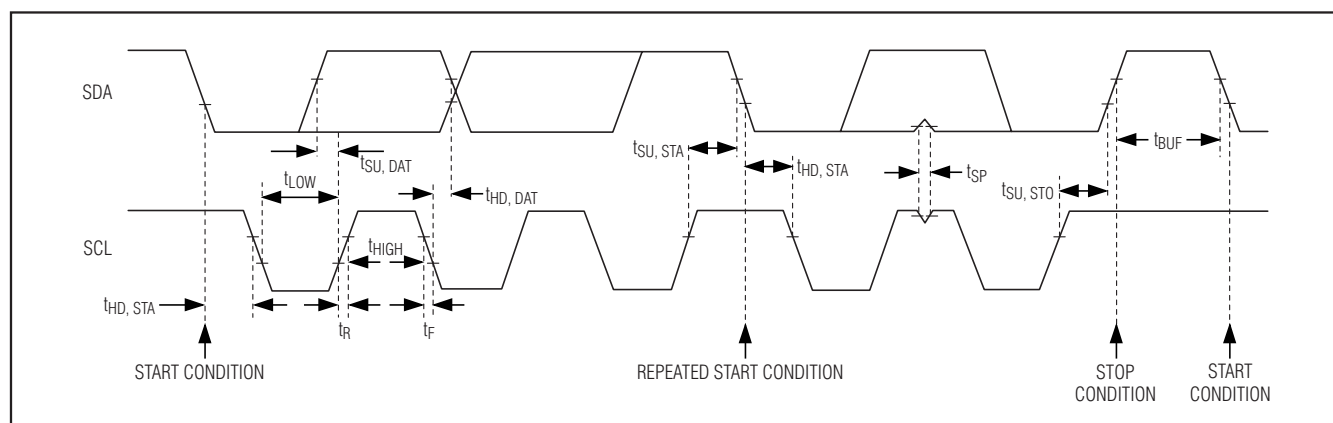


Figure 9. 2-Wire Interface Timing Diagram

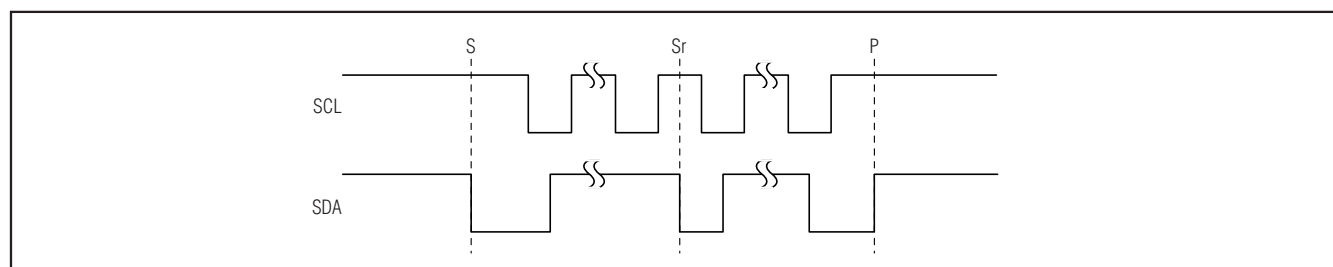


Figure 10. START, STOP, and REPEATED START Conditions

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Early STOP Conditions

The MAX9867 recognizes a STOP condition at any point during data transmission except if the STOP condition occurs in the same high pulse as a START condition. For proper operation, do not send a STOP condition during the same SCL high pulse as the START condition.

## Slave Address

The slave address is defined as the 7 most significant bits (MSBs) followed by the read/write bit. For the MAX9867, the 7 most significant bits are 0011000. Setting the read/write bit to 1 (slave address = 0x31) configures the MAX9867 for read mode. Setting the read/write bit to 0 (slave address = 0x30) configures the MAX9867 for write mode. The address is the first byte of information sent to the MAX9867 after the START condition.

## Acknowledge

The acknowledge bit (ACK) is a clocked 9th bit that the MAX9867 uses to handshake receipt each byte of data when in write mode (see Figure 11). The MAX9867 pulls

down SDA during the entire master-generated 9th clock pulse if the previous byte is successfully received. Monitoring ACK allows for detection of unsuccessful data transfers. An unsuccessful data transfer occurs if a receiving device is busy or if a system fault has occurred. In the event of an unsuccessful data transfer, the bus master retries communication. The master pulls SDA down during the 9th clock cycle to acknowledge receipt of data when the MAX9867 is in read mode. An acknowledge is sent by the master after each read byte to allow data transfer to continue. A not acknowledge is sent when the master reads the final byte of data from the MAX9867, followed by a STOP condition.

## Write Data Format

A write to the MAX9867 includes transmission of a START condition, the slave address with the R/W bit set to 0, 1 byte of data to configure the internal register address pointer, 1 or more bytes of data, and a STOP condition. Figure 12 illustrates the proper frame format for writing 1 byte of data to the MAX9867. Figure 13 illustrates the frame format for writing n bytes of data to the MAX9867.

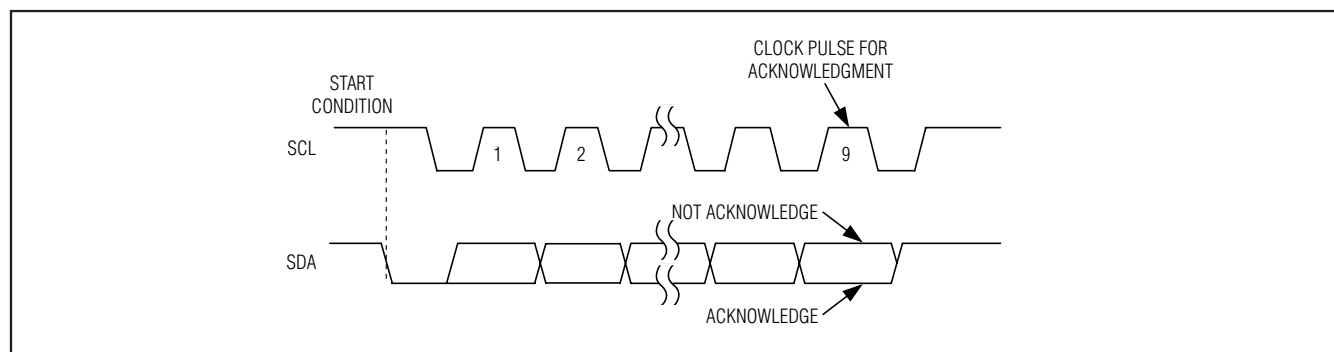


Figure 11. Acknowledge

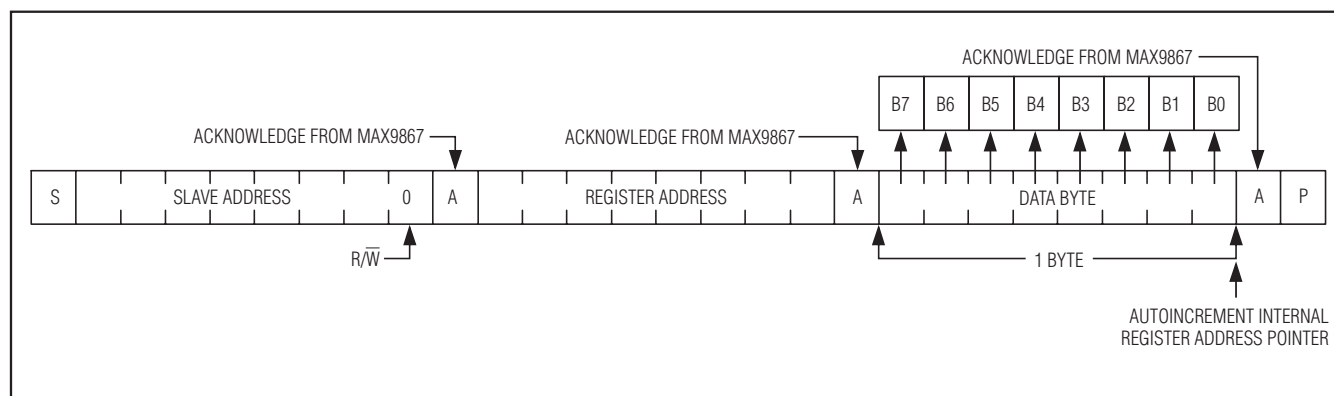


Figure 12. Writing 1 Byte of Data to the MAX9867

## Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

The slave address with the  $R/\bar{W}$  bit set to 0 indicates that the master intends to write data to the MAX9867. The MAX9867 acknowledges receipt of the address byte during the master-generated 9th SCL pulse.

The second byte transmitted from the master configures the MAX9867's internal register address pointer. The pointer tells the MAX9867 where to write the next byte of data. An acknowledge pulse is sent by the MAX9867 upon receipt of the address pointer data.

The third byte sent to the MAX9867 contains the data that is written to the chosen register. An acknowledge pulse from the MAX9867 signals receipt of the data byte. The address pointer autoincrements to the next register address after each received data byte. This autoincrement feature allows a master to write to sequential registers within one continuous frame. Figure 13 illustrates how to write to multiple registers with one frame. The master signals the end of transmission by issuing a STOP condition. Register addresses greater than 0x17 are reserved. Do not write to these addresses.

### Read Data Format

Send the slave address with the  $R/\bar{W}$  bit set to 1 to initiate a read operation. The MAX9867 acknowledges receipt of its slave address by pulling SDA low during the 9th SCL clock pulse. A START command followed by a read command resets the address pointer to register 0x00.

The first byte transmitted from the MAX9867 is the content of register 0x00. Transmitted data is valid on the rising edge of SCL. The address pointer autoincrements after each read data byte. This autoincrement feature allows all registers to be read sequentially within one continuous frame. A STOP condition can be issued after any number of read data bytes. If a STOP condition is issued followed by another read operation, the first data byte to be read is from register 0x00.

The address pointer can be preset to a specific register before a read command is issued. The master presets the address pointer by first sending the MAX9867's slave address with the  $R/\bar{W}$  bit set to 0 followed by the register address. A REPEATED START condition is then sent followed by the slave address with the  $R/\bar{W}$  bit set to 1. The MAX9867 then transmits the contents of the specified register. The address pointer autoincrements after transmitting the first byte.

The master acknowledges receipt of each read byte during the acknowledge clock pulse. The master must acknowledge all correctly received bytes except the last byte. The final byte must be followed by a not acknowledge from the master and then a STOP condition. Figure 14 illustrates the frame format for reading 1 byte from the MAX9867. Figure 15 illustrates the frame format for reading multiple bytes from the MAX9867.

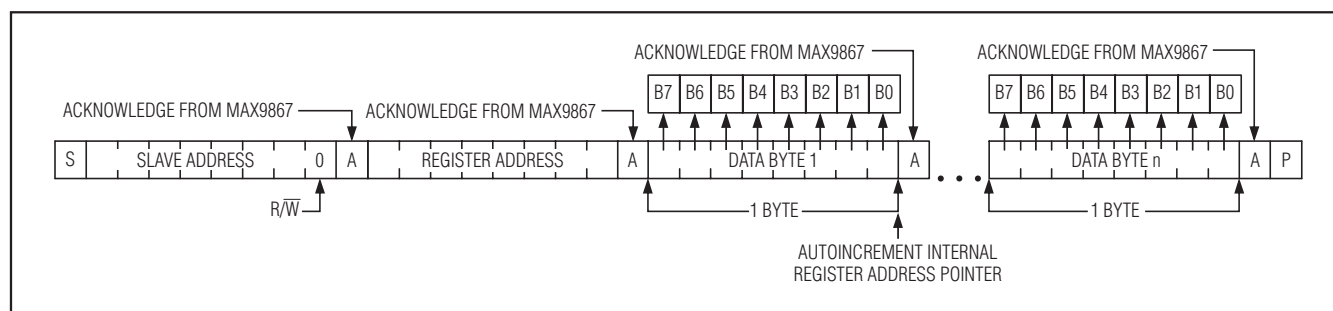


Figure 13. Writing  $n$  Bytes of Data to the MAX9867

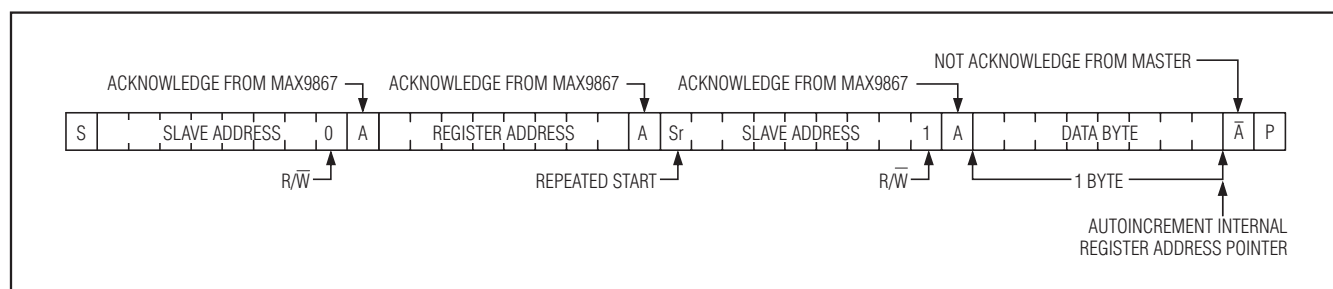


Figure 14. Reading 1 Byte of Data from the MAX9867

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

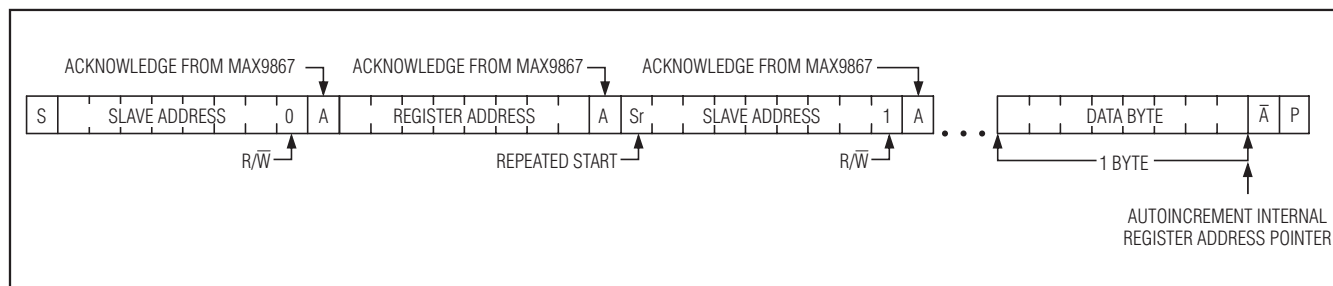


Figure 15. Reading  $n$  Bytes of Data from the MAX9867

## Applications Information

Proper layout and grounding are essential for optimum performance. When designing a PCB for the MAX9867, partition the circuitry so that the analog sections of the MAX9867 are separated from the digital sections. This ensures that the analog audio traces are not routed near digital traces.

Use a large continuous ground plane on a dedicated layer of the PCB to minimize loop areas. Connect AGND and DGND directly to the ground plane using the shortest trace length possible. Proper grounding improves audio performance, minimizes crosstalk between channels, and prevents any digital noise from coupling into the analog audio signals.

Ground the bypass capacitors on MICBIAS, REG, PREG, and REF directly to the ground plane with minimum trace length. Also be sure to minimize the path length to AGND. Bypass AVDD directly to AGND.

Connect all digital I/O termination to the ground plane with minimum path length to DGND. Bypass DVDD and DVDDIO directly to DGND.

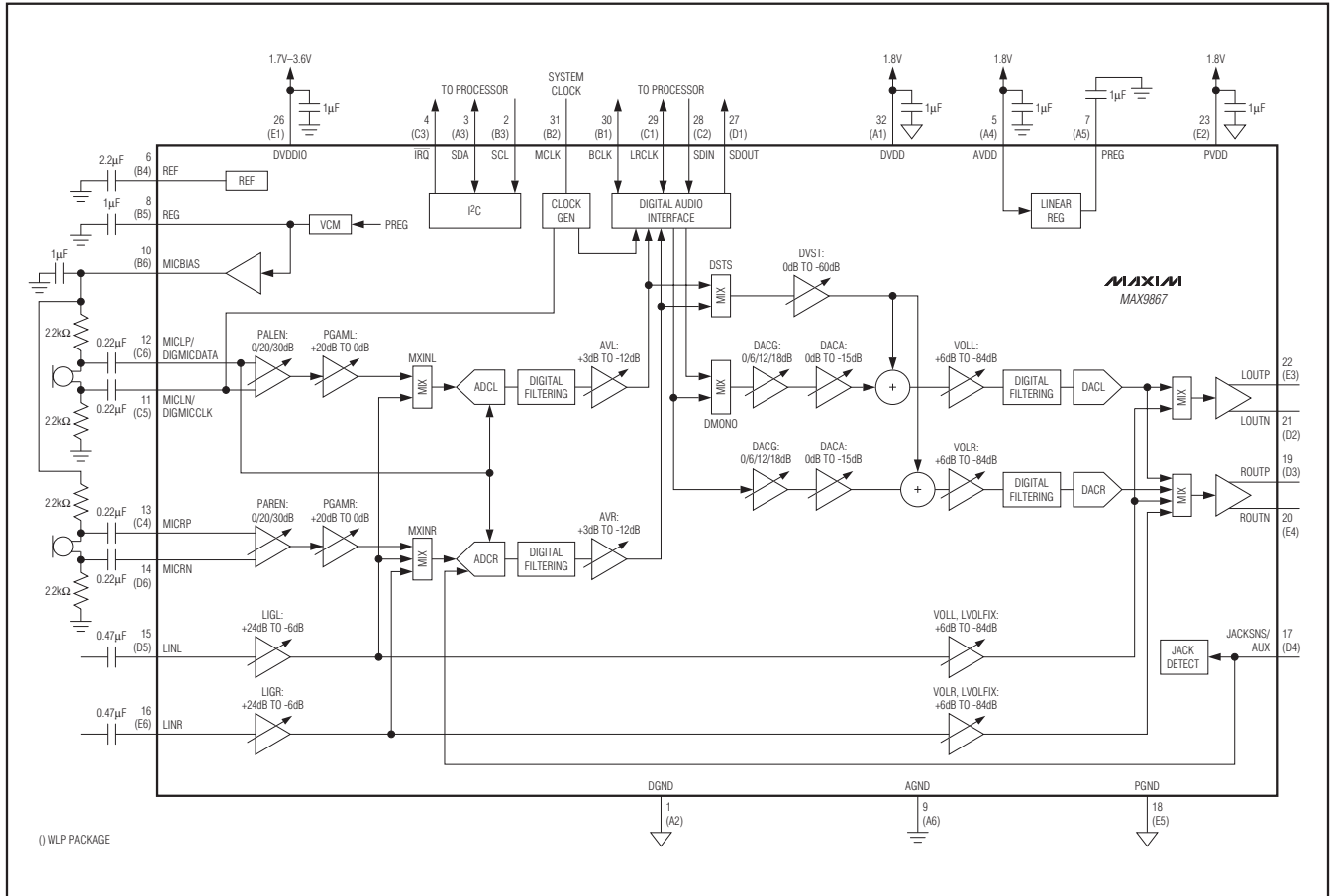
Route microphone signals from the microphone to the MAX9867 as a differential pair, ensuring that the positive and negative signals follow the same path as closely as possible with equal trace length. When using single-ended microphones or other single-ended audio sources, ground the negative microphone input as near as possible to the audio source and then treat the positive and negative traces as differential pairs.

The MAX9867 TQFN package features an exposed thermal pad on its underside. Connect the exposed thermal pad to AGND.

An evaluation kit (EV Kit) is available to provide an example layout for the MAX9867. The EV kit allows quick setup of the MAX9867 and includes easy-to-use software, allowing all internal registers to be controlled.

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

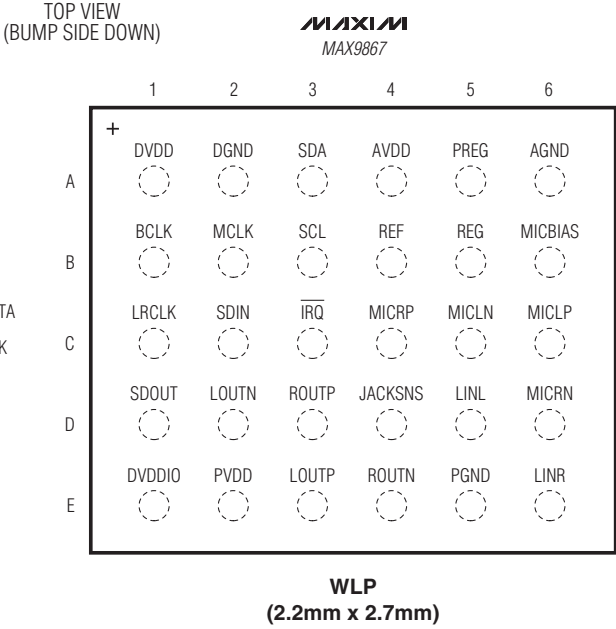
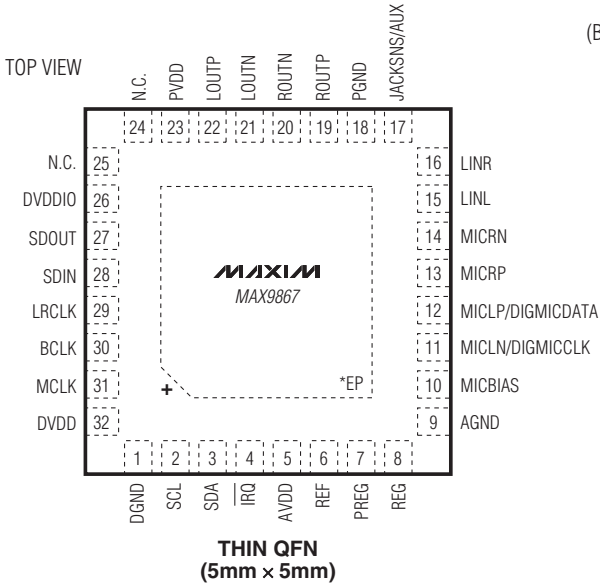
## Functional Diagram/Typical Operating Circuit



# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Pin Configurations

MAX9867

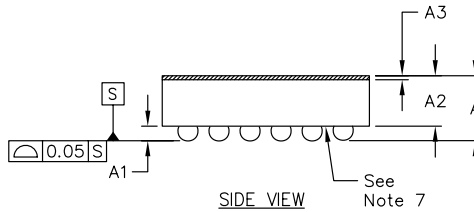
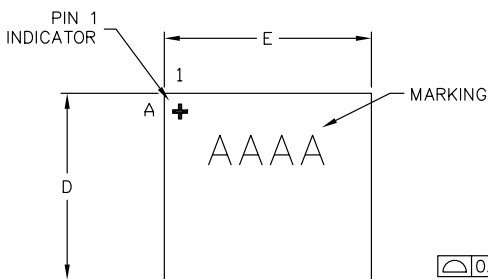


# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

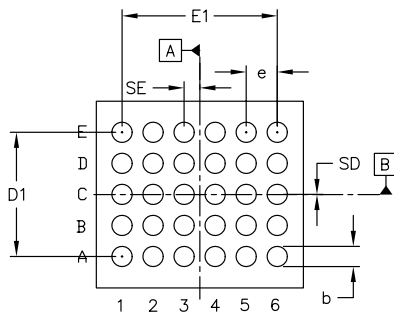
## Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE TYPE | PACKAGE CODE | OUTLINE NO.             | LAND PATTERN NO.        |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 30 WLP       | W302A2+3     | <a href="#">21-0211</a> | —                       |
| 32 TQFN-EP   | T3255+4      | <a href="#">21-0140</a> | <a href="#">90-0121</a> |



| COMMON DIMENSIONS |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| A                 | 0.64±0.05   |
| A1                | 0.21±0.03   |
| A2                | 0.43 REF    |
| A3                | 0.025 BASIC |
| b                 | 0.26±0.03   |
| D1                | 1.60        |
| E1                | 2.00        |
| e                 | 0.40 BASIC  |
| SD                | 0.00 BASIC  |
| SE                | 0.20 BASIC  |



| PKG. CODE | E    |      | D    |      | DEPOPULATED BUMPS |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|-------------------|
|           | MIN  | MAX  | MIN  | MAX  |                   |
| W302A2+1  | 2.61 | 2.73 | 2.31 | 2.44 | NONE              |
| W302A2+2  | 2.36 | 2.57 | 1.96 | 2.16 | NONE              |
| W302A2+3  | 2.57 | 2.77 | 2.16 | 2.36 | NONE              |
| W302B2+1  | 2.42 | 2.54 | 2.32 | 2.44 | NONE              |

### NOTES:

1. Terminal pitch is defined by terminal center to center value.
2. Outer dimension is defined by center lines between scribe lines.
3. All dimensions in millimeters.
4. Marking shown is for package orientation reference only.
5. Tolerance is ± 0.02mm unless specified otherwise.
6. All dimensions apply to PbFree (+) package codes only.
7. Front-side finish can be either Black or Clear.

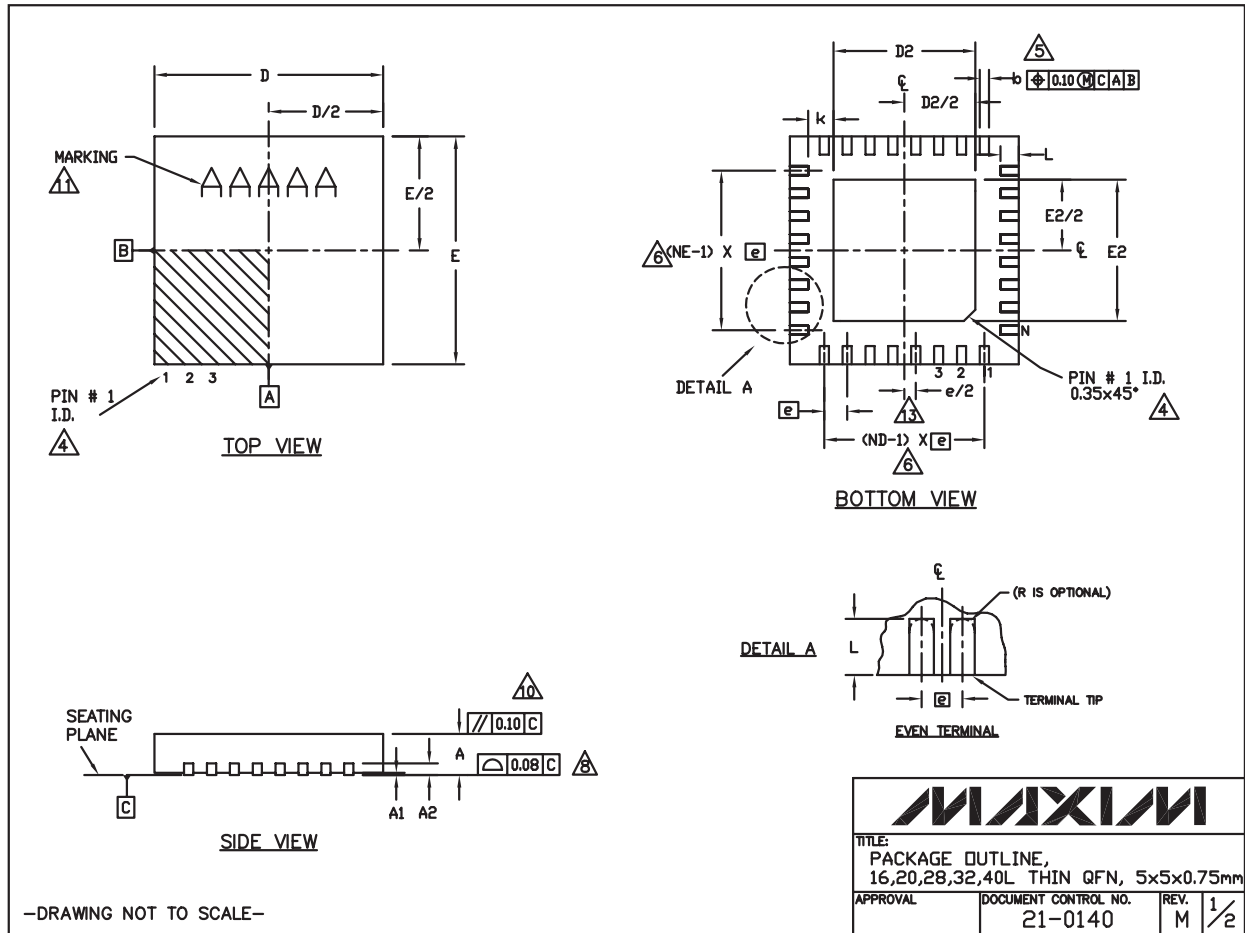
—DRAWING NOT TO SCALE—

|                                                             |                                 |            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| <b>MAXIM</b>                                                |                                 |            |
| TITLE:<br>PACKAGE OUTLINE<br>30 BUMPS, WLP PKG. 0.4mm PITCH |                                 |            |
| APPROVAL                                                    | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.<br>21-0211 | REV. D 1/1 |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Package Information (continued)

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.



QFN THIN EPS

MAX9867

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Package Information (continued)

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| COMMON DIMENSIONS |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |
|-------------------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|
| PKG.              | 16L 5x5   |      |      | 20L 5x5   |      |      | 28L 5x5   |      |      | 32L 5x5   |      |      | 40L 5x5   |      |      |
| SYMBOL            | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. |
| A                 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 |
| A1                | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| A2                | 0.20 REF. |      |      | 0.20 REF. |      |      | 0.20 REF. |      |      | 0.20 REF. |      |      | 0.20 REF. |      |      |
| b                 | 0.25      | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.25      | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.20      | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.20      | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.15      | 0.20 | 0.25 |
| D                 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 |
| E                 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 |
| e                 | 0.80 BSC. |      |      | 0.65 BSC. |      |      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      | 0.40 BSC. |      |      |
| k                 | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    |
| L                 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.45      | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.45      | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| N                 | 16        |      |      | 20        |      |      | 28        |      |      | 32        |      |      | 40        |      |      |
| ND                | 4         |      |      | 5         |      |      | 7         |      |      | 8         |      |      | 10        |      |      |
| NE                | 4         |      |      | 5         |      |      | 7         |      |      | 8         |      |      | 10        |      |      |
| JEDEC             | VHBB      |      |      | VHBC      |      |      | VHBD-1    |      |      | VHBD-2    |      |      | -----     |      |      |

### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
4. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JEDEC 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.
5. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
6. ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
8. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-3, T2855-6, T4055-1 AND T4055-2.
10. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.
11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.
12. NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
13. LEAD CENTERLINES TO BE AT TRUE POSITION AS DEFINED BY BASIC DIMENSION 'e', ±0.05.
14. ALL DIMENSIONS APPLY TO BOTH LEADED (-) AND PbFREE (+) PKG. CODES.

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

| EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| PKG. CODES             | D2   |      |      | E2   |      |      |
|                        | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. |
| T1655-2                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T1655-3                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T1655-4                | 2.19 | 2.29 | 2.39 | 2.19 | 2.29 | 2.39 |
| T165N-1                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T2055-3                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T2055-4                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T2055-5                | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2055MN-5              | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2855-3                | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2855-4                | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 |
| T2855-5                | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 |
| T2855-6                | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2855-7                | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 |
| T2855-8                | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2855N-1               | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T3255-3                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T3255-4                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T3255M-4               | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T3255-5                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T3255N-1               | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T4055-1                | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 |
| T4055-2                | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 |
| T4055N-1               | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 |
| T4055MN-1              | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 |

# MAXIM

|                                                                    |                                 |           |     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| TITLE:<br>PACKAGE OUTLINE,<br>16,20,28,32,40L THIN QFN, 5x5x0.75mm |                                 |           |     |
| APPROVAL                                                           | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.<br>21-0140 | REV.<br>M | 2/2 |

# Ultra-Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## Revision History

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION                                                                              | PAGES CHANGED |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 0               | 4/09          | Initial release                                                                          | —             |
| 1               | 5/10          | Added lead temperature and soldering temperatures, updated V <sub>OS</sub> specification | 2, 8          |
| 2               | 6/10          | Corrected error in TOC20                                                                 | 15            |

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